CONDENSED BALANCE SHEET AS AT JUNE 30, 2014

	Note	As at June 30, 2014	As at March 31, 2014
		(in ₹)	(In ₹)
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		()	·····/
Shareholders' funds			
Share capital	1	74,875,848	74,875,848
Reserves and surplus	2	39,102,441	4,976,476
	(A)	113,978,289	79,852,324
Share application money pending allotment	t (B)	9,378,918	-
Non-current liabilities			
Deferred tax liabilities	3	4,441,267	652,861
Deletted tax liabilities	(C)	4,441,267	652,861
	(6)	4,441,207	032,001
Current liabilities		0.004.005	10.075.007
Short-term borrowings	4	2,064,085	19,275,037
Trade payables	5	84,899,996	7,221,709
Other current liabilities	5	216,648	40.070.770
Short-term provisions	6	31,450,406	16,079,778
	(D)	118,631,135	42,576,524
TOTAL	(A)+(B)+(C)+(D)	246,429,609	123,081,709
ASSETS Non current assets			
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	7.1	39,914,105	37,974,441
Intangible assets	7.2	323,795	370,398
Capital work in progress		40,237,900	96,454 38,441,293
Long term loans and advances	8	3,911,302	3,833,475
Long term loans and advances		· ·	
	(A)	44,149,202	42,274,768
Current assets			
Trade receivables	9	2,255,760	67,183,081
Cash and bank balances	10	12,199,018	11,747,085
Short-term loans and advances	11	692,862	1,876,775
Other current assets	12	187,132,767	-
	(B)	202,280,407	80,806,941
TOTAL	(A)+(B)	246,429,609	123,081,709
Summary of significant accounting policies	19		
Cummary or significant accounting policies	13		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For JOSHI APTE & Co. Firm registration no. 104370W Chartered Accountants For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Persistent Systems Malaysia Sdn. Bhd.

per C.K. Joshi Dr. Anand Deshpande Rohit Kamat
Partner Director Director

Membership No. 030428

Place: Pune Place: Pune Place: Pune
Date: July 26, 2014 Date: July 26, 2014

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

	Note	For the quarter ended	For the period ended
		June 30, 2014	March 31, 2014
		(In ₹)	(In ₹)
Income			
Revenue from operations	13	189,657,991	69,629,177
Other income	14	22,683	-
Total revenue (A)		189,680,674	69,629,177
Expenses			
Employee benefit expense	15.1	49,592,624	45,122,146
Cost of technical professionals	15.2	77,732,014	2,387,666
Other expenses	16	8,509,577	10,764,775
Depreciation and amortization expense	7.3	4,674,803	4,048,053
Total expense (B)		140,509,018	62,322,640
Profit / (loss) before tax (A - B)		49,171,656	7,306,537
Tax expense			
Current tax		12,880,808	59,026
Deferred tax charge		3,774,286	676,410
Total tax expense		16,655,094	735,436
Profit / (loss) after tax		32,516,562	6,571,101
Earnings per equity share	20		
[nominal value of share MYR 1]			
previous period : MYR 1)]			
Basic (in ₹)		8.13	6.44
Diluted (in ₹)		8.12	6.44
Summary of significant accounting policies	19		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For JOSHI APTE & Co. Firm registration no. 104370W **Chartered Accountants**

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Persistent Systems Malaysia Sdn. Bhd.

