

UNAUDITED

**Persistent Systems Limited**

CONDENSED BALANCE SHEET AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2019

	Notes	As at	As at	As at
		December 31, 2019	December 31, 2018	March 31, 2019
		In ₹ Million	In ₹ Million	In ₹ Million
<b>ASSETS</b>				
<b>Non-current assets</b>				
Property, Plant and Equipment	5.1	2,098.41	2,185.11	2,130.26
Capital work-in-progress		4.49	7.62	11.81
Right of Use assets	5.2	263.92	-	-
Other Intangible assets	5.3	50.78	97.44	83.86
Intangible assets under development		107.08	43.00	60.32
		<u>2,524.68</u>	<u>2,333.37</u>	<u>2,286.25</u>
<b>Financial assets</b>				
- Investments	6	7,553.85	7,104.62	7,544.01
- Loans	7	123.57	111.07	116.01
- Other non current financial assets	8	500.18	29.78	423.05
Deferred tax assets (net)	9	250.29	41.76	55.56
Other non-current assets	10	334.04	74.72	68.35
		<u>11,286.61</u>	<u>9,695.32</u>	<u>10,493.23</u>
<b>Current assets</b>				
<b>Financial assets</b>				
- Investments	11	2,309.43	7,352.25	3,295.53
- Trade receivables (net)	12	3,273.90	2,226.58	2,429.85
- Cash and cash equivalents	13	437.67	597.23	565.12
- Other bank balances	14	5,586.51	1,638.16	4,659.18
- Loans	15	0.10	9.14	6.63
- Other current financial assets	16	2,136.77	2,280.78	2,195.74
Other current assets	17	1,263.19	1,316.09	1,243.44
		<u>15,009.57</u>	<u>15,420.23</u>	<u>14,395.49</u>
<b>TOTAL</b>		<u><b>26,296.18</b></u>	<u><b>25,115.55</b></u>	<u><b>24,888.72</b></u>
<b>EQUITY AND LIABILITIES</b>				
<b>EQUITY</b>				
Equity share capital	4	764.25	800.00	791.19
Other equity		22,142.71	21,900.68	21,420.71
		<u><b>22,906.96</b></u>	<u><b>22,700.68</b></u>	<u><b>22,211.90</b></u>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>				
<b>Non-current liabilities</b>				
<b>Financial liabilities</b>				
- Borrowings	18	8.49	13.33	11.97
Provisions	19	189.65	153.95	158.46
Other long-term financial liabilities	20	220.03	-	1.83
		<u><b>418.17</b></u>	<u><b>167.28</b></u>	<u><b>172.26</b></u>
<b>Current liabilities</b>				
<b>Financial liabilities</b>				
- Trade payables (trades of micro and small enterprises ₹ 6.77 million (Corresponding period: ₹ 4.28 million / Previous year: ₹ 15.63 million))	21	1,154.36	840.45	1,019.07
- Other financial liabilities	22	284.00	127.02	138.17
Other current liabilities	23	996.20	658.96	630.28
Provisions	24	509.44	620.71	664.11
Current tax liabilities (net)		27.05	0.45	52.93
		<u><b>2,971.05</b></u>	<u><b>2,247.59</b></u>	<u><b>2,504.56</b></u>
<b>TOTAL</b>		<u><b>26,296.18</b></u>	<u><b>25,115.55</b></u>	<u><b>24,888.72</b></u>
Summary of significant accounting policies	3			

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed financial statements.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of  
Persistent Systems Limited



Dr. Anand Deshpande  
Chairman and Managing Director



Kiran Umrootkar  
Director



Sunil Sapre  
Executive Director and  
Chief Financial Officer  
Place: Pune  
Date : January 30, 2020



Amit Atre  
Company Secretary

Place: Pune  
Date : January 30, 2020

**Persistent Systems Limited**
**CONDENSED STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE QUARTER AND NINE MONTHS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019**

Notes	For the quarter ended		For the nine months ended		For the year ended
	December 31, 2019	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2019	December 31, 2018	March 31, 2019
	In ₹ Million	In ₹ Million	In ₹ Million	In ₹ Million	In ₹ Million
<b>Income</b>					
Revenue from operations (net)	25	5,448.79	4,879.75	15,419.83	14,435.96
Other income	26	409.73	222.95	1,275.72	782.33
<b>Total income (A)</b>		<b>5,858.52</b>	<b>5,102.70</b>	<b>16,695.55</b>	<b>15,218.29</b>
<b>Expenses</b>					
Employee benefits expense	27.1	2,905.94	2,443.58	8,084.80	7,022.71
Cost of professionals	27.2	462.30	583.23	1,430.74	1,646.15
Finance costs (refer note 33)		10.69	0.12	34.80	0.39
Depreciation and amortization expense	5.4	140.26	113.47	418.66	344.55
Other expenses	28	1,132.57	1,051.86	3,061.70	2,782.42
<b>Total expenses (B)</b>		<b>4,651.76</b>	<b>4,192.26</b>	<b>13,030.70</b>	<b>11,796.22</b>
<b>Profit before tax (A - B)</b>		<b>1,206.76</b>	<b>910.44</b>	<b>3,664.85</b>	<b>3,422.07</b>
<b>Tax expense</b>					
Current tax		324.83	235.00	925.60	981.50
Tax credit in respect of earlier years		(1.60)	49.09	(1.60)	49.09
Deferred tax charge / (credit)		(16.03)	16.34	(61.56)	(38.60)
<b>Total tax expense</b>		<b>307.20</b>	<b>300.43</b>	<b>862.44</b>	<b>991.99</b>
<b>Net profit for the period / year (C)</b>		<b>899.56</b>	<b>610.01</b>	<b>2,802.41</b>	<b>2,430.08</b>
<b>Other comprehensive income</b>					
<b>Items that will not be reclassified to profit and loss (D)</b>					
- Remeasurements of the defined benefit liabilities / (asset) (net of tax)		0.25	(28.65)	(33.55)	(54.12)
		<b>0.25</b>	<b>(28.65)</b>	<b>(33.55)</b>	<b>(54.12)</b>
<b>Items that may be reclassified to profit and loss (E)</b>					
- Effective portion of cash flow hedge (net of tax)		(31.11)	351.15	(179.01)	52.86
		<b>(31.11)</b>	<b>351.15</b>	<b>(179.01)</b>	<b>52.86</b>
<b>Total other comprehensive income for the period / year (D) + (E)</b>		<b>(30.86)</b>	<b>322.50</b>	<b>(212.56)</b>	<b>(1.26)</b>
<b>Total comprehensive income for the period / year (C) + (D) + (E)</b>		<b>868.70</b>	<b>932.51</b>	<b>2,589.85</b>	<b>2,428.82</b>
<b>Earnings per equity share</b>	29				
[Nominal value of share ₹10 (Corresponding period/ previous year: ₹10)]					
Basic (In ₹)		11.77	7.63	36.50	30.38
Diluted (In ₹)		11.77	7.63	36.50	30.38
<b>Summary of significant accounting policies</b>	3				

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed financial statements.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of  
Persistent Systems Limited

