CONDENSED BALANCE SHEET AS AT SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

| | Note | As at | As at | As at |
|--|-----------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------|
| | | September 30, 2017 | September 30, 2016 | March 31, 2017 |
| | | (In ₹) | (In ₹) | (In ₹) |
| ASSETS | | | | |
| Non current assets | | | | |
| Property, Plant and Equipment | 5.1 | 60,438,010 | 60,909,144 | 55,789,572 |
| Other Intangible assets | 5.2 | - | 14,110 | 5,068 |
| | (A) _ | 60,438,010 | 60,923,254 | 55,794,640 |
| Current assets | | | | |
| Financial assets | | | | |
| -Trade receivables | 6 | 83,902,291 | 69,446,004 | 88,646,133 |
| -Cash and cash equivalents | 7 | 187,560,406 | 156,781,446 | 138,472,127 |
| -Loans | 8 | 153,931 | 148,822 | 138,584 |
| Other current financial assets | 9 | 11,225,050 | 4,327,679 | 5,286,858 |
| Other current assets | 10 | 9,004,002 | 8,014,295 | 13,125,185 |
| | (B) | 291,845,680 | 238,718,246 | 245,668,887 |
| TOTAL | (A)+(B) | 352,283,690 | 299,641,500 | 301,463,527 |
| EQUITY AND LIABILITIES | | | | |
| EQUITY | | | | |
| Equity share capital | 4 | 97,467,000 | 97,467,000 | 97,467,000 |
| Other equity | · | 110,920,960 | 82,751,293 | 71,266,342 |
| - man - quant | (A) | 208,387,960 | 180,218,293 | 168,733,342 |
| LIABILITIES | (· · / _ | ,, | , ., | , |
| Current liabilities | | | | |
| Financial liabilities | | | | |
| -Borrowings | 11 | 4,504,228 | 3,189,292 | 3,194,008 |
| -Trade payables | 12 | 51,139,441 | 30,331,704 | 38,290,178 |
| Other current liabilities | 13 | 17,918,245 | 28,261,695 | 39,603,831 |
| Provisions | 14 | 26,338,245 | 26,778,613 | 25,846,369 |
| Current Tax Liabilities (Net) | _ | 43,995,571 | 30,861,903 | 25,795,799 |
| | (B) | 143,895,730 | 119,423,207 | 132,730,185 |
| TOTAL | (A)+(B) | 352,283,690 | 299,641,500 | 301,463,527 |
| | (~)·(~) | | | .,, |
| Summary of significant accounting policies | 3 | | | |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed financial statements

As per our report of even date

For JOSHI APTE & Co. Firm registration no. 104370W **Chartered Accountants**

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Persistent Systems France SAS

per C.K. Joshi Partner Membership No. 030428

Place: Pune Date : October 15, 2017 Dr. Anand Deshpande Arnaud Pierrel Director General Director

Place: Pune Place: Grenoble Date : October 15, 2017

Date : October 15, 2017

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE QUARTER AND HALF YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

| | Note | For the quarter | r ended | For the half ye | ear ended | For the year ended |
|--|-----------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | | September 30, 2017 | September 30, 2016 | September 30, 2017 | September 30, 2016 | March 31, 2017 |
| - | | (In ₹) |
| Income | | | | | | |
| Revenue from operations | 15 | 99,786,774 | 96,631,867 | 203,163,796 | 188,723,800 | 388,822,256 |
| Other income | 16 | (140,431) | (1,310) | 459,850 | 274,242 | (487,544) |
| Total revenue (A) | _ | 99,646,343 | 96,630,557 | 203,623,646 | 188,998,042 | 388,334,712 |
| Expenses | | | | | | |
| Employee benefits expense | 17.1 | 46,798,927 | 53,213,670 | 98,858,935 | 112,598,744 | 215,865,552 |
| Cost of technical professionals | 17.2 | 32,262,962 | 18,593,787 | 61,408,290 | 38,876,991 | 120,941,985 |
| Other expenses | 18 | 6,478,942 | 11,373,042 | 11,804,629 | 19,530,804 | 30,860,985 |
| Depreciation and amortization expense | 5.3 | 857,683 | 851,423 | 1,690,080 | 1,696,763 | 3,337,921 |
| Total expense (B) | _ | 86,398,514 | 84,031,922 | 173,761,934 | 172,703,302 | 371,006,443 |
| Profit before tax (A - B) | _ | 13,247,829 | 12,598,635 | 29,861,712 | 16,294,740 | 17,328,269 |
| Tax expense | _ | | | | | |
| Current tax | | 4,596,685 | 4,246,987 | 9,952,914 | 5,478,913 | 5,775,552 |
| Total tax expense | _ | 4,596,685 | 4,246,987 | 9,952,914 | 5,478,913 | 5,775,552 |
| Net profit for the period / year | _ | 8,651,144 | 8,351,648 | 19,908,798 | 10,815,827 | 11,552,717 |
| Items that will not be reclassified to profit or - Remeasurements of the defined benefit liabilities. | | - | - | - | - | - |
| - Tax effect on remeasurements of the defined b | penefit liabilities / | - | - | - | - | - |
| | | - | - | | - | - |
| Items that may be reclassified to profit or los | ss (E) | | | | | |
| Effective portion of cash flow hedge | _ | - | - | - | - | - |
| - Exchange differences in translating the financi | al statements of | 8,634,098 | (13,387,135) | 19,745,820 | (2,275,413) | (14,497,254) |
| | = | 8,634,098 | (13,387,135) | 19,745,820 | (2,275,413) | (14,497,254) |
| Total comprehensive income for the period / | .voar (C) + (D) + | | | | | |
| (E) | year (C) + (D) + | 17,285,242 | (5,035,487) | 39,654,618 | 8,540,414 | (2,944,537) |
| Earnings per equity share [nominal value of share Euro 1 (Corresponding period and previous year : E | 19 | | | | | |
| Basic (in ₹) Diluted (in ₹) | | 5.77 5.77 | 5.57 5.57 | 13.27 13.27 | 7.21 7.21 | 7.70 7.70 |
| Summary of significant accounting policies | 3 | | | | | |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For JOSHI APTE & Co. Firm registration no. 104370W **Chartered Accountants**