per C.K. Joshi Partner Membership No. 030428 Place: Pune

Date :July 26, 2014

Rohit Kamat Dr. Anand Deshpande Director Director

Place: Pune Date :July 26, 2014 Place: Pune Date :July 26, 2014

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

		For the quarter ended	For the period ended
		June 30, 2014	March 31, 2014
Cook flow from anausting activities		(In ₹)	(In ₹)
Cash flow from operating activities Profit before tax		40 171 656	7 206 527
Adjustments for:		49,171,656	7,306,537
Depreciation and amortisation		4 674 902	4.040.052
Foreign currency translation reserve		4,674,803 697,237	4,048,053 (563,603)
,			(,)
Operating profit before working capital changes		54,543,696	10,790,987
Movements in working capital :			
(Increase)/ Decrease in trade receivables		64,927,321	(67,183,081)
(Increase) / Decrease in other current assets		(187,132,767)	-
Decrease / (Increase) in loans and advances		1,183,913	(5,710,250)
Increase / (Decrease) in current liabilities		60,683,983	1,769,857
Increase / (Decrease) in provisions		2,485,709	16,022,807
Operating profit after working capital changes		(3,308,145)	(44,309,680)
Direct taxes paid (net of refunds)		-	-
Net cash (used in) operating activities	(A)	(3,308,145)	(44,309,680)
Cash flow from investing activities			
Payment towards capital expenditure		(5,618,840)	(18,819,083)
Net cash (used in) investing activities	(B)	(5,618,840)	(18,819,083)
Cash flow from financing activities			
Proceeds from share application / issuance of share capital		9,378,918	74,875,848
Net cash generated from financing activities	(C)	9,378,918	74,875,848
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents (A + B + C)		451,933	11,747,085
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the reporting period/year		11,747,085	· · · ·
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the reporting period/year		12,199,018	11,747,085
(refer note 10)			
Components of cash and cash equivalents		June 30, 2014	March 31, 2014
Cash on hand		2,555	28,220
Balances with banks			
- on current account		12,196,463	11,718,865
Cash and cash equivalents in cash flow statement as per note 10		12,199,018	11,747,085
Summary of significant accounting policies (refer note 10)			
Summary of significant accounting policies (refer note 19)			

As per our report of even date

For JOSHI APTE & Co. Firm registration no. 104370W Chartered Accountants For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Persistent Systems Malaysia Sdn. Bhd.

per C.K. Joshi Dr. Anand Deshpande Rohit Kamat
Partner Director Director

Membership No. 030428

Place: Pune Place: Pune Place: Pune
Date :July 26, 2014 Date :July 26, 2014

Date :July 26, 2014

NOTES FORMING PART OF CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Share capital		As at	As at
		June 30, 2014	March 31, 2014
			(In ₹)
Authorised			
10,000,000 Equity shares of MYR 1 each (Previous period 10,000,000 Equity shares of MYR 1 each)		MYR 10,000,000	MYR 10,000,000
(Frevious period 10,000,000 Equity shares of Wirk Teach)			
	•	MYR 10,000,000	MYR 10,000,000
Issued, subscribed and paid-up			
4,000,000 Equity shares of 1 MYR each fully paid		74,875,848	74,875,848
(Previous period 4,000,000 Equity shares of MYR 1 each)			
All Shares are held by the Holding Company viz : Persistent Systems Limited.			
	-	74,875,848	74,875,848
	:	74,010,040	74,070,040
2. Reserves and surplus			
		As at	As at
		June 30, 2014	March 31, 2014
		(In ₹)	(In ₹)
A. Foreign currency translation reserve			
Balance as per the last financial statements		(1,594,625)	-
Add: Exchange difference during the reporting period on net investment in non-integral foreign operation		1,609,403	(1,594,625)
• • •			,
	(A)	14,778	(1,594,625)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
B. Profit and (loss) account		6,571,101	-
Balance as per the last financial statements		0,0,.0.	
Balance as per the last financial statements Profit / (loss) after tax for the reporting period		32,516,562	6,571,101
·	(B)	32,516,562 39,087,663	6,571,101 6,571,101

NOTES FORMING PART OF CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3. Deferred tax liabilities

	As at June 30, 2014	As at March 31, 2014
	(In ₹)	(In ₹)
Deferred tax liabilities -Difference in depreciation / amortization and other differences in block of tangible and intangible assets as per tax books and financial books		
tangisio and mangisio accord ac por tax socio and mandial socio	4,441,267	652,861
- -	4,441,267	652,861
4. Short term borrowings		
	As at	As at
	June 30, 2014	March 31, 2014
	(In ₹)	(In ₹)
Unsecured Loans and advances from related parties		
-Persistent Systems Limited	2,064,085	19,275,037
· -	2,064,085	19,275,037
5. Trade payables		
	As at June 30, 2014	As at March 31, 2014
	Julie 30, 2014 (In ₹)	March 31, 2014 (In ₹)
Trade payables	84,899,996	7,221,709
<u>-</u>	84,899,996	7,221,709
Other current liabilities	246 649	
-Advance from customers	216,648 216,648	<u> </u>
6. Short-term provisions		
	As at	As at
	June 30, 2014	March 31, 2014
	(In ₹)	(In ₹)
Provision for employee benefits		
-Other employee benefits	14,824,792	16,022,807
- Leave encashment	3,683,724	-
Others	40.044.000	FO 074
- Provision for Income tax (net of advance tax)	12,941,890 31,450,406	56,971 16,079,778
=	31,730,700	10,010,110