*Anand Deshpande*

Dr. Anand Deshpande  
Chairman and Managing Director

*Sunil Sapre*

Sunil Sapre  
Executive Director and  
Chief Financial Officer

*Kiran Umrootkar*

Kiran Umrootkar  
Director

*Amit Atre*

Amit Atre  
Company Secretary

Place: Pune  
Date : January 30, 2020

Place: Pune  
Date : January 30, 2020

**Persistent Systems Limited**
**CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019**

	For the nine months ended		For the year ended
	December 31, 2019	December 31, 2018	March 31, 2019
	In ₹ Million	In ₹ Million	In ₹ Million
<b>Cash flows from operating activities</b>			
Profit before tax	3,664.85	3,422.07	4,383.76
Adjustments for:			
Interest income	(408.28)	(193.85)	(288.82)
Finance cost	34.80	0.39	0.51
Dividend income	(272.26)	(349.69)	(392.26)
Depreciation and amortization expense	418.66	344.55	458.84
Amortization of lease premium	0.29	0.44	0.58
Unrealised exchange loss/ (gain) (net)	(17.12)	72.01	80.81
Exchange (gain) / loss on derivative contracts	(84.21)	74.58	20.51
Exchange (gain) / loss on translation of foreign currency cash and cash equivalents	(11.86)	66.16	75.53
Donations in kind	-	1.40	1.40
Bad debts	-	23.55	23.55
Provision for doubtful debts (net)/ (Provision for doubtful debts written back) (net)	27.88	(8.09)	(6.99)
Provision for doubtful deposits	200.00	-	182.50
Employee stock compensation expenses	39.30	-	-
Remeasurements of the defined benefit liabilities / asset (before tax effects)	(46.85)	(79.88)	(49.83)
(Gain) / loss on fair valuation of mutual funds	(37.25)	87.93	76.95
(Profit) on sale of investments (net)	(152.95)	(288.52)	(366.09)
(Profit) on sale of Property, Plant and Equipment (net)	(0.94)	(2.27)	(3.77)
<b>Operating profit before working capital changes</b>	<b>3,354.06</b>	<b>3,170.78</b>	<b>4,197.18</b>
<b>Movements in working capital :</b>			
(Increase)/ Decrease in non-current and current loans	(0.63)	2.95	0.16
(Increase)/ Decrease in other non current assets	(267.75)	(10.72)	(2.29)
(Increase)/ Decrease in other current financial assets	(311.38)	(643.51)	(864.55)
(Increase)/ Decrease in other current assets	(19.75)	58.53	131.18
(Increase)/ Decrease in trade receivables	(806.44)	1,073.50	875.95
Increase / (Decrease) in trade payables, current liabilities and non current liabilities	393.07	53.55	202.29
(Decrease) in other long term liabilities	-	-	-
Increase / (Decrease) in provisions	(123.48)	203.26	251.17
<b>Operating profit after working capital changes</b>	<b>2,217.70</b>	<b>3,908.34</b>	<b>4,791.09</b>
Direct taxes paid (net of refunds)	(936.58)	(1,103.92)	(1,394.77)
<b>Net cash generated from operating activities</b>	<b>(A) 1,281.12</b>	<b>2,804.42</b>	<b>3,396.32</b>
<b>Cash flows from Investing activities</b>			
Payment towards capital expenditure (including intangible assets)	(333.80)	(218.66)	(268.87)
Movement in Capital advances for fixed assets	-	-	-
Proceeds from sale of Property, Plant and Equipment	1.07	2.27	3.82
Share application money paid	-	-	-
Investment in wholly owned subsidiaries	(474.00)	-	(78.72)
Share application money paid	-	-	(1,175.31)
Purchase of bonds	(285.54)	(908.90)	(1,175.31)
Proceeds from sale of bonds	382.70	50.00	199.43
Movement in Fixed Deposits	-	-	-
Investments in mutual funds	(11,624.39)	(16,937.29)	(22,418.13)
Proceeds from sale / maturity of mutual funds	13,253.13	15,712.64	25,010.64
(Investment) / Maturity of bank deposits having original maturity over three months (including foreign exchange gain/ loss) (net)	(1,074.97)	(697.63)	(3,956.56)
Investments in deposit with financial institutions	-	(300.00)	(300.00)
Maturity of deposit with financial institutions	250.00	550.35	650.35
Inter corporate deposits (made) / refunded	-	133.06	132.74
Interest received	202.49	278.12	341.93
Dividend received	272.26	349.69	392.26
<b>Net cash generated from / (used in) investing activities</b>	<b>(B) 668.94</b>	<b>(2,186.35)</b>	<b>(1,466.42)</b>
<b>Cash flows from financing activities</b>			
(Repayment of) long term borrowings	(3.21)	(3.22)	(4.58)
Shares bought back	(1,677.01)	-	(571.41)
Specific project related grant received	3.00	4.50	-
Dividend paid	(229.28)	(241.41)	(881.41)
Tax on dividend paid	(47.99)	(20.18)	(137.41)
Interest paid	(34.88)	(1.05)	(1.12)
<b>Net cash used in financing activities</b>	<b>(C) (1,989.37)</b>	<b>(261.36)</b>	<b>(1,595.93)</b>

**Persistent Systems Limited****CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019**

	For the nine months ended December 31, 2019 In ₹ Million	For the nine months ended December 31, 2018 In ₹ Million	For the year ended March 31, 2019 In ₹ Million
Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents (A + B + C)	(130.31)	358.71	333.97
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period/ year	585.12	306.88	306.88
Effect of exchange differences on translation of foreign currency cash and cash equivalents	11.86	(66.16)	(75.53)
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period/ year</b>	<b>437.67</b>	<b>597.23</b>	<b>565.12</b>
Components of cash and cash equivalents			
Cash on hand (refer note 13)	0.12	0.15	0.11
Balances with banks			
On current accounts # (refer note 13)	157.26	267.06	126.71
On saving accounts (refer note 13)	7.26	0.43	0.91
On deposit account with maturity of less than three months (Refer note 13)	-	-	229.54
On Exchange Earner's Foreign Currency accounts (refer note 13)	273.03	323.55	114.91
On Escrow accounts** (Refer note 13)	-	-	92.94
Cheques on hand (refer note 13)	-	6.04	-
<b>Cash and cash equivalents</b>	<b>437.67</b>	<b>597.23</b>	<b>565.12</b>

# Out of the cash and cash equivalent balance as at December 31, 2019, the Company can utilise ₹ 5.14 Million (Corresponding period : ₹ 2.98 Million / Previous year: ₹ 2.15 Million) only towards research and development activities specified in the agreement.

\*\* The Company concluded the buyback scheme with effect from June 27, 2019 and minimum balance maintained in Escrow account was released on completion of statutory formalities.