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Persistent Systems France SAS

per C.K. Joshi Partner Membership No. 030428

Dr. Anand Deshpande Director

Arnaud Pierrel Director General

Place: Pune Date : October 15, 2017

Place: Pune Date : October 15, 2017

Place: Grenoble Date: October 15, 2017

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE HALF YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

| | | For the half yea | r ended Fo | or the year ended |
|---|-----|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| | | September 30, 2017 | September 30, 2016 | March 31, 2017 |
| | | (In ₹) | (In ₹) | (In ₹) |
| Cash flow from operating activities | | • | | |
| Profit before tax | | 29,861,712 | 16,294,740 | 17,328,269 |
| Adjustments for: | | | | |
| Depreciation and amortization expense | | 1,690,080 | 1,696,763 | 3,337,921 |
| Provision for doubtful debts | | - | - | 27,456 |
| Foreign currency translation reserve | | 21,898,917 | (1,482,623) | (10,295,259) |
| Operating profit before working capital changes | | 53,450,709 | 16,508,880 | 10,398,387 |
| Movements in working capital : | | | | |
| Decrease / (Increase) in trade receivables | | 4,743,650 | 27,168,223 | 8,676,604 |
| Decrease / (Increase) in other current assets | | (1,817,009) | 10,435,467 | 4,365,398 |
| Decrease / (Increase) in loans and advances | | (15,347) | 1,933 | 12,171 |
| (Decrease) / Increase in trade payables and current liabilities (including short term borrowings) | | (7,526,103) | (33,614,669) | (14,309,343) |
| (Decrease) / Increase in provisions | | 491,876 | (4,248,320) | (5,180,564) |
| Operating profit after working capital changes | | 49,327,776 | 16,251,514 | 3,962,653 |
| Direct taxes paid (net of refunds) | | - | (9,461,874) | (14,824,617) |
| Net cash generated from operating activities | (A) | 49,327,776 | 6,789,640 | (10,861,964) |
| Cash flow from investing activities | | | | |
| Payment towards capital expenditure | | (239,497) | (84,654) | (742,369) |
| Net cash (used in) investing activities | (B) | (239,497) | (84,654) | (742,369) |
| Cash flow from financing activities | | - | - | - |
| Net cash generated from financing activities | (C) | - | • | - |
| Net increase in cash and cash equivalents (A + B + C) | | 49,088,279 | 6,704,986 | (11,604,333) |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period/year | | 138,472,127 | 150,076,460 | 150,076,460 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period/year | _ | 187,560,406 | 156,781,446 | 138,472,127 |
| Components of cash and cash equivalents | | | | |
| Cash on hand | | - | - | - |
| Balances with banks | | | | |
| - on current account | _ | 187,560,406 | 156,781,446 | 138,472,127 |
| Cash and cash equivalents in cash flow statement as per note 7 | | 187,560,406 | 156,781,446 | 138,472,127 |

Summary of significant accounting policies (note 3)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For JOSHI APTE & Co. Firm registration no. 104370W Chartered Accountants For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Persistent Systems France SAS

per C.K. Joshi Partner

Manuel - ---

Membership No. 030428

Place: Pune

Date: October 15, 2017

Dr. Anand Deshpande

Director

Place: Pune

Date: October 15, 2017

Arnaud Pierrel

Director General

Place: Grenoble Date: October 15, 2017

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE HALF YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

A. Equity share capital

(Refer Note: 4) (In ₹)

| Balance as at April 1, 2017 | Changes in equity share capital during the period | Balance as at September 30, 2017 |
|-----------------------------|---|----------------------------------|
| | | |
| 97,467,000 | - | 97,467,000 |

(In ₹)

| Balance as at April 1, 2016 | Changes in equity share capital during the period | Balance as at September 30, 2016 |
|-----------------------------|---|----------------------------------|
| | | |
| 97,467,000 | - | 97,467,000 |

(In ₹)

| Balance as at April 1, 2016 | Changes in equity share capital during the year | Balance as at March 31, 2017 |
|-----------------------------|---|------------------------------|
| | | |
| 97,467,000 | 1 | 97,467,000 |

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE HALF YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

B. Other equity

(In ₹)

| | | | (111 €) | |
|---|----------------------|--|-------------|--|
| Particulars | Reserves and surplus | Items of other comprehensive income | | |
| | Retained earnings | Exchange differences on translating the financial statements | Total | |
| Balance as at April 1, 2017 | 74,380,625 | (3,114,283) | 71,266,342 | |
| Net profit for the period | 19,908,798 | - | 19,908,798 | |
| Other comprehensive income for the period | - | 19,745,820 | 19,745,820 | |
| Balance at September 30, 2017 | 94,289,423 | 16,631,537 | 110,920,960 | |

(In ₹)

| | Reserves and surplus | Items of other comprehensive income | (iii v) |
|---|----------------------|---|-------------|
| Particulars | Retained earnings | Exchange differences on translating the financial statements | Total |
| Balance as at April 1, 2016 | 62,827,908 | 11,382,971 | 74,210,879 |
| Net profit for the period | 10,815,827 | - | 10,815,827 |
| Other comprehensive income for the period | - | (2,275,413) | (2,275,413) |
| Balance at September 30, 2016 | 73,643,735 | 9,107,558 | 82,751,293 |

(In ₹)

| | | | (111 ×) | |
|---|--|----------------------|--------------|--|
| Particulars | Reserves and surplus Items of other comprehensive income | | | |
| | | Exchange | Total | |
| | Retained earnings | differences on | | |
| | | translating the | | |
| | | financial statements | | |
| Balance as at April 1, 2016 | 62,827,908 | 11,382,971 | 74,210,879 | |
| Net profit for the year | 11,552,717 | - | 11,552,717 | |
| Other comprehensive income for the period | - | (14,497,254) | (14,497,254) | |
| Balance at March 31, 2017 | 74,380,625 | (3,114,283) | 71,266,342 | |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For JOSHI APTE & Co. Firm registration no. 104370W Chartered Accountants For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Persistent Systems France SAS

per C.K. Joshi Partner

Membership No. 030428

Place: Pune

Date: October 15, 2017

Dr. Anand Deshpande

Director

Place: Pune

Date: October 15, 2017

Arnaud Pierrel Director General

Place: Grenoble

Date: October 15, 2017

NOTES FORMING PART OF CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Nature of operations

Persistent Systems France SAS ("the Company) is a wholly owned subsidiary of Persistent Systems Ltd. The Company is specializing in software products, services and technology innovation in the Life Sciences domain.

2. Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared on an accrual basis and under the historical cost convention except for certain financial instruments which have been measured at fair value. The accounting policies are consistently applied by the Company during the year and are consistent with those used in previous period / year.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Ind AS 34 Interim Financial Reporting as notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 read with Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013.

3. Summary of significant accounting policies

(a) Accounting year

The accounting year of the Company is from April 01 to March 31

(b) Functional currency

The Company's functional currency is Euro

(c) Use of estimates

The preparation of the condensed financial statements in conformity with the Ind AS requires the management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenue, expenses, assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent liabilities at the end of reporting period. Although these estimates are based on the management's best knowledge of current events and actions, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in the outcomes requiring a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets or liabilities in future periods.

Critical accounting estimates

i) Revenue recognition

The Company uses the percentage-of-completion method in accounting for its fixed-price contracts. Use of the percentage-of-completion method requires the Company to estimate the efforts or costs expended to date as a proportion of the total efforts or costs to be expended. Efforts or costs expended have been used to measure progress towards completion. Provisions for estimated losses, if any, on uncompleted contracts are recorded in the period in which such losses become probable based on the expected contract estimates at the reporting date.

ii) Income taxes

The Company's tax jurisdictions is France. Significant judgements are involved in determining the provision for income taxes.

NOTES FORMING PART OF CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

iii) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment represent a significant proportion of the asset base of the Company. The charge in respect of depreciation is derived after determining an estimate of an asset's expected useful life and the expected residual value at the end of its life. The useful lives and residual values of

Company's assets are determined by management at the time the asset is acquired and reviewed periodically. The lives are based on historical experience with similar assets as well as anticipation of future events, which may impact their life, such as changes in technology.

iv) Provisions

Provisions are determined based on the best estimate required to settle the obligation at the reporting date. If the effect of time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects the risks specific to the liability. These estimates are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

(d) Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, Plant and Equipment are stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. The cost comprises the purchase price and directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use. Any trade discounts and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price. Capital work-in-progress includes cost of fixed assets that are not ready to be put to use.

Subsequent expenditure related to an item of Property, Plant and Equipment is added to its book value only if it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company. All other expenses on existing Property, Plant and Equipment, including day-to-day repair and maintenance expenditure and cost of replacing parts, are charged to the statement of profit and loss for the year during which such expenses are incurred.

Gains or losses arising from disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognized in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is disposed.

(e) Intangible assets

(i) Acquired Intangible assets

Intangible assets including software licenses of enduring nature and contractual rights acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. Intangible assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment losses, if any. Cost comprises the purchase price and any attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use.

Gains or losses arising from disposal of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognized in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is disposed.

(ii) Research and development cost

Research costs are expensed as incurred. Development expenditure incurred on an individual project is recognized as an intangible asset when the Company can demonstrate:

- technical feasibility of completing the intangible asset so that it will be available for use or sale;
- its intention to complete the asset;
- its ability to use or sell the asset;
- how the asset will generate probable future economic benefits;
- the availability of adequate resources to complete the development and to use or sell the asset; and
- the ability to measure reliably the expenditure attributable to the intangible asset during development.

NOTES FORMING PART OF CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Such development expenditure, until capitalization, is reflected as intangibles under development.

Following the initial recognition, internally generated intangible assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Amortization of internally generated intangible asset begins when the development is complete and the asset is available for use.

(f) Depreciation and amortization

Depreciation on tangible fixed assets is provided using the Straight Line Method ('SLM') over the useful lives of the assets estimated by the management.

The management estimates the useful lives for the fixed assets as follows:

| Assets | Useful lives |
|-----------------------------------|--------------|
| Buildings* | 25 years |
| Computers | 3 years |
| Computers - Servers and networks* | 3 years |
| Plant and equipment* | 5 years |
| Furniture and fixtures* | 5 years |

*For these classes of assets, based on internal assessment and independent technical evaluation carried out by external valuers the management believes that the useful lives as given above best represent the period over which the management expects to use these assets. Hence the useful lives of these assets are different from the useful lives as prescribed under Part C of Schedule II of the Companies Act 2013.

Individual assets whose cost does not exceed ₹ 5,000 are fully depreciated in the year of acquisition.

Intangible assets are amortized on a straight line basis over their estimated useful lives commencing from the day the asset is made available for use.

(g) Impairment

Financial assets

The Company applies Expected Credit Loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on financial assets measured at amortized cost and financial assets that are debts instruments and are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI). ECL is the difference between contractual cash flows that are due and the cash flows that the Company expects to receive, discounted at the original effective interest rate.

For trade receivables, the Company recognizes impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECL at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition. For other financial assets, the Company determines whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition. If credit risk has not increased significantly, 12 month ECL is used to provide for impairment loss. However, if credit risk has increased significantly, lifetime ECL is used.

Non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of Property, Plant and Equipment and Goodwill are reviewed at each balance sheet date or whenever there is any indication of impairment based on internal/external factors. If any indications exist, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount.

Recoverable amount of intangible under development that is not yet available for use is estimated at least at each financial quarter / year end even if there is no indication that the asset is impaired.

An impairment loss is recognized wherever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the greater of the asset's net selling price and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pretax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and risks specific to the asset.

(h) Impairment of Property, Plant and Equipment and Other Intangible assets

The carrying amounts of assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date if there is any indication of impairment based on internal/external factors. An impairment loss is recognized wherever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the greater of the asset's net selling price and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and risks specific to the asset.

Financial instruments

i) Financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are recognized initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset.

Subsequent measurement

For the purpose of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified as:

Financial assets at amortized cost

Financial assets that are held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows and whose contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. The change in measurements are recognized as finance income in the statement of profit and loss.

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)

Financial assets that are held within a business model whose objective is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets and the assets' contractual cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding are subsequently measured at fair value. Fair value movements are recognized in other comprehensive income.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

Any financial asset which does not meet the criteria for categorization as financial instruments at amortized cost or as FVTOCI, is classified as financial instrument at FVTPL. Financial instruments included within the FVTPL category are subsequently measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

ii) Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

Subsequent measurement

For the purpose of subsequent measurement, financial liabilities are classified as:

- Financial liabilities at amortized cost

Financial liabilities such as loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. The change in measurements are recognized as finance costs in the statement of profit and loss.

- Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

Financial liabilities include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss if the recognition criteria as per Ind AS 109 – "Financial Instruments" are satisfied. Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognized in statement of profit and loss. Fair value gains or losses on liabilities designated as FVTPL attributable to changes in own credit risk are recognized in other comprehensive income. All other changes in fair value of liabilities designated as FVTPL are recognized in the statement of profit and loss. The Company has not designated any financial liability as at FVTPL.

iii) Impairment

i) Financial assets

The Company applies Expected Credit Loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on financial assets measured at amortized cost and financial assets that are debts instruments and are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI). ECL is the difference between contractual cash flows that are due and the cash flows that the Company expects to receive, discounted at the original effective interest rate.

For trade receivables, the Company recognizes impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECL at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition. For other financial assets, the Company determines whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition. If credit risk has not increased significantly, 12 month ECL is used to provide for impairment loss. However, if credit risk has increased significantly, lifetime ECL is used.

ii) Non-Financial assets

The carrying amounts of Property, Plant and Equipment and Goodwill are reviewed at each balance sheet date or whenever there is any indication of impairment based on internal/external factors. If any indications exist, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount.

Recoverable amount of intangible under development that is not yet available for use is estimated at least at each financial year end even if there is no indication that the asset is impaired.

An impairment loss is recognized wherever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the greater of the asset's fair value and its value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and risks specific to the asset.

(i) Leases

Where the Company is a lessee

Leases, where the lessor effectively retains substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership of the leased item, are classified as operating leases.

Operating lease payments are recognized as an expense in the statement of profit and loss as per the terms of the lease agreements.es, where the lessor effectively retains substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership of the leased item, are classified as operating leases.

Operating lease payments are recognized as an expense in the statement of profit and loss on a straightline basis over the lease term.

(k) Investments

Investments which are readily realizable and intended to be held for not more than one year from the date on which such investments are made, are classified as current investments. All other investments are classified as long-term investments.

On initial recognition, all investments are measured at cost. The cost comprises purchase price and directly attributable acquisition charges such as brokerage, fees and duties.

Current investments are carried at lower of cost and fair value, determined on category of investment basis. Long-term investments presented as non-current investments are carried at cost. However, provision for diminution in value is made to recognize a decline, other than temporary decline, in the value of investments.

On disposal of an investment, the difference between its carrying amount and net disposal proceeds is charged or credited to the statement of profit and loss.

(I) Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable taking into account the amount of any trade discounts and volume rebates allowed by the Company. Revenue is recognized to the extent it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognized:

Income from software licenses and services

Revenue from time and material engagements is recognized on time proportion basis as and when the services are rendered in accordance with the terms of the contracts with customers.

In case of fixed price contracts, revenue is recognized based on the milestones achieved as specified in the contracts, on proportionate completion basis.

Revenue from licensing of software is recognized upon delivery.

Revenue from royalty is recognized in accordance with the terms of the relevant agreements.

Revenue from maintenance contracts and subscriptions is recognized on a pro-rata basis over the period of the contract.

Unbilled revenue represents revenue recognized in relation to work done on time and material projects and fixed price projects until the balance sheet date for which billing has not taken place.

NOTES FORMING PART OF CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Unearned revenue represents the billing in respect of contracts for which the revenue is not recognized.

The Company collects value added taxes (VAT) on behalf of the government and, therefore, it is not an economic benefit flowing to the Company. Hence, it is excluded from revenue.

(ii) Interest

Interest income is recognized on a time proportion basis taking into account the carrying amount and the effective interest rate. Interest income is included under the head 'Other income' in the statement of profit and loss.

(iii) Dividends

Dividend income is recognized when the Company's right to receive dividend is established by the reporting date. Dividend income is included under the head 'Other income' in the statement of profit and loss.

(m) Foreign currency translation

(i) Foreign currency transactions and balances

Initial recognition

Foreign currency transactions are recorded in the respective functional currencies of the entities in the Company, by applying to the foreign currency amount the exchange rate between the functional currency and the foreign currency at the date of the transaction.

Conversion

Foreign currency monetary items are reported using the exchange rate prevailing at the reporting date. Non-monetary items, which are measured in terms of historical cost denominated in a foreign currency are reported using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items which are carried at fair value or other similar valuation denominated in a foreign currency are reported using the exchange rates at the date when the values were determined.

Settlement

Revenue and expenses denominated in foreign currencies are translated using the exchange rate in effect on the date of the transaction. Transaction gains or losses realized upon settlement of foreign currency transactions are included in determining net profit or loss for the period in which the transaction is settled.

Translation of foreign operations

The Company presents the financial statements in INR which is the functional currency of the parent company.

The assets and liabilities of a foreign operation are translated into the reporting currency (INR) at the exchange rate prevailing at the reporting date. Their statement of profit and loss are translated at exchange rates prevailing at the dates of transactions or weighted average rates, where such rates approximate the exchange rate at the date of transaction. The exchange differences arising on translation are accumulated in the foreign currency translation reserve under other comprehensive income. On disposal of a foreign operation, the accumulated foreign currency translation reserve relating to that foreign operation is recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

(n) Retirement and other employee benefits

Leave encashment

Accumulated leave, which is expected to be utilized within the next twelve months, is treated as short-term employee benefit. The company measures the expected cost of such absences as the additional amount that it expects to pay as a result of the unused entitlement that has accumulated at the reporting date.

The Company treats accumulated leave expected to be carried forward beyond twelve months, as long-term employee benefit for measurement purposes. Such long-term compensated absences are provided for based on the actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit method at the reporting date. Remeasurements, comprising of actuarial gains and losses are recognized in full in the statement of other comprehensive income in the reporting period in which they occur. Remeasurements are not reclassified to profit and loss subsequently.

The Company presents the entire leave encashment liability as a current liability in the balance sheet, since it does not have an unconditional right to defer its settlement for twelve months after the reporting date.

(o) Income taxes

Tax expense comprises of current and deferred tax. Current income tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid to the tax authorities in accordance with the French Inland Revenue Service (FIRS). The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date.