NOTES FORMING PART OF CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

7.1 Tangible assets

25,088,702 4,336,940 - 561,769 29,987,411 3,111,497 3,659,708 - - 64,009 6,835,214	Office equipments 129,183	Plant & Machinery 6,181,123 892,125 - 141,228 7,214,476 277,998 384,965 - 5,732 668,695	Leasehold Improvemen ts 2,441,041 86,876 50,810 2,578,727 75,755 105,985 1,562	7,989,045 399,353 - 167,948 8,556,346 374,532 462,339 - - 7,710	48,468,766 3,854,653 4,620,691 -
4,336,940 - 561,769 29,987,411 3,111,497 3,659,708 - 64,009 6,835,214	2,623 131,806 14,871 7,694 - - 304	892,125 - 141,228 7,214,476 277,998 384,965 - - 5,732	75,755 105,985 - 1,562	399,353 - 167,948 8,556,346 374,532 462,339 - -	5,715,294 - - 924,378 48,468,766 3,854,653 4,620,691 -
4,336,940 - 561,769 29,987,411 3,111,497 3,659,708 - 64,009 6,835,214	2,623 131,806 14,871 7,694 - - 304	892,125 - 141,228 7,214,476 277,998 384,965 - - 5,732	75,755 105,985 - 1,562	399,353 - 167,948 8,556,346 374,532 462,339 - -	5,715,294 - - 924,378 48,468,766 3,854,653 4,620,691 -
3,111,497 3,659,708 - 64,009 6,835,214	131,806 14,871 7,694 - - 304	141,228 7,214,476 277,998 384,965 - - 5,732	75,755 105,985 - 1,562	374,532 462,339	924,378 48,468,766 3,854,653 4,620,691
3,111,497 3,659,708 - - 64,009 6,835,214	131,806 14,871 7,694 - - 304	7,214,476 277,998 384,965 5,732	2,578,727 75,755 105,985 1,562	8,556,346 374,532 462,339 -	48,468,766 3,854,653 4,620,691 -
3,111,497 3,659,708 - - 64,009 6,835,214	131,806 14,871 7,694 - - 304	7,214,476 277,998 384,965 5,732	2,578,727 75,755 105,985 1,562	8,556,346 374,532 462,339 -	48,468,766 3,854,653 4,620,691 -
3,111,497 3,659,708 - - 64,009 6,835,214	131,806 14,871 7,694 - - 304	7,214,476 277,998 384,965 5,732	2,578,727 75,755 105,985 1,562	8,556,346 374,532 462,339 -	48,468,766 3,854,653 4,620,691 -
3,111,497 3,659,708 - - 64,009 6,835,214	14,871 7,694 - - 304	277,998 384,965 - - - 5,732	75,755 105,985 - - - 1,562	374,532 462,339 - -	3,854,653 4,620,691 - -
3,659,708 - - - 64,009 6,835,214	7,694 - - 304	384,965 - - 5,732	105,985 - - 1,562	462,339 - -	4,620,691 - -
3,659,708 - - - 64,009 6,835,214	7,694 - - 304	384,965 - - 5,732	105,985 - - 1,562	462,339 - -	4,620,691 - -
3,659,708 - - - 64,009 6,835,214	- - 304	384,965 - - 5,732	105,985 - - 1,562	462,339 - -	4,620,691 - -
6,835,214			- - 1,562	-	- -
6,835,214				- 7,710	-
6,835,214				7,710	70.047
	22,869	668,695			79,317
			183,302	844,581	8,554,661
23,152,197	108,937	6,545,781	2,395,425	7,711,765	39,914,105
21,977,205	114,312	5,903,125	2,365,286	7,614,513	37,974,441
- 25 790 450	-	- 6 262 424	- 2 515 676	- 9 222 074	-
25,760,459	132,000	0,302,431	2,515,676	0,223,974	43,015,346
(691 757)	(3 623)	(181 308)	(74 635)	(234 929)	(1,186,252)
25,088,702	129,183	6,181,123	2,441,041	7,989,045	41,829,094
-	-	-	-	-	-
3,223,733	15,407	288,026	78,488	388,042	3,993,696
· · · · -		· <u>-</u>		-	· · · -
					-
(112,236)	(536)	(10,028)	(2,733)	(13,510)	(139,043)
3,111,497	14,871	277,998	75,755	374,532	3,854,653
21,977,205	114,312	5,903,125	2,365,286	7,614,513	37,974,441
-	-	-	-	-	-
(This o	naca ia intentionall	v loft blook)			
_	25,780,459 - (691,757) 25,088,702 - 3,223,733 - (112,236) 3,111,497 21,977,205 -	21,977,205 114,312 -	23,152,197	23,152,197	23,152,197