**Summary of significant accounting policies - Refer note 3**

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed financial statements.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of  
Persistent Systems Limited

  
Dr. Anand Deshpande

Chairman and Managing Director

  
Sunil Sapre  
Executive Director and  
Chief Financial Officer

Place: Pune  
Date : January 30, 2020

  
Kiran Umrookar  
Director

  
Amit Atre  
Company Secretary

Place: Pune  
Date : January 30, 2020

**Persistent Systems Limited****CONDENSED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019****A. Equity share capital**

(Refer note 4)

(In ₹ Million)

Balance as at April 1, 2019	Changes in equity share capital during the period	Balance as at December 31, 2019
791.19	(26.94)	764.25

(In ₹ Million)

Balance as at April 1, 2018	Changes in equity share capital during the period	Balance as at December 31, 2018
800.00	-	800.00

(In ₹ Million)

Balance as at April 1, 2018	Changes in equity share capital during the year	Balance as at March 31, 2019
800.00	(8.81)	791.19

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**Persistent Systems Limited**

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

## B. Other equity

(In ₹ Million)

Particulars	Reserves and surplus						Items of other comprehensive income	Total
	Securities premium reserve	General reserve	Share options outstanding reserve	Capital redemption reserve	Special Economic Zone re-investment reserve	Retained earnings	Effective portion of cash flow hedges	
Balance as at April 1, 2019	774.10	10,570.73	76.29	8.81	70.00	9,735.72	185.06	21,420.71
Net profit for the period	-	-	-	-	-	2,802.41	-	2,802.41
Other comprehensive income for the period	-	-	-	-	-	(33.55)	(179.01)	(212.56)
Dividend	-	-	-	-	-	(229.28)	-	(229.28)
Tax on dividend	-	-	-	-	-	(47.99)	-	(47.99)
Transfer to capital redemption reserve	-	-	-	26.94	-	(26.94)	-	-
Transitional impact on adoption of Ind AS 116	-	-	-	-	-	(106.44)	-	(106.44)
Employee stock compensation expenses	-	-	39.30	-	-	-	-	39.30
Employee stock compensation expenses of subsidiaries	-	-	126.63	-	-	-	-	126.63
Adjustments towards employees stock options	-	25.61	(25.61)	-	-	-	-	-
Utilised towards buy back of shares (refer note 4d)	(774.10)	-	-	-	-	(875.97)	-	(1,650.07)
Balance as at December 31, 2019	-	10,596.34	216.61	35.75	70.00	11,217.96	6.05	22,142.71

(In ₹ Million)

Particulars	Reserves and surplus						Items of other comprehensive income	Total
	Securities premium reserve	General reserve	Share options outstanding reserve	Capital redemption reserve	Special Economic Zone re-investment reserve	Retained earnings	Effective portion of cash flow hedges	
Balance as at April 1, 2018	1,336.70	9,296.47	90.52	-	-	8,991.72	16.63	19,732.04
Net profit for the period	-	-	-	-	-	2,430.08	-	2,430.08
Other comprehensive income for the period	-	-	-	-	-	(54.12)	52.86	(1.26)
Dividend	-	-	-	-	-	(240.00)	-	(240.00)
Tax on dividend	-	-	-	-	-	(20.18)	-	(20.18)
Adjustments towards employees stock options	-	7.54	(7.54)	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at December 31, 2018	1,336.70	9,304.01	82.98	-	-	11,107.50	69.49	21,900.68

(In ₹ Million)

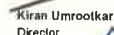
Particulars	Reserves and surplus						Items of other comprehensive income	Total
	Securities premium reserve	General reserve	Share options outstanding reserve	Capital redemption reserve	Special Economic Zone re-investment reserve	Retained earnings	Effective portion of cash flow hedges	
Balance as at April 1, 2018	1,336.70	9,296.47	90.52	-	-	8,991.72	16.63	19,732.04
Net profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	3,150.08	-	3,150.08
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	-	-	(49.83)	168.43	118.60
Dividend	-	-	-	-	-	(880.00)	-	(880.00)
Tax on dividend	-	-	-	-	-	(137.41)	-	(137.41)
Transfer to general reserve	-	1,260.03	-	-	-	(1,260.03)	-	-
Transfer to capital redemption reserve	-	-	-	8.81	-	(8.81)	-	-
Transfer to Special Economic Zone re-investment reserve	-	-	-	-	70.00	(70.00)	-	-
Adjustments towards employees stock options	-	14.23	(14.23)	-	-	-	-	-
Utilised towards buy back of shares (refer note 4d)	(562.60)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(562.60)
Balance at March 31, 2018	774.10	10,570.73	76.29	8.81	70.00	9,735.72	185.06	21,420.71

Summary of significant accounting policies - Refer note 3

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed financial statements.

 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of  
Persistent Systems Limited

  
 Dr. Anand Dehpande  
 Chairman and Managing Director

  
 Kiran Umrookar  
 Director

  
 Sunil Sapre  
 Executive Director and  
 Chief Financial Officer

  
 Anil Ate  
 Company Secretary

 Place: Pune  
Date : January 30, 2020

 Place: Pune  
Date : January 30, 2020

## **Persistent Systems Limited**

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

### **Nature and purpose of reserves**

#### **a) Securities premium**

Securities premium is used to record the premium on issue of shares. The reserve is utilised in accordance with the provisions of Section 52 of the Companies Act, 2013.

#### **b) General reserve**

General reserve represents amounts transferred from profit for the year and from Share options outstanding reserve on exercise / expiry of employee share options. It is a free reserve in terms of section 2 (43) of the Companies Act, 2013.

#### **c) Share options outstanding reserve**

Share options outstanding reserve represents the cumulative expense recognized for equity-settled transactions at each reporting date until the employee share options are exercised / expired on which such amount is transferred to General reserve.

#### **d) Capital redemption reserve**

Capital redemption reserve represents the nominal value of the shares bought back and is created and utilised in accordance with Section 69 of the Companies Act, 2013.

#### **e) Special Economic Zone re-investment reserve**

The Special Economic Zone re-investment reserve has been created out of the profit in terms of the provisions of Section 10AA(1)(ii) of the Income tax Act, 1961. The reserve should be utilised by the Company for acquiring new plant and machinery for the purpose of its business in accordance with Section 10AA(2) of the Income tax Act, 1961.

#### **f) Cash flow hedge reserve**

The cash flow hedge reserve represents the cumulative effective portion of gains or losses arising on changes in fair value of hedging instruments entered into towards highly probable transactions. Such gains or losses are subsequently recognised in the statement of profit and loss in the period in which the such transaction occurs / hedging instruments are cancelled.

## **Persistent Systems Limited**

### **Notes forming part of condensed financial statements**

#### **1. Nature of operations**

Persistent Systems Limited (the "Company") is a public Company domiciled in India and incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956 (the "Act"). The shares of the Company are listed on Bombay Stock Exchange and National Stock Exchange. The Company is a global company specializing in software products, services and technology innovation. The Company offers complete product life cycle services.

#### **2. Basis of preparation**

The condensed financial statements of the Company have been prepared on an accrual basis and under the historical cost convention except for certain financial instruments and equity settled employee stock options which have been measured at fair value. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of consideration given in exchange of goods and services. The accounting policies are consistently applied by the Company during the period and are consistent with those used in previous year except where a newly issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use.

#### **Statement of compliance**

These condensed financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Ind AS 34 Interim Financial Reporting as notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 read with Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013.

#### **3. Summary of significant accounting policies**

##### **(a) Use of estimates**

The preparation of the condensed financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires the management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenue, expenses, assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent liabilities at the end of period. Although these estimates are based on the management's best knowledge of current events and actions, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in the outcomes requiring a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets or liabilities in future periods.

#### **Critical accounting estimates**

##### **i. Revenue recognition**

The Company uses the percentage-of-completion method in accounting for its fixed-price contracts. Use of the percentage-of-completion method requires the Company to estimate the efforts or costs expended to date as a proportion of the total efforts or costs to be expended. Efforts or costs expended have been used to measure progress towards completion. Provisions for estimated losses, if any, on uncompleted contracts are recorded in the period in which such losses become probable based on the expected contract estimates at the reporting date.