Deferred income taxes reflect the impact of temporary differences between tax base of assets and liabilities ad their carrying amounts. Deferred tax is measured based on the tax rates and the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences, except deferred tax liability arising from initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, affects neither accounting nor taxable profit/ loss at the time of transaction. Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences, the carry forward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses, except deferred tax assets arising from initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, affects neither accounting nor taxable profit/ loss at the time of transaction. Deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realized.

The carrying amount of deferred tax asset is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realized.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset, if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

Deferred tax relating to items recognized outside the statement of profit and loss is recognized in corelation to the underlying transaction either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

(p) Earnings per share (EPS)

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit for the year attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for events such as bonus issue, bonus element in a rights issue, share split, and reverse share split (consolidation of shares), if any occurred during the reporting period, that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without a corresponding change in resources.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit for the year attributable to the equity shareholders and the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year, are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

The number of shares and potential dilutive equity shares are adjusted retrospectively for all periods presented for any bonus shares issues including for changes effected prior to the approval of the financial statements by the Board of Directors.

(q) Provisions

A provision is recognized when the Company has a present obligation as a result of past event; it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made. Provisions are determined based on the best estimate required to settle the obligation at the reporting date. If the effect of time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects the risks specific to the liability. These estimates are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

(r) Contingent liabilities

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the Company or a present obligation that is not recognized because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. A contingent liability also arises in extremely rare cases where there is a liability that cannot be recognized because it cannot be measured reliably. The Company does not recognize a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statements.

(s) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the cash flow statement comprises cash at bank and in hand and short term deposits with an original maturity period of three months or less.

4. Share capital

| | As at | As at | As at |
|---|--------------------|-----------------------|----------------|
| | September 30, 2017 | September 30, 2016 | March 31, 2017 |
| | (In ₹) | (In ₹) | (In ₹) |
| Authorised 1,500,000 (previous year 1,500,000) Equity shares of 1 Euro each | EURO 1,500,000 | EURO 1,500,000 | EURO 1,500,000 |
| | EURO 1,500,000 | EURO 1,500,000 | EURO 1,500,000 |
| Issued, subscribed and paid-up 1,500,000 (previous year 1,500,000) Equity shares of 1 Euro each fully paid. All Shares are held by the Holding Company viz: Persistent Systems Limited. | 97,467,000 | 97,467,000 | 97,467,000 |
| | 97,467,000 | 97,467,000 | 97,467,000 |

NOTES FORMING PART OF CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

5.1 Property, Plant and Equipment

(In ₹)

| | Freehold Land | Building | Computers | Plant & Machinery | Furniture & Fixtures | Total |
|--|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Gross Block | 12 100 159 | 54 227 777 | 4,424,159 | 041 270 | 2 195 065 | 74,898,438 |
| As at April 01, 2017 Additions | 12,109,158 - | 54,237,777 | 239,497 | 941,379 | 3,185,965 - | 239,497 |
| Disposals | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Effect of foreign currency translation from | | | | | | |
| functional currency to reporting currency | 1,340,913 13,450,071 | 6,006,042 60,243,819 | 495,498 5,159,154 | 104,244 1,045,623 | 352,799 3,538,764 | 8,299,496 83,437,431 |
| As at September 30, 2017 | 13,430,071 | 00,243,013 | 3,133,134 | 1,043,023 | 3,330,704 | 03,437,431 |
| Depreciation and Amortization | | | | | | |
| As at April 01, 2017 | - | 12,293,578 | 3,329,411 | 444,268 | 3,041,609 | 19,108,866 |
| charge for the period | - | 1,146,246 | 411,457 | 95,341 | 31,692 | 1,684,736 |
| Disposals Effect of foreign currency translation from | - | - 1,422,423 | 390,613 | - 54,278 | - 338,505 | 2,205,819 |
| functional currency to reporting currency | | 1,422,420 | 000,010 | 54,276 | 000,000 | 2,200,010 |
| As at September 30, 2017 | - | 14,862,247 | 4,131,481 | 593,887 | 3,411,806 | 22,999,421 |
| Net Disele | | | | | | |
| Net Block As at September 30, 2017 | 13,450,071 | 45,381,572 | 1,027,673 | 451,736 | 126,958 | 60,438,010 |
| As at March 31, 2017 | 12,109,158 | 41,944,199 | 1,094,748 | 497,111 | 144,356 | 55,789,572 |
| · - | | | | | | |
| Gross Block | | | | | | |
| As at April 01, 2016 | 13,172,560 | 59,000,828 | 4,052,402 | 997,064 | 3,465,750 | 80,688,604 |
| Additions Disposals | _ | _ | 76,251 | 8,403 | _ | 84,654 |
| Other Adjustments | | | | | | _ |
| Effect of foreign currency translation from | (168,848) | (756,283) | (53,918) | (12,998) | (44,425) | (1,036,472) |
| functional currency to reporting currency As at September 30, 2016 | 13,003,712 | 58,244,545 | 4,074,735 | 992,469 | 3,421,325 | 79,736,786 |
| no at coptombol co, 2010 | ,, | 20,211,011 | .,, | , | 0,1=1,0=0 | |
| Depreciation and Amortization | | | | | | |
| As at April 01, 2016 | - | 11,014,785 | 2,831,934 | 287,655 | 3,239,661 | 17,374,035 |
| charge for the period Disposals | _ | 1,175,400 | 378,549 | 99,621 | 34,417 | 1,687,987 |
| Other Adjustments | | | | | | |
| Effect of foreign currency translation from | - | (149,320) | (38,919) | (4,376) | (41,765) | (234,380) |
| functional currency to reporting currency | | 12,040,865 | 3,171,564 | 382,900 | 3,232,313 | 18,827,642 |
| As at September 30, 2016 | - | 12,040,005 | 3,171,304 | 362,900 | 3,232,313 | 10,027,042 |
| Net Block | | | | | | |
| As at September 30, 2016 | 13,003,712 | 46,203,680 | 903,171 | 609,569 | 189,012 | 60,909,144 |
| As at March 31, 2016 | 13,172,560 | 47,986,043 | 1,220,468 | 709,409 | 226,089 | 63,314,569 |
| Gross Block | | | | | | |
| As at April 01, 2016 | 13,172,560 | 59,000,828 | 4,052,402 | 997,064 | 3,465,750 | 80,688,604 |
| Additions | | | 716,782 | 25,587 | | 742,369 |
| Disposals | | | | | | - |
| Other Adjustments Effect of foreign currency translation from | (1.063.403) | (4.762.051) | (245.025) | (01.272) | (270.795) | (6 522 525) |
| functional currency to reporting currency | (1,063,402) | (4,763,051) | (345,025) | (81,272) | (279,785) | (6,532,535) |
| As at March 31, 2017 | 12,109,158 | 54,237,777 | 4,424,159 | 941,379 | 3,185,965 | 74,898,438 |
| Depreciation and Amortization | | | | | | |
| As at April 01, 2016 | _ | 11,014,785 | 2,831,934 | 287,655 | 3,239,661 | 17,374,035 |
| charge for the year | - | 2,294,716 | 768,534 | 190,346 | 67,192 | 3,320,788 |
| Disposals | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Other Adjustments | | ,, | | | | ,, === |
| Effect of foreign currency translation from functional currency to reporting currency | - | (1,015,923) | (271,057) | (33,733) | (265,244) | (1,585,957) |
| and the second s | | | | | | |
| As at March 31, 2017 | - | 12,293,578 | 3,329,411 | 444,268 | 3,041,609 | 19,108,866 |
| Net Block | | | | | | |
| As at March 31, 2017 | 12,109,158 | 41,944,199 | 1,094,748 | 497,111 | 144,356 | 55,789,572 |
| | 13,172,560 | 47,986,043 | 1,220,468 | 709,409 | 226,089 | 63,314,569 |