NOTES FORMING PART OF CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

7.2 Intangible assets

		Coffee	(In ₹)
		Software	Total
Gross Block			
As at April 01, 2014		422,863	422,863
Additions		-	-
Disposals		-	-
Other Adjustments			
- Exchange differences		8,585	8,585
As at June 30, 2014		431,448	431,448
Depreciation			
As at April 01, 2014		52,465	52,465
charge for the period		54,112	54,112
Disposals		-	=
Other Adjustments			
- Exchange differences		1,076	1,076
As at June 30, 2014		107,653	107,653
Net Block			
As at June 30, 2014		323,795	323,795
As at March 31, 2014		370,398	370,398
Gross Block			
As at April 01, 2013		_	-
Additions		434,147	434,147
Disposals		-	-
Other Adjustments			
- Exchange differences		(11,284)	(11,284)
As at March 31, 2014		422,863	422,863
Amortization			
As at April 01, 2013		-	=
charge for the period		54,357	54,357
Disposals		-	-
Other Adjustments			
- Exchange differences		(1,892)	(1,892)
As at March 31, 2014		52,465	52,465
Net Block		070.000	070.000
As at March 31, 2014		370,398	370,398
As at March 31, 2013		-	-
7.3 Depreciation and amortization			(In ₹)
production and amortization	For the qua	arter ended	For the period ended
	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2013	March 31, 2014
On tangible assets	4,620,691	0	3 003 606
On intangible assets	54,112	-	3,993,696 54,357
On manyibio assets	4,674,803	0	54,357 4,048,053
	4,074,803	U	4,040,033

NOTES FORMING PART OF CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

8. Long term loans and advances

	As at June 30, 2014	As at March 31, 2014
	(In ₹)	(In ₹)
Security deposit (Unsecured, considered good)	3,911,302	3,833,475
=	3,911,302	3,833,475
9. Trade receivables		
	As at	As at
	June 30, 2014 (In ₹)	March 31, 2014 (In ₹)
Trade receivables (Unsecured)		
Outstanding for a period exceeding six months from the date they are due for payment	-	-
Others - Unsecured Considered good	2 255 760	67 102 001
- Offsecured Considered good =	2,255,760 2,255,760	67,183,081 67,183,081
10. Cash and bank balances		
	As at	As at
	June 30, 2014 (In ₹)	March 31, 2014 (In ₹)
Cash and cash equivalents as presented in cash flow statement Balances with banks		
-On current accounts	12,196,463	11,718,865
-Cash on hand =	2,555 12,199,018	28,220 11,747,085
11. Short-term loans and advances		
	As at June 30, 2014	As at March 31, 2014
	(In ₹)	(In ₹)
Advances recoverable in cash or kind or for value to be received	692,862 692,862	1,876,775 1,876,775
12. Other current assets		
12. Other current assets	As at	As at
12. Other current assets	As at June 30, 2014 (In ₹)	As at March 31, 2014 (In ₹)
12. Other current assets Unbilled revenue	June 30, 2014	March 31, 2014