Further, the Company uses significant judgement while determining the transaction price allocated to performance obligations using the expected cost plus margin approach.

In respect of the contracts where the transaction price is payable as revenue share at pre-defined percentage of customer revenue and bearing in mind, the time gap between the close of the accounting period and availability of the revenue report from the customer, the Company is required to use its judgement to ascertain the income from revenue share on the basis of historical trends of customer revenue.

##### **ii. Income taxes**

The Company's major tax jurisdiction is India, though the Company also files tax returns in other overseas jurisdictions. Significant judgements are involved in determining the provision for income taxes.

##### **iii. Property, plant and equipment**

Property, plant and equipment represent a significant proportion of the asset base of the Company. The charge in respect of depreciation is derived after determining an estimate of an asset's expected useful life and the expected residual value at the end of its life. The useful lives and residual values of Company's assets are determined by management at the time the asset is acquired and reviewed periodically. The lives are based on historical experience with similar assets as well as anticipation of future events, which may impact their life, such as changes in technology.

##### **iv. Provisions**

Provisions are determined based on the best estimate required to settle the obligation at the reporting date. If the effect of time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects the risks specific to the liability. These estimates are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.



## Persistent Systems Limited

### Notes forming part of condensed financial statements

#### (b) Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, Plant and Equipment are stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. The cost comprises the purchase price and directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use. Any trade discounts and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price. Capital work-in-progress includes cost of Property, Plant and Equipment that are not ready to be put to use.

Subsequent expenditure related to an item of Property, Plant and Equipment is added to its original cost only if it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company. All other expenses on existing Property, Plant and Equipment, including day-to-day repair and maintenance expenditure and cost of replacing parts, are charged to the statement of profit and loss for the period during which such expenses are incurred.

Gains or losses arising from disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognized in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is disposed.

#### (c) Intangible assets

Intangible assets including software licenses of enduring nature and contractual rights acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Cost comprises the purchase price and any directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use.

Gains or losses arising from disposal of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognized in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is disposed.

##### *Research and development cost*

Research costs are expensed as incurred. Development expenditure incurred on an individual project is recognized as an intangible asset when the Company can demonstrate:

- technical feasibility of completing the intangible asset so that it will be available for use or sale;
- its intention to complete the asset;
- its ability to use or sell the asset;
- how the asset will generate probable future economic benefits;
- the availability of adequate resources to complete the development and to use or sell the asset; and
- the ability to measure reliably the expenditure attributable to the intangible asset during development.

Such development expenditure, until capitalization, is reflected as intangible assets under development.

Following the initial recognition, internally generated intangible assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Amortization of internally generated intangible asset begins when the development is complete and the asset is available for use.

#### (d) Depreciation and amortization

Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment is provided using the Straight Line Method ('SLM') over the useful lives of the assets estimated by the management.

The management estimates the useful lives for the Property, Plant and Equipment as follows:

Assets	Useful lives
Buildings*	25 years
Computers	3 years
Computers - Servers and networks*	3 years
Office equipments	5 years
Plant and equipment*	5 years
Plant and equipment (Windmill)*	20 years
Plant and equipment (Solar Energy System)*	10 years
Furniture and fixtures*	5 years
Vehicles*	5 years

\*For these classes of assets, based on internal assessment and independent technical evaluation carried out by external valuers, the management believes that the useful lives as given above best represent the period over which the management expects to use these assets. Hence the useful lives of these assets are different from the useful lives as prescribed under Part C of Schedule II of the Companies Act 2013.

Individual assets whose cost does not exceed ₹ 5,000 are fully depreciated in the year of acquisition.

Leasehold improvements are amortized over the period of lease or useful life, whichever is lower.

Intangible assets are amortized on a straight line basis over their estimated useful lives commencing from the day the asset is made available for use.

**(e) Financial instruments****i) Financial assets***Initial recognition and measurement*

Financial assets are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets (other than financial assets at fair value through profit or loss) are added to the fair value of the financial assets on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

*Subsequent measurement*

For the purpose of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified as:

**- Financial assets at amortized cost**

Financial assets that are held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows and whose contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. The change in measurements are recognized as finance income in the statement of profit and loss.

**- Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)**

Financial assets that are held within a business model whose objective is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets and the assets' contractual cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding are subsequently measured at fair value. Fair value movements are recognized in other comprehensive income.

**- Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)**

Any financial asset which does not meet the criteria for categorization as financial asset at amortized cost or as FVTOCI, is classified as financial asset at FVTPL. Financial assets except derivative contracts included within the FVTPL category are subsequently measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

**- Forward exchange contracts not intended for trading or speculation purposes, classified as derivative financial instruments**

As per the accounting principles laid down in Ind AS 109 – "Financial Instruments" relating to cash flow hedges, derivative financial instruments which qualify for cash flow hedge accounting are fair valued at balance sheet date and the effective portion of the resultant loss / (gain) is debited / (credited) to the hedge reserve under other comprehensive income and the ineffective portion is recognized to the statement of profit and loss. Derivative financial instruments are carried as forward contract receivable when the fair value is positive and as forward contract payable when the fair value is negative.

Changes in the fair value of derivative instruments that do not qualify for hedge accounting are recognized in the statement of profit and loss as they arise.

Hedge accounting is discontinued when the hedging instrument expires or is sold, or terminated, or exercised, or no longer qualifies for hedge accounting. Any cumulative gain or loss on the hedging instrument recognized under other comprehensive income under other comprehensive income is transferred to the statement of profit and loss when the forecasted transaction occurs or affects profit or loss or when a hedged transaction is no longer expected to occur.

*Derecognition*

The Company derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another party.

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, if any, is recognised in profit or loss.

**ii) Financial liabilities***Initial recognition and measurement*

Financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to issue of financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are deducted from the fair value of the financial liabilities on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the issue of financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

## Persistent Systems Limited

### Notes forming part of condensed financial statements

#### *Subsequent measurement*

For the purpose of subsequent measurement, financial liabilities are classified as:

- **Financial liabilities at amortized cost**

Financial liabilities such as loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. The change in measurements are recognized as finance costs in the statement of profit and loss.

- **Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)**

Financial liabilities include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss if the recognition criteria as per Ind AS 109 – "Financial Instruments" are satisfied. Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognized in statement of profit and loss. Fair value gains or losses on liabilities designated as FVTPL attributable to changes in own credit risk are recognized in other comprehensive income. All other changes in fair value of liabilities designated as FVTPL are recognized in the statement of profit and loss. The Company has not designated any financial liability as at FVTPL.

#### *Derecognition*

The Company derecognises financial liabilities when the Company's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

### iii) Impairment

#### i) Financial assets

The Company applies Expected Credit Loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on financial assets measured at amortized cost and financial assets that are debts instruments and are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI). ECL is the difference between contractual cash flows that are due and the cash flows that the Company expects to receive, discounted at the original effective interest rate.

For trade receivables, the Company recognizes impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECL at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition. For other financial assets, the Company determines whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition. If credit risk has not increased significantly, 12 month ECL is used to provide for impairment loss. However, if credit risk has increased significantly, lifetime ECL is used.