NOTES FORMING PART OF CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

5.2 Other Intangible assets

| | Software | (In ₹) Total |
|--|------------------------|------------------------------|
| | | |
| Gross Block As at April 01, 2017 | 3,928,935 | 3,928,935 |
| Additions | - | - |
| Disposals | | - |
| Effect of foreign currency translation | 405.070 | 40-0-0 |
| rom functional currency to reporting | 435,072 | 435,072 |
| As at September 30, 2017 | 4,364,007 | 4,364,007 |
| Amortization | | |
| ss at April 01, 2017 | 3,923,867 | 3,923,867 |
| harge for the period isposals | 5,344 | 5,344 |
| - Exchange differences | 434,796 | 434,796 |
| As at September 30, 2017 | 4,364,007 | 4,364,007 |
| Net Block | | |
| As at September 30, 2017 | | _ |
| As at March 31, 2017 | 5,068 | 5,068 |
| | | |
| Gross Block | | |
| As at April 01, 2016 | 4,273,966 | 4,273,966 |
| Additions | · · · | - |
| Disposals | - | - |
| Effect of foreign currency translation | (54.704) | (E4 704) |
| from functional currency to reporting As at September 30, 2016 | | (54,784) 4,219,182 |
| AS at September 30, 2010 | 4,213,102 | 4,213,102 |
| Amortization | 4 250 045 | |
| As at April 01, 2016 charge for the year | 4,250,845 | 4,250,845 |
| Disposals | 8,776 | 8,776 |
| Effect of foreign currency translation | | |
| from functional currency to reporting | (54,549) | (54,549) |
| As at September 30, 2016 | 4,205,072 | 4,205,072 |
| Net Block | | |
| As at September 30, 2016 | 14,110 | 14,110 |
| As at March 31, 2016 | 23,121 | 23,121 |
| Gross Block | | |
| As at April 01, 2016 | 4,273,966 | 4,273,966 |
| Additions Disposals | • | - |
| Effect of foreign currency translation | - | - |
| from functional currency to reporting | (345,031) | (345,031) |
| As at March 31, 2017 | 3,928,935 | 3,928,935 |
| Amortization | | |
| As at April 01, 2016 | 4,250,845 | 4,250,845 |
| charge for the period | 17,133 | 17,133 |
| Disposals | | - |
| Effect of foreign currency translation | (244 444) | (244 444 |
| rom functional currency to reporting As at March 31, 2017 | (344,111) 3,923,867 | (344,111 3,923,867 |
| | | -,, |
| Net Block As at March 31, 2017 | 5,068 | 5,068 |
| As at March 31, 2017 | | |
| no at maion 01, 2010 | 23,121 | 23,121 |

| 5.3 Deprec | iation and | l amortization | expense |
|------------|------------|----------------|---------|
| | | | |

| 5.3 Depreciation and amortization expense | | | | | (In ₹) |
|---|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | For the qua | arter ended | For the half y | ear ended | For the year ended |
| | September 30, 2017 | September 30, 2016 | September 30, 2017 | September 30, 2016 | March 31, 2017 |
| On Property, Plant and Equipment | 856,479 | 847,032 | 1,684,736 | 1,687,987 | 3,320,788 |
| On Other intangible assets | 1,204 | 4,391 | 5,344 | 8,776 | 17,133 |
| | 857,683 | 851,423 | 1,690,080 | 1,696,763 | 3,337,921 |

NOTES FORMING PART OF CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

6. Trade receivables

| | As at September 30, 2017 (In ₹) | As at September 30, 2016 (In ₹) | As at March 31, 2017 (In ₹) |
|--|--|--|---------------------------------------|
| Outstanding for a period exceeding six months from the date they are due for | | | |
| payment Unsecured (considered good) | | | |
| Unsecured (considered good) Unsecured (considered doubtful) | 26,132 | 734,450 | 25,940 |
| , | 26,132 | 734,450 | 25,940 |
| Less : Provision for doubtful debts | 26,132 | 734,450 | 25,940 |
| Others | | | |
| Unsecured (considered good) | 83,902,291 | 69,446,004 | 88,646,133 |
| Unsecured (considered doubtful) | - | - | - |
| Less : Provision for doubtful debts | 83,902,291 | 69,446,004 - | 88,646,133 - |
| | 83,902,291 | 69,446,004 | 88,646,133 |
| | 83,902,291 | 69,446,004 | 88,646,133 |
| 7. Cash and cash equivalents | | | |
| | As at September 30, | As at September 30, | As at March 31, 2017 |
| | 2017 (In ₹) | 2016 (In ₹) | (In ₹) |
| Cash and cash equivalents as presented in cash flow statement Balances with banks -On current accounts | 187,560,406 187,560,406 | 156,781,446 156,781,446 | 138,472,127 138,472,127 |
| 8. Current financial assets : Loans | | | |
| | As at | As at | As at |
| | September 30, | September 30, | March 31, 2017 |
| | 2017 | 2016 | , , |
| Security Deposits at fair value | (In ₹) | (In ₹) | (In ₹) |
| Security Deposits at rail value | | | |
| Unsecured, considered good | 153,931 | 148,822 | 138,584 |
| | 153,931 | 148,822 | 138,584 |
| 9. Other current financial assets | | | |
| 5. Other current inialicial assets | | As at | As at |
| 5. Other current initialicial assets | As at | | |
| 5. Other current initialicial assets | September 30, | September 30, | March 31, 2017 |
| 3. Other current initialicial assets | September 30, 2017 | September 30, 2016 | |
| | September 30, 2017 (In ₹) | September 30, 2016 (In ₹) | (In ₹) |
| Unbilled revenue | September 30, 2017 | September 30, 2016 | March 31, 2017 (In ₹) 5,286,858 |