NOTES FORMING PART OF CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

13. Revenue from operations

	For the quarter ended June 30, 2014 (In ₹)	For the period ended March 31, 2014 (In ₹)
Sale of software services (net)	189,657,991	69,629,177
	189,657,991	69,629,177
14. Other income		
	For the quarter ended June 30, 2014 (In ₹)	For the period ended March 31, 2014 (In ₹)
Excess provision write back	22,683 22,683	<u>-</u>
15. Personnel expenses		
	For the quarter ended June 30, 2014 (In ₹)	For the period ended March 31, 2014 (In ₹)
15.1 Employee benefit expenses		, ,
Salaries and wages	42,204,120	38,399,499
Defined contribution to other funds	5,074,273	4,348,131
Staff welfare and benefits	2,314,231 49,592,624	2,374,516
	49,592,624	45,122,146
15.2 Cost of technical professionals		
Technical professionals - related parties	74,689,973	-
Technical professionals - others	3,042,041	2,387,666
	77,732,014	2,387,666
	127,324,638	47,509,812

NOTES FORMING PART OF CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

16. Other expenses

	For the quarter ended	For the period ended	
	June 30, 2014 (In ₹)	March 31, 2014 (In ₹)	
Travelling and conveyance	789,346	1,778,270	
Electricity expenses	1,169,850	921,068	
Communication expenses	156,533	54,252	
Internet Link Expenses	463,571	· -	
Recruitment expenses	81,734	82,121	
Training and seminars	81,546	99,010	
Insurance	27,051	27,152	
Rent	3,177,875	3,676,288	
Rates, fees and profession tax	1,458	194,236	
Legal and professional fees	940,708	1,122,508	
Repairs and maintenance			
-Plant and Machinery	757,605	355,740	
-Building	-	245,109	
- Others	15,586	789,732	
Foreign exchange loss (net)	96,574	22,716	
Advertisements, sponsorship fees	30,706	-	
Computer consumables	1,762	9,101	
Auditors' remuneration	113,396	415,732	
Miscellaneous expenses	604,276	971,740	
·	8,509,577	10,764,775	

17. Nature of operations

Persistent Systems Malaysia Sdn. Bhd. is a Malaysia based wholly owned subsidiary of Persistent Systems Ltd. The Company is specializing in software products, services and technology innovation. It is engaged in development of software in the network monitoring space which enables the network administrators to optimize their networks, and telecom service providers to maximize their return on investments. The Company has been incorporated on 17th September 2013 and the operations have commenced from 1st January 2014.

18. Basis of preparation

The condensed financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in India (Indian GAAP) to comply in all material respects with the Accounting Standard notified under the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006, (as amended) and the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (to the extent notified). These condensed financial statements are prepared on an accrual basis and under the historical cost convention except derivative financial instruments which have been measured at fair value. The accounting policies are consistently applied by the Company during the period and are consistent with those used in previous period/year.

The condensed interim financial statements for the quarter ended on June 30, 2014 have been prepared in accordance with Accounting Standard 25 notified by Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, (as amended) 2006. The form and content in these condensed financial statements conform to the requirements as applicable to annual complete set of financial statements.

19. Summary of significant accounting policies

(a) Accounting year

The accounting year of the Company is from April 01 to March 31.

(b) Functional currency

The company's functional currency is Malaysian Ringgit (MYR)

(c) Use of estimates

The preparation of the condensed financial statements in conformity with the Indian GAAP requires the management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenue, expenses, assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent liabilities at the end of reporting period. Although these estimates are based on the management's best knowledge of current events and actions, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in the outcomes requiring a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets or liabilities in future periods.

(d) Tangible fixed assets

Tangible assets are stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. The cost comprises the purchase price and any attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use. Any trade discounts and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price. Capital work-in-progress includes cost of fixed assets that are not ready to be put to use.

Subsequent expenditure related to an item of fixed asset is added to its book value only if it increases the future benefits from the existing asset beyond its previously assessed standard of performance. All other expenses on existing fixed assets, including day-to-day repair and maintenance expenditure and cost of replacing parts, are charged to the statement of profit and loss for the period during which such expenses are incurred.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of fixed assets are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognized in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognized.

(e) Intangible assets

(i) Acquired Intangible assets

Intangible assets including software licenses of enduring nature and contractual rights acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. Intangible assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment losses, if any. Cost comprises the purchase price and any attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use. Internally generated intangible assets, excluding capitalized development costs are reflected as expenditure in the statement of profit and loss in the reporting period in which these are incurred.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognized in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognized.