#### ii) Non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of Property, Plant and Equipment are reviewed at each balance sheet date or whenever there is any indication of impairment based on internal/external factors. If any indications exist, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount unless the asset does not generate cash flows that are largely independent of those from other assets. In such cases, the recoverable amount is determined for the Cash Generating Unit (CGU) to which the asset belongs. If the recoverable amount of an asset (or CGU) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or CGU) is reduced to its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the greater of the asset's fair value and its value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and risks specific to the asset. An impairment loss is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

Recoverable amount of intangible under development that is not yet available for use is estimated at least at each financial period end even if there is no indication that the asset is impaired.

### (f) Borrowing costs

Borrowing cost includes interest, amortization of ancillary costs incurred in connection with the arrangement of borrowings.

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or development of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalized as part of the cost of the respective asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period / year they occur.

### (g) Leases

#### *Where the Company is a lessee*

The Company accounts for each lease component within the contract as a lease separately from non-lease components of the contract and allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of the relative stand-alone price of the lease component and the aggregate stand-alone price of the non-lease components.

The Company recognises right-of-use asset representing its right to use the underlying asset for the lease term at the lease commencement date. The cost of the right-of-use asset measured at inception shall comprise of the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease

incentives received, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to be incurred by the lessee in dismantling and removing the underlying asset or restoring the underlying asset or site on which it is located.

The right-of-use assets is subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation, accumulated impairment losses, if any and adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liability. The right-of-use assets is depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date over the shorter of lease term or useful life of right-of-use asset. The estimated useful lives of right-of use assets are determined on the same basis as those of property, plant and equipment.

Right-of-use assets are tested for impairment whenever there is any indication that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable. Impairment loss, if any, is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

The Company measures the lease liability at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date of the lease. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the Company uses incremental borrowing rate.

The lease payments shall include fixed payments, variable lease payments, residual value guarantees, exercise price of a purchase option where the Company is reasonably certain to exercise that option and payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the lessee exercising an option to terminate the lease.

The lease liability is subsequently remeasured by increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability, reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made and remeasuring the carrying amount to reflect any reassessment or lease modifications or to reflect revised in-substance fixed lease payments.

The Company recognises the amount of the re-measurement of lease liability as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset. Where the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset is reduced to zero and there is a further reduction in the measurement of the lease liability, the Company recognises any remaining amount of the re-measurement in statement of profit and loss.

The Company has elected not to apply the requirements of Ind AS 116 to short-term leases of all assets that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases for which the underlying asset is of low value. The lease expenses associated with these leases are recognized in the statement of profit and loss on accrual basis.

#### **Company as a lessor**

At the inception of the lease the Company classifies each of its leases as either an operating lease or a finance lease. The Company recognises lease payments received under operating leases as income over the lease term.

#### **(h) Revenue recognition**

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable taking into account the amount of any trade discounts and volume rebates allowed by the Company. Revenue is recognized to the extent it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognized:

##### **(i) Income from sale of software services and products**

The company derives revenues primarily from IT services comprising of software development and related services and from the licensing of software products.

Revenue is recognized upon transfer of control of promised products or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration expected to receive in exchange for those products or services.

Arrangements with customers for software related services are either on a time-and-material or a fixed-price basis.

Revenue on time-and-material contracts are recognized as and when the related services are performed. Revenue from fixed-price contracts, where the performance obligations are satisfied over time and where there is no uncertainty as to measurement or collectability of consideration, is recognized as per the percentage-of-completion method. When there is uncertainty as to measurement or ultimate collectability, revenue recognition is postponed until such uncertainty is resolved.

Revenue from licenses where the customer obtains a "right to use" the licenses is recognized at the time the license is made available to the customer. Revenue from licenses where the customer obtains a "right to access" is recognized over the access period.

The company has applied the principles under Ind AS 115 to account for revenues from these performance obligations.

When support services are provided in conjunction with the licensing arrangement and the license and the support services have been identified as two separate performance obligations, the transaction price for such contracts are allocated to each performance obligation of the contract based on their relative standalone selling prices. Maintenance revenue is recognized proportionately over the period in which the services are rendered.

Revenue from revenue share is recognized in accordance with the terms of the relevant agreements.

The company accounts for volume discounts and pricing incentives to customers as a reduction of revenue based on the proportionate allocation of the discounts amount to each of the underlying performance obligation that corresponds to the progress by the customer towards earning the discount. Also, when the level of discount varies with increases in levels of revenue transactions, the Company recognizes the liability based on its estimate of the customer's future purchases. If it is probable that the criteria for the discount will not be met, or if the amount thereof cannot be estimated reliably, then discount is not recognized until the payment is probable and the amount can be estimated reliably. The company recognizes changes in

## **Persistent Systems Limited**

### **Notes forming part of condensed financial statements**

the estimated amount of obligations for discounts in the period in which the change occurs.

Unbilled revenue represents revenue recognized in relation to work done until the balance sheet date for which billing has not taken place.

Unearned revenue represents the billing in respect of contracts for which the revenue is not recognized.

The Company collects Goods and Service Tax, value added taxes (VAT) on behalf of the government and, therefore, these are not economic benefits flowing to the Company. Hence, they are excluded from revenue.

#### **(ii) Interest**

Interest income is recognized on a time proportion basis taking into account the carrying amount and the effective interest rate. Interest income is included under the head 'Other income' in the statement of profit and loss.

#### **(iii) Dividend**

Dividend income is recognized when the Company's right to receive dividend is established. Dividend income is included under the head 'Other income' in the statement of profit and loss.

#### **(i) Government grants**

Government grants are recognized at fair value when there is reasonable assurance that the Company will comply with the conditions attaching to them and the grants will be received. Grants related to purchase of assets are treated as deferred income and allocated to income statement over the useful lives of the related assets while grants related to expenses are deducted in reporting the related expenses in the income statement.

#### **(j) Foreign currency translation**

##### ***Foreign currency transactions and balances***

##### ***Initial recognition***

Foreign currency transactions are recorded in the functional currency of the Company, by applying to the foreign currency amount the exchange rate between the functional currency and the foreign currency at the date of the transaction.

##### ***Conversion***

Foreign currency monetary items are reported using the exchange rate prevailing at the reporting date. Non-monetary items, which are measured in terms of historical cost denominated in a foreign currency are reported using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items which are carried at fair value or other similar valuation denominated in a foreign currency are reported using the exchange rates at the date when the values were determined.

##### ***Exchange differences***

Exchange differences arising on conversion / settlement of foreign currency monetary items and on foreign currency liabilities relating to Property, Plant and Equipment acquisition are recognized as income or expenses in the period in which they arise.

##### ***Translation of foreign operations***

The Company presents the financial statements in INR which is the functional currency of the Company.

The assets and liabilities of a foreign operation are translated into the reporting currency (INR) at the exchange rate prevailing at the reporting date.

#### **(k) Retirement and other employee benefits**

##### **(i) Provident fund**

Provident fund is a defined contribution plan covering eligible employees. The Company and the eligible employees make a monthly contribution to the provident fund maintained by the Regional Provident Fund Commissioner equal to the specified percentage of the basic salary of the eligible employees as per the scheme. The contributions to the provident fund are charged to the statement of profit and loss for the period / year when the contributions are due. The Company has no obligation, other than the contribution payable to the provident fund.