NOTES FORMING PART OF CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

10. Other current assets

| | As at September 30, | As at September 30, | As at March 31, 2017 |
|--|---|---|--|
| | 2017 (In ₹) | 2016 (In ₹) | (In ₹) |
| Other loans and advances (unsecured, considered good) | | | |
| Advances recoverable in cash or kind or for value to be received | | | 13,125,185 |
| -VAT receivable (Net) | 2,561,850 | 1,032,461 | - |
| -Other | 6,442,152 | 6,981,834 | 10.10=.10= |
| | 9,004,002 | 8,014,295 | 13,125,185 |
| 11. Current financial liabilities: Borrowings | | | |
| | As at | As at | As at |
| | September 30, | September 30, | March 31, 2017 |
| | 2017 | 2016 | |
| | (In ₹) | (In ₹) | (In ₹) |
| Loan from related parties (unsecured) | | | |
| - Persistent Systems Limited | 2,841,214 | 1,581,468 | 1,696,790 |
| - Persistent Systems Inc. | 1,663,014 | 1,607,824 | 1,497,218 |
| | 4,504,228 | 3,189,292 | 3,194,008 |
| 12. Trade payables | | | |
| | As at | As at | As at |
| | September 30, | September 30, | March 31, 2017 |
| | 2017 | 2016 | |
| | (In ₹) | (In ₹) | (In ₹) |
| Trade payables | 51,139,441 | 30,331,704 | 38,290,178 |
| | 51,139,441 | 30,331,704 | 38,290,178 |
| | | | |
| 13. Other Current liablities | | | |
| | As at | As at | As at |
| | September 30, | September 30, | March 31, 2017 |
| | 2017 | 2016 | /In E) |
| | (In ₹) | (In ₹) | (In ₹) |
| | | | |
| Other current liabilities | 7 703 074 | 19 930 496 | 27 413 673 |
| -Unearned revenue | 7,703,074 9,557,041 | 18,830,486 8 757 542 | 27,413,673 8 958 252 |
| -Unearned revenue -Statutory liabilities | 7,703,074 9,557,041 | 18,830,486 8,757,542 | 8,958,252 |
| -Unearned revenue | 9,557,041 | 8,757,542 | |
| -Unearned revenue -Statutory liabilities -VAT payable | 9,557,041 | 8,757,542 - | 8,958,252 2,604,582 |
| -Unearned revenue -Statutory liabilities -VAT payable | 9,557,041 - 658,130 | 8,757,542 - 673,667 | 8,958,252 2,604,582 627,324 |
| -Unearned revenue -Statutory liabilities -VAT payable -Advance from customers | 9,557,041 - 658,130 - 17,918,245 | 8,757,542 - 673,667 28,261,695 | 8,958,252 2,604,582 627,324 39,603,831 |
| -Unearned revenue -Statutory liabilities -VAT payable -Advance from customers | 9,557,041 - 658,130 | 8,757,542 - 673,667 28,261,695 | 8,958,252 2,604,582 627,324 39,603,831 |
| -Unearned revenue -Statutory liabilities -VAT payable -Advance from customers | 9,557,041 - 658,130 17,918,245 As at September 30, 2017 | 8,757,542 - 673,667 28,261,695 As at September 30, 2016 | 8,958,252 2,604,582 627,324 39,603,831 As at March 31, 2017 |
| -Unearned revenue -Statutory liabilities -VAT payable -Advance from customers | 9,557,041 - 658,130 17,918,245 As at September 30, | 8,757,542 - 673,667 28,261,695 As at September 30, | 8,958,252 2,604,582 627,324 39,603,831 As at March 31, 2017 |
| -Unearned revenue -Statutory liabilities -VAT payable -Advance from customers 14. Current Liabilities : Provisions Provision for employee benefits | 9,557,041 - 658,130 17,918,245 As at September 30, 2017 (In ₹) | 8,757,542 | 8,958,252 2,604,582 627,324 39,603,831 As at March 31, 2017 (In ₹) |
| -Unearned revenue -Statutory liabilities -VAT payable -Advance from customers 14. Current Liabilities : Provisions | 9,557,041 - 658,130 17,918,245 As at September 30, 2017 | 8,757,542 - 673,667 28,261,695 As at September 30, 2016 | 8,958,252 2,604,582 627,324 39,603,831 As at March 31, 2017 |