(ii) Research and development cost

Research costs are expensed as incurred. Development expenditure incurred on an individual project is recognized as an intangible asset when the Company can demonstrate:

- technical feasibility of completing the intangible asset so that it will be available for use or sale;
- its intention to complete the asset and use or sell it;
- its ability to use or sell the asset;
- how the asset will generate probable future economic benefits;
- the availability of adequate resources to complete the development and to use or sell the asset; and
- the ability to measure reliably the expenditure attributable to the intangible asset during development.

Such development expenditure, until capitalization, is reflected as intangibles under development.

Following the initial recognition, internally generated intangible assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Amortization of internally generated intangible asset commenced when the development is complete and the asset is available for use.

(f) Depreciation and amortization

Depreciation on tangible fixed assets is provided using the Straight Line Method ('SLM') over the useful lives of the assets estimated by the management.

The management estimates the useful lives for the fixed assets as follows:

Assets	Useful lives
Computers	3 years
Computers - Servers and networks*	3 years
Office equipments	5 years
Plant and equipment*	5 years
Furniture and fixtures*	5 years

*For these classes of assets, based on internal assessment the management believes that the useful lives as given above best represent the period over which the management expects to use these assets. Hence the useful lives of these assets are different from the useful lives as prescribed under Part C of Schedule II of the Companies Act 2013.

Individual assets whose cost does not exceed ₹ 5,000 are fully depreciated in the year of acquisition.

Intangible assets are amortized on a straight line basis over their estimated useful lives commencing from the day the asset is made available for use.

(g) Impairment of tangible and intangible assets

The carrying amounts of assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date if there is any indication of impairment based on internal/external factors. An impairment loss is recognized wherever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the greater of the asset's net selling price and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and risks specific to the asset.

(h) Leases

Where the company is a lessee

Leases, where the lessor effectively retains substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership of the leased item, are classified as operating leases.

Operating lease payments are recognized as an expense in the statement of profit and loss on a straightline basis over the lease term.

(i) Investments

Investments which are readily realizable and intended to be held for not more than one year from the date on which such investments are made, are classified as current investments. All other investments are classified as long-term investments.

On initial recognition, all investments are measured at cost. The cost comprises purchase price and directly attributable acquisition charges such as brokerage, fees and duties.

Current investments are carried at lower of cost and fair value, determined on category of investment basis. Long-term investments presented as non-current investments are carried at cost. However, provision for diminution in value is made to recognize a decline, other than temporary decline, in the value of investments.

On disposal of an investment, the difference between its carrying amount and net disposal proceeds is charged or credited to the statement of profit and loss.

(j) Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized to the extent it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognized:

(i) Income from software products and services

Revenue from time and material engagements is recognized on time basis in accordance with the terms of the contracts with customers.

In case of fixed price contracts, revenue is recognized based on the milestones achieved as specified in the contracts, on proportionate completion basis.

Revenue from licensing of products is recognized on delivery of products.

Revenue from royalty is recognized on sale of products in accordance with the terms of the relevant agreements.

Revenue from maintenance contracts is recognized on a pro-rata basis over the period of the contract.

Unbilled revenue represents revenue recognized in relation to work done on time and material projects and fixed price projects until the balance sheet date for which billing has not taken place.

Unearned revenue represents the billing in respect of contracts for which the revenue is not recognized.

The company collects goods and services tax (GST) on behalf of the government and, therefore, it is not an economic benefit flowing to the company. Hence, it is excluded from revenue.

(ii) Interest

Interest income is recognized on a time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the rate applicable. Interest income is included under the head 'Other income' in the statement of profit and loss.

(iii) Dividends

Dividend income is recognized when the Company's right to receive dividend is established by the reporting date. Dividend income is included under the head 'Other income' in the statement of profit and loss.

(k) Foreign currency translation

(i) Foreign currency transactions and balances

Initial recognition

Foreign currency transactions are recorded in the functional currency viz. MYR, by applying to the foreign currency amount the exchange rate between the reporting currency and the foreign currency at the date of the transaction.