##### **(ii) Gratuity**

Gratuity is a defined benefit obligation plan operated by the Company for its employees covered under Company Gratuity Scheme. The cost of providing benefit under gratuity plan is determined on the basis of actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit method at the reporting date and are charged to the statement of profit and loss, except for the remeasurements, comprising of actuarial gains and losses which are recognized in full in the statement of other comprehensive income in the

## **Persistent Systems Limited**

### **Notes forming part of condensed financial statements**

reporting period in which they occur. Remeasurements are not reclassified to profit and loss subsequently.

#### **(iii) Superannuation**

Superannuation is a defined contribution plan covering eligible employees. The contribution to the superannuation fund managed by the insurer is equal to the specified percentage of the basic salary of the eligible employees as per the scheme. The contribution to this scheme is charged to the statement of profit and loss on an accrual basis. There are no other contributions payable other than contribution payable to the respective fund.

#### **(iv) Leave encashment**

Accumulated leave, which is expected to be utilized within the next twelve months, is treated as short-term employee benefit. The Company measures the expected cost of such absences as the additional amount that it expects to pay as a result of the unused entitlement that has accumulated at the reporting date.

The Company treats accumulated leave expected to be carried forward beyond twelve months, as long-term employee benefit for measurement purposes. Such long-term compensated absences are provided for based on the actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit method at the reporting date. Remeasurements, comprising of actuarial gains and losses are recognized in full in the statement of profit and loss. Expense on non-accumulating compensated absences is recognized in the period in which the absences occur.

The Company presents the entire leave encashment liability as a current liability in the balance sheet, since it does not have an unconditional right to defer its settlement for twelve months after the reporting date.

#### **(v) Long service awards**

Long service awards are other long term benefits to all eligible employees, as per Company's policy. The cost of providing benefit under long service awards scheme is determined on the basis of actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit method at the reporting date. Remeasurements, comprising of actuarial gains and losses are recognized in full in the statement of profit and loss.

### **(I) Income taxes**

Tax expense comprises of current and deferred tax. Current income tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid to the tax authorities in accordance with the Income Tax Act, 1961 enacted in India and tax laws prevailing in the respective tax jurisdictions where the Company operates. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date. Current income tax relating to items recognized directly in equity is recognized in equity and not in statement of profit and loss.

Deferred income taxes reflect the impact of temporary differences between tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts. Deferred tax is measured based on the tax rates and the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences, except deferred tax liability arising from initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, affects neither accounting nor taxable profit/ loss at the time of transaction. Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences, the carry forward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses, except deferred tax assets arising from initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, affects neither accounting nor taxable profit/ loss at the time of transaction. Deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realized.

In the situations where the Company is entitled to a tax holiday under the Income-tax Act, 1961 enacted in India or tax laws prevailing in the respective tax jurisdictions where it operates, no deferred tax (asset or liability) is recognized in respect of temporary differences which reverse during the tax holiday period, to the extent the Company's gross total income is subject to the deduction during the tax holiday period. Deferred tax in respect of temporary differences which reverse after the tax holiday period is recognized in the period / year in which the temporary differences originate.

The carrying amount of deferred tax asset is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realized.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset, if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

Deferred tax relating to items recognized outside the statement of profit and loss is recognized in co-relation to the underlying transaction either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Minimum alternate tax (MAT) paid in a period / year is charged to the statement of profit and loss as current tax. MAT credit available is recognized as an asset only to the extent that there is convincing evidence that the Company will pay normal income tax during the period, i.e., the period for which MAT credit is allowed to be carried forward. In the year in which the Company recognizes MAT credit as an asset in accordance with the Guidance Note on Accounting for Credit Available in respect of Minimum Alternative Tax under the Income-tax Act, 1961, the said asset is created by way of credit to the statement of profit

and loss and shown as "MAT Credit Entitlement." The Company reviews the "MAT credit entitlement" asset at each reporting date and writes down the asset to the extent the Company does not have convincing evidence that it will pay normal tax during the specified period.

**(m) Segment reporting**

In accordance with para 4 of Notified Indian Accounting Standard 108 (Ind AS-108) "Operating Segments" the Company has disclosed segment information only on the basis of consolidated financial statements which are presented together with the unconsolidated financial statements.

**(n) Earnings per share (EPS)**

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit for the period / year attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period / year. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the reporting period is adjusted for events such as bonus issue, bonus element in a rights issue, share split, and reverse share split (consolidation of shares), if any occurred during the reporting period, that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without a corresponding change in resources. Further, the weighted average number of equity shares used in computing the basic earnings per share is reduced by the shares held by PSPL ESOP Management Trust at the balance sheet date, which were obtained by subscription to the shares from finance provided by the Company.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit for the period / year attributable to the equity shareholders and the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period / year, are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

The number of shares and potential dilutive equity shares are adjusted retrospectively for all periods presented for any bonus shares issues including for changes effected prior to the approval of the condensed financial statements by the Board of Directors.

**(o) Provisions**

A provision is recognized when the Company has a present obligation as a result of past event; it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made. Provisions are determined based on the best estimate required to settle the obligation at the reporting date. If the effect of time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects the risks specific to the liability. These estimates are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

**(p) Contingent liabilities**

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the Company or a present obligation that is not recognized because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation.

A contingent liability also arises in extremely rare cases where there is a liability that cannot be recognized because it cannot be measured reliably.

**(q) Cash and cash equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents in the cash flow statement comprises of cash at bank, cash in hand and short term deposits with an original maturity period of three months or less.

**(r) Employee stock compensation expenses**

Employees of the Company receive remuneration in the form of share based payment transactions, whereby employees render services as consideration for equity instruments granted (equity-settled transactions).

In accordance with Ind AS 102 – "Share Based Payments", the cost of equity-settled transactions is determined by the fair value of the options at the date of the grant and recognized as employee compensation cost over the vesting period. The cumulative expense recognized for equity-settled transactions at each reporting date until the vesting date reflects the extent to which the vesting period has expired and the Company's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest.

The expense or credit recognized in the statement of profit and loss for a period / year represents the movement in cumulative expense recognized as at the beginning and end of that period / year and is recognized in employee benefits expense. In case of the employee stock option schemes having a graded vesting schedule, each vesting tranche having different vesting period has been considered as a separate option grant and accounted for accordingly.

Where the terms of an equity-settled transaction award are modified, the minimum expense recognized is the expense as if the terms had not been modified, if the original terms of the award are met. An additional expense is recognized for any modification that increases the total fair value of the share-based payment transaction, or is otherwise beneficial to the employee as measured at the date of modification.

The employee stock option expenses in respect of the employees of the subsidiaries are charged to the respective subsidiary.