17.2 Cost of technical professionals

Technical professionals - related parties Technical professionals - others

NOTES FORMING PART OF CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

15. Revenue from operations

| | For the quarter ended | | For the half ye | For the year ended | |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | September 30, 2017 | September 30, 2016 | September 30, 2017 | September 30, 2016 | March 31, 2017 |
| | (In ₹) | (In ₹) | (In ₹) | (In ₹) | (In ₹) |
| Software licenses | 1,867,241 | 3,320,523 | 2,322,147 | 4,512,012 | 8,900,745 |
| Software services | 97,919,533 | 93,311,344 | 200,841,649 | 184,211,788 | 379,921,511 |
| | 99,786,774 | 96,631,867 | 203,163,796 | 188,723,800 | 388,822,256 |
| 16. Other income | | | | | |
| | For the quart | er ended | For the half ye | ear ended | For the year ended |
| | September 30, 2017 | September 30, 2016 | September 30, 2017 | September 30, 2016 | March 31, 2017 |
| | (In ₹) | (In ₹) | (In ₹) | (In ₹) | (In ₹) |
| Foreign exchange gain (net) | (142,961) | - | 367,027 | - | (807,316) |
| Miscellaneous income | 1,529 | (1,310) | 56,118 | 274,242 | 319,772 |
| Advances written back | 1,001 | - | 36,705 | - | - |
| | (140,431) | (1,310) | 459,850 | 274,242 | (487,544) |
| 17. Personnel expenses | | | | | |
| | For the quart | er ended | For the half ye | ear ended | For the year ended |
| | September 30, 2017 | September 30, 2016 | September 30, 2017 | September 30, 2016 | March 31, 2017 |
| | (In ₹) | (In ₹) | (In ₹) | (In ₹) | (In ₹) |
| 17.1 Employee benefits expense | | | | | |
| Salaries and wages | 28,948,804 | 33,061,537 | 62,805,661 | 72,696,785 | 138,483,329 |
| Defined contribution to other funds | 16,683,869 | 18,804,654 | 33,647,371 | 38,047,323 | 72,196,725 |
| Staff welfare and benefits | 1,166,254 | 1,347,479 | 2,405,903 | 1,854,636 | 5,185,498 |
| | 46,798,927 | 53,213,670 | 98,858,935 | 112,598,744 | 215,865,552 |

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16,877,211 1,716,576 18,593,787 71,807,457 51,669,766 9,738,524 **61,408,290 160,267,225** 35,729,956 3,147,035 38,876,991 151,475,735 113,124,073 7,817,912 120,941,985 336,807,537

27,552,211 4,710,751 32,262,962 79,061,889

NOTES FORMING PART OF CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

18. Other expenses

| | For the quarter ended | | For the half y | rear ended Fo | For the year ended | |
|---|-----------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--|
| | September 30, 2017 | September 30, 2016 | September 30, 2017 | September 30, 2016 | March 31, 2017 | |
| | (In ₹) | (In ₹) | (In ₹) | (In ₹) | (In ₹ | |
| Travelling and conveyance | 1,788,040 | 1,742,043 | 3,306,595 | 3,436,187 | 6,198,977 | |
| Electricity expenses | 323,442 | 415,361 | 176,398 | 759,163 | 2,569,502 | |
| Internet link expenses | 120,756 | 251,565 | 235,478 | 299,237 | 478,985 | |
| Communication expenses | 377,822 | 1,770,014 | 803,043 | 2,476,011 | 2,917,299 | |
| Recruitment expenses | · - | - | · - | | - | |
| Provision for doubtful debts | - | - | - | | 27,456 | |
| Training and seminars | 719,116 | 664,440 | 800,857 | 886,016 | 1,976,437 | |
| Purchase of software licenses and support | 95,733 | 1,780,576 | 179,535 | 1,870,273 | 1,986,215 | |
| Insurance | 343,761 | 819,941 | 753,940 | 1,636,133 | 1,863,294 | |
| Rent | 91,851 | 55,008 | 144,023 | 147,461 | 252,297 | |
| Rates, fees and taxes | 217,221 | 662,498 | 625,938 | 1,727,775 | 3,002,291 | |
| Legal and professional fees | 632,355 | 960,439 | 1,217,833 | 1,835,145 | 2,818,465 | |
| Repairs and maintenance | - | - | - | | | |
| -Plant and Machinery | 104,443 | 55,439 | 123,556 | 63,047 | 71,355 | |
| -Building | 169,607 | 132,746 | 314,617 | 217,745 | 489,498 | |
| - Others | 15,875 | (887) | 29,404 | 185,578 | 260,991 | |
| Commission on sales | 627,810 | 1,106,421 | 627,810 | 1,758,596 | 2,174,170 | |
| Foreign exchange loss (net) | - | 103,042 | - | 261,516 | - | |
| Advertisements and sponsorship fees | 37,563 | 10,185 | 608,754 | 232,065 | 315,160 | |
| Computer consumables | 52,049 | 23,033 | 73,159 | 244,489 | 283,105 | |
| Books, memberships and subscriptions | · - | 127,380 | - | 127,380 | 128,617 | |
| Auditors' remuneration | 383,669 | 334,748 | 720,655 | 667,111 | 1,475,709 | |
| Miscellaneous expenses | 377,829 | 359,050 | 1,063,034 | 699,876 | 1,571,162 | |
| • | 6,478,942 | 11,373,042 | 11,804,629 | 19,530,804 | 30,860,985 | |

NOTES FORMING PART OF CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

19. Earnings per share

| | | For the quarter ended | | For the half year ended | | For the year ended | |
|---|-----|-----------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--|
| | | September 30, 2017 | September 30, 2016 | September 30, 2017 | September 30, 2016 | March 31, 2017 | |
| | | (In ₹) | (In ₹) | (In ₹) | (In ₹) | (In ₹ | |
| Basic and diluted earnings per share | | | | | | | |
| Numerator | | | | | | | |
| Net Profit / (loss) after tax | Α | 8,651,144 | 8,351,648 | 19,908,798 | 10,815,827 | 11,552,717 | |
| <u>Denominator</u> | | | | | | | |
| Weighted average number of ordinary shares | В | 1,500,000 | 1,500,000 | 1,500,000 | 1,500,000 | 1,500,000 | |
| Basic/Diluted earnings per share (Face Value of Euro 1 each) | A/B | 5.77 | 5.57 | 13.27 | 7.21 | 7.70 | |

20. Contingent Liabilities:

The Company does not have any contingent liability as on 30-September-2017 (previous period / year : (₹ NIL)

21. Previous period / year comparatives

Previous period / year's figures have been regrouped wherever necessary to conform to current period / year's classification.

As per our report of even date

For Joshi Apte &Co., Firm registration no. 104370W Chartered Accountants For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Persistent Systems France SAS

per C.K. Joshi Partner

Membership No.030428

Place: Pune

Date: October 15th, 2017

Dr. Anand Deshpande Arnaud Pierrel
President Director Gener

Place: Pune

Date: October 15th, 2017

Director General

Place: Grenoble

Date: October 15th, 2017