Conversion

The transactions are in MYR, which are converted for reporting in Indian currency on the following basis. The equity share capital is translated on the date of transaction and fixed assets are translated at the closing rate as at the date of the balance sheet. All current assets and current liabilities are translated at the closing rate as at the date of the balance sheet. All Income and Expense items are converted at weighted average of Inter Bank Selling Rate for the period.

The exchange difference arising out of the period end conversion is translated to Currency Translation Reserve and the said amount is shown under the head "Reserves and Surplus".

Settlement

Revenue, and expenses denominated in foreign currencies are translated using the exchange rate in effect on the date of the transaction. Transaction gains or losses realized upon settlement of foreign currency transactions are included in determining net profit or loss for the period in which the transaction is settled.

(I) Retirement and other employee benefits

Leave encashment

Accumulated leave, which is expected to be utilized within the next twelve months, is treated as short-term employee benefit. The Company measures the expected cost of such absences as the additional amount that it expects to pay as a result of the unused entitlement that has accumulated at the reporting date.

The Company presents the entire leave encashment liability as a current liability in the balance sheet, since it does not have an unconditional right to defer its settlement for twelve months after the reporting date.

(m) Income taxes

Tax expense comprises of current and deferred tax. Current income tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid to the tax authorities in accordance with Malaysian Income tax Act, 1967. The tax

rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date.

Deferred income taxes reflect the impact of timing differences between taxable income and accounting income originating during the current reporting period and reversal of timing differences of earlier reporting periods. Deferred tax is measured based on the tax rates and the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent that there is reasonable certainty that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realized. In situations where the Company has unabsorbed depreciation or carry forward tax losses, all deferred tax assets are recognized only if there is virtual certainty supported by convincing evidence that they can be realized against future taxable profits.

At each reporting date, the Company re-assesses unrecognized deferred tax assets. It recognizes unrecognized deferred tax assets to the extent that it has become reasonably certain or virtually certain, as the case may be that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realized.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date. The Company writes-down the carrying amount of a deferred tax asset to the extent that it is no longer reasonably certain or virtually certain, as the case may be, that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which deferred tax asset can be realized. Any such write-down is reversed to the extent that it becomes reasonably certain or virtually certain, as the case may be, that sufficient future taxable income will be available.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset, if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

(n) Earnings per share (EPS)

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for events such as bonus issue, bonus element in a rights issue, share split, and reverse share split (consolidation of shares), if any occurred during the reporting period, that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without a corresponding change in resources.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit for the period attributable to the equity shareholders and the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period, are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

(o) Provisions

A provision is recognized when the Company has a present obligation as a result of past event; it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made. Provisions are not discounted to its present value and are determined based on the best estimate required to settle the obligation at the reporting date. These estimates are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

(p) Contingent liabilities

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the Company or a present obligation that is not recognized because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. A contingent liability also arises in extremely rare cases where there is a liability that cannot be recognized because it cannot be measured reliably. The Company does not recognize a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the condensed financial statements.

(q) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the cash flow statement comprise cash at bank and in hand and short term deposits with an original maturity period of three months or less.

20. Calculation of earnings per share

(Amount in ₹)

Particulars		For the quarter ended June 30, 2014	For the period ended March 31, 2014
Basic and diluted Earnings per share (After exceptional and prior period Items)			
Numerator Net Profit / (loss) after tax and after exceptional items	A	32,516,562	6,571,101
Denominator for Basic EPS Weighted average number of ordinary shares	В	4,000,000	1,020,415
Denominator for Diluted EPS Weighted average number of ordinary shares	С	4,005,485	4,000,000
Basic Earnings per share (Face Value of MYR 1 each)	A/B	8.13	6.44
Diluted Earnings per share (Face Value of MYR 1 each)	A/C	8.12	6.44

21. Previous period comparatives

The company has been incorporated as on 17th September 2013 and operations have commenced from 1st January 2014. Previous period figures have been regrouped wherever necessary.

As per our report of even date

For Joshi Apte &Co., Firm registration no. 104370W Chartered Accountants For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Persistent Systems Malaysia Sdn. Bhd.

per C.K. Joshi Partner

Membership No.030428

Place: Pune

Date: July 26, 2014

Dr. Anand Deshpande Rohit Kamat Director Director

Place: Pune Place: Pune

Date: July 26, 2014 Date: July 26, 2014