**Persistent Systems Limited****Notes forming part of condensed financial statements****4. Share capital**

	As at December 31, 2019 In ₹ Million	As at December 31, 2018 In ₹ Million	As at March 31, 2019 In ₹ Million
<b>Authorized shares (No. in million)</b>			
200 (Corresponding period/ Previous year: 200) equity shares of ₹ 10 each	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00
	<b>2,000.00</b>	<b>2,000.00</b>	<b>2,000.00</b>
<b>Issued, subscribed and fully paid-up shares (No. in million)</b>			
76.43 (Corresponding period: 80 / Previous year: 79.12) equity shares of ₹ 10 each	764.25	800.00	791.19
<b>Issued, subscribed and fully paid-up share capital</b>	<b>764.25</b>	<b>800.00</b>	<b>791.19</b>

**a) Reconciliation of the shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the period/ year:**

The reconciliation of the number of shares outstanding and the amount of share capital is set out below:

(In Million)

	As at December 31, 2019		As at December 31, 2018		As at March 31, 2019	
	No. of shares	Amount	No. of shares	Amount	No. of shares	Amount
Number of shares at the beginning of the period/year	79.12	791.19	80.00	800.00	80.00	800.00
Less: Shares bought back	2.69	26.94	-	-	0.88	8.81
<b>Number of shares at the end of the period/ year</b>	<b>76.43</b>	<b>764.25</b>	<b>80.00</b>	<b>800.00</b>	<b>79.12</b>	<b>791.19</b>

**b) Terms / rights attached to equity shares**

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of ₹10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The Company declares and pays dividends in Indian rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

**c) Aggregate number of bonus shares issued, shares issued for consideration other than cash and shares bought back during the period of five years immediately preceding the reporting date**

	For the period of five years ended December 31, 2019 No in Million	For the period of five years ended December 31, 2018 No in Million	For the period of five years ended March 31, 2019 No in Million
Equity shares allotted on March 12, 2015 as fully paid bonus shares by capitalization of securities premium ₹ 400.00 million	40.00	40.00	40.00
Equity shares bought back	3.575	-	0.88

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**Persistent Systems Limited****Notes forming part of condensed financial statements****d) Buyback of Equity Shares of the Company:**

The Board of Directors, in its meeting held in January 2019, approved the buyback by the Company of its fully paid-up equity shares having face value of ₹ 10 each. The window for buying the shares opened on February 8, 2019 and the Company has purchased 3,575,000 equity shares between February 2019 and June 2019 and has extinguished these shares after following the due process. The Company has completed the Buyback on June 27, 2019 and the total number of equity shares outstanding as on December 31, 2019 post buyback stands at 76,425,000.

**e) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company**

Name of the shareholder*	As at December 31, 2019		As at December 31, 2018		As at March 31, 2019	
	No. in million	% Holding	No. in million	% Holding	No. in million	% Holding
Dr. Anand Deshpande jointly with Mrs. Sonali Anand Deshpande	22.96	30.04	22.93	28.66	22.95	29.01
Schemes of HDFC Mutual Fund	5.65	7.40	3.53	4.41	3.73	4.71

\* The shareholding information is based on legal ownership of shares and has been extracted from the records of the Company including register of shareholders / members.

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**Persistent Systems Limited**

Notes forming part of condensed financial statements

**5.1 Property, Plant and Equipment**

	Freehold land	Buildings	Computers	Office equipments	Plant and equipment	Leasehold improvements	Furniture and fixtures	Vehicles	(In ₹ Million) Total
<b>Gross block (At cost)</b>									
As at April 1, 2019	206.92	2,387.00	1,684.93	53.22	1,376.04	21.12	515.09	8.44	6,252.76
Additions	-	0.30	201.92	0.40	25.56	-	8.40	-	236.58
Disposals	-	-	51.30	0.03	11.49	-	2.55	-	65.37
<b>As at December 31, 2019</b>	<b>206.92</b>	<b>2,387.30</b>	<b>1,835.55</b>	<b>53.59</b>	<b>1,390.11</b>	<b>21.12</b>	<b>520.94</b>	<b>8.44</b>	<b>6,423.97</b>
<b>Depreciation and impairment</b>									
As at April 1, 2019	-	964.75	1,460.02	48.77	1,144.38	17.88	482.47	4.23	4,122.50
Charge for the period	-	72.43	123.98	1.71	51.59	1.08	16.72	0.79	268.30
Disposals	-	-	51.18	0.03	11.49	-	2.54	-	65.24
<b>As at December 31, 2019</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1,037.18</b>	<b>1,532.82</b>	<b>50.45</b>	<b>1,184.48</b>	<b>18.96</b>	<b>496.65</b>	<b>5.02</b>	<b>4,325.56</b>
<b>Net block</b>									
As at December 31, 2019	206.92	1,350.12	302.73	3.14	205.63	2.16	24.29	3.42	2,098.41
As at March 31, 2019	206.92	1,422.25	224.91	4.45	231.66	3.24	32.62	4.21	2,130.26

	Freehold land	Buildings*	Computers	Office equipments	Plant and equipment	Leasehold improvements	Furniture and fixtures	Vehicles	(In ₹ Million) Total
<b>Gross block (At cost)</b>									
As at April 1, 2018	206.92	2,386.97	1,632.30	53.48	1,377.70	21.12	511.29	4.73	6,194.51
Additions	-	0.07	119.06	1.40	13.41	-	3.19	4.66	141.79
Disposals	-	-	38.75	1.81	19.64	-	0.47	0.95	61.62
<b>As at December 31, 2018</b>	<b>206.92</b>	<b>2,387.04</b>	<b>1,712.61</b>	<b>53.07</b>	<b>1,371.47</b>	<b>21.12</b>	<b>514.01</b>	<b>8.44</b>	<b>6,274.68</b>
<b>Depreciation and impairment</b>									
As at April 1, 2018	-	868.36	1,395.62	47.67	1,080.85	15.43	458.28	4.42	3,870.63
Charge for the period	-	72.53	121.47	2.42	63.02	2.08	18.56	0.48	280.56
Disposals	-	-	38.75	1.81	19.64	-	0.47	0.95	61.62
<b>As at December 31, 2018</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>940.89</b>	<b>1,478.34</b>	<b>48.28</b>	<b>1,124.23</b>	<b>17.51</b>	<b>476.37</b>	<b>3.95</b>	<b>4,089.57</b>
<b>Net block</b>									
As at December 31, 2018	206.92	1,446.15	234.27	4.79	247.24	3.61	37.64	4.49	2,185.11

**Persistent Systems Limited**

Notes forming part of condensed financial statements

**5.1 Property, Plant and Equipment**

(In ₹ Million)

	Freehold land	Buildings	Computers	Office equipments	Plant and equipment	Leasehold improvements	Furniture and fixtures	Vehicles	Total
<b>Gross block (At cost)</b>									
As at April 1, 2018	206.92	2,386.97	1,632.30	53.48	1,377.70	21.12	511.29	4.73	6,194.51
Additions	-	0.07	147.45	1.78	21.15	-	4.40	4.66	179.49
Disposals	-	0.04	94.62	2.02	22.81	-	0.60	0.95	121.24
<b>As at March 31, 2019</b>	<b>206.92</b>	<b>2,387.00</b>	<b>1,684.93</b>	<b>53.22</b>	<b>1,376.04</b>	<b>21.12</b>	<b>515.09</b>	<b>8.44</b>	<b>6,252.76</b>
<b>Depreciation and Impairment</b>									
As at April 1, 2018	-	866.36	1,395.62	47.67	1,080.65	15.43	458.28	4.42	3,870.83
Charge for the year	-	96.42	159.20	3.11	86.33	2.45	24.79	0.78	373.06
Disposals	-	0.03	94.80	2.01	22.80	-	0.60	0.65	121.19
<b>As at March 31, 2019</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>964.75</b>	<b>1,460.02</b>	<b>48.77</b>	<b>1,144.38</b>	<b>17.88</b>	<b>482.47</b>	<b>4.23</b>	<b>4,122.50</b>
<b>Net block</b>									
As at March 31, 2019	206.92	1,422.25	224.91	4.45	231.66	3.24	32.62	4.21	2,130.26
<b>As at March 31, 2018</b>	<b>206.92</b>	<b>1,518.61</b>	<b>236.68</b>	<b>5.81</b>	<b>296.85</b>	<b>5.69</b>	<b>53.01</b>	<b>0.31</b>	<b>2,323.88</b>

**5.2 Right of use assets**

(In ₹ Million)

	Total
<b>Office premises</b>	
<b>Gross block (At cost)</b>	
As at April 1, 2019	-
Additions (Transitional impact on adoption of Ind AS 116)	358.91
<b>As at December 31, 2019</b>	<b>358.91</b>
<b>Depreciation and Impairment</b>	
As at April 1, 2019	-
Charge for the period	94.99
<b>As at December 31, 2019</b>	<b>94.99</b>
<b>Net block</b>	
<b>As at December 31, 2019</b>	<b>263.92</b>

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**Persistent Systems Limited**

Notes forming part of condensed financial statements

**5.3 Other Intangible assets**

	Software	Acquired contractual rights	(In ₹ Million) Total
<b>Gross block</b>			
As at April 1, 2019	713.08	261.74	974.82
Additions	22.29	-	22.29
<b>As at December 31, 2019</b>	<b>735.37</b>	<b>261.74</b>	<b>997.11</b>
<b>Amortization and impairment</b>			
As at April 1, 2019	629.22	261.74	890.96
Charge for the period	55.37	-	55.37
<b>As at December 31, 2019</b>	<b>684.59</b>	<b>261.74</b>	<b>946.33</b>
<b>Net block</b>			
<b>As at December 31, 2019</b>	<b>50.78</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>50.78</b>
<b>As at March 31, 2019</b>	<b>83.86</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>83.86</b>

	Software	Acquired contractual rights	(In ₹ Million) Total
<b>Gross block</b>			
As at April 1, 2018	660.92	261.74	922.66
Additions	43.95	-	43.95
<b>As at December 31, 2018</b>	<b>704.87</b>	<b>261.74</b>	<b>966.61</b>
<b>Amortization and impairment</b>			
As at April 1, 2018	543.44	261.74	805.18
Charge for the period	63.99	-	63.99
<b>As at December 31, 2018</b>	<b>607.43</b>	<b>261.74</b>	<b>869.17</b>
<b>Net block</b>			
<b>As at December 31, 2018</b>	<b>97.44</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>97.44</b>

	Software	Acquired contractual rights	(In ₹ Million) Total
<b>Gross block</b>			
As at April 1, 2018	660.92	261.74	922.66
Additions	52.16	-	52.16
<b>As at March 31, 2019</b>	<b>713.08</b>	<b>261.74</b>	<b>974.82</b>
<b>Amortization and impairment</b>			
As at April 1, 2018	543.44	261.74	805.18
Charge for the year	85.78	-	85.78
<b>As at March 31, 2019</b>	<b>629.22</b>	<b>261.74</b>	<b>890.96</b>
<b>Net block</b>			
<b>As at March 31, 2019</b>	<b>83.86</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>83.86</b>
<b>As at March 31, 2018</b>	<b>117.48</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>117.48</b>

**5.4 Depreciation and amortization**

	For the quarter ended		For the nine months ended		(In ₹ Million) For the year ended
	December 31, 2019	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2019	December 31, 2018	March 31, 2018
On Property, Plant and Equipment	90.87	91.73	268.30	280.56	373.06
On other intangible assets	17.64	21.74	55.37	63.99	85.78
On Right of use assets	31.75	-	94.99	-	-
	<b>140.26</b>	<b>113.47</b>	<b>418.66</b>	<b>344.55</b>	<b>458.84</b>

**Persistent Systems Limited**

Notes forming part of condensed financial statements

**6. Non-current financial assets : Investments (refer note 30)**

	As at December 31, 2019 In ₹ Million	As at December 31, 2018 In ₹ Million	As at March 31, 2019 In ₹ Million
<b>Investments carried at cost</b>			
Unquoted investments			
Investments in equity instruments			
- In wholly owned subsidiary companies			
Persistent Systems, Inc.			
402 million (Corresponding period/ Previous year : 402 million) shares of USD 0.10 each, fully paid up	2,478.01	2,478.01	2,478.01
	<b>2,478.01</b>	<b>2,478.01</b>	<b>2,478.01</b>
Persistent Systems Pte Ltd.			
0.50 million (Corresponding period/ Previous year: 0.50 million) shares of SGD 1 each, fully paid up	15.50	15.50	15.50
	<b>15.50</b>	<b>15.50</b>	<b>15.50</b>
Persistent Systems France SAS			
1.50 million (Corresponding period/ Previous year: 1.50 million) shares of EUR 1 each, fully paid up	97.47	97.47	97.47
	<b>97.47</b>	<b>97.47</b>	<b>97.47</b>
Persistent Systems Malaysia Sdn. Bhd.			
5.45 million (Corresponding period/Previous year: 5.45 million) shares of MYR 1 each, fully paid up	102.25	102.25	102.25
	<b>102.25</b>	<b>102.25</b>	<b>102.25</b>
Persistent Systems Germany GmbH			
11.6527 million (Corresponding period: 9.525 million / Previous year: 9.525 million) shares of EUR 1 each, fully paid up	1,265.91	713.19	713.19
	<b>1,265.91</b>	<b>713.19</b>	<b>713.19</b>
-In associates			
Klisma e-Services Private Limited [Holding 50% (Corresponding period/Previous year: 50% )]			
0.005 million (Corresponding period / Previous year : 0.005 million) shares of ₹ 10 each, fully paid up	0.05	0.05	0.05
Less : Impairment	(0.05)	(0.05)	(0.05)
	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Total investments carried at cost (A)</b>	<b>3,959.14</b>	<b>3,406.42</b>	<b>3,406.42</b>
<b>Investments carried at amortised cost</b>			
Quoted Investments			
In bonds			
[Market value ₹ 2,051.77 million (Corresponding period ₹ 2,009.01 million/ Previous year ₹ 2,120.86 million)]	1,989.37	1,971.37	2,088.35
Add: Interest accrued on bonds	75.04	74.04	68.33
<b>Total investments carried at amortised cost (B)</b>	<b>2,064.41</b>	<b>2,045.41</b>	<b>2,156.68</b>
<b>Designated as fair value through profit and loss</b>			
Quoted Investments			
- Investments in mutual funds			
Fair value of long term mutual funds (Refer Note 6a)	1,524.30	1,646.79	1,974.91
	<b>1,524.30</b>	<b>1,646.79</b>	<b>1,974.91</b>
<b>Unquoted Investments</b>			
-Others*			
Altizon Systems Private Limited			
3,766 equity shares (Corresponding period / Previous year : 3,766 equity shares) of ₹ 10 each, fully paid up	6.00	6.00	6.00
	<b>6.00</b>	<b>6.00</b>	<b>6.00</b>
<b>Total investments carried at fair value (C)</b>	<b>1,530.30</b>	<b>1,652.79</b>	<b>1,980.91</b>
<b>Total investments (A) + (B) + (C)</b>	<b>7,553.85</b>	<b>7,104.62</b>	<b>7,544.01</b>
<b>Aggregate provision for diminution in value of investments</b>	<b>0.05</b>	<b>0.05</b>	<b>0.05</b>
<b>Aggregate amount of quoted investments</b>	<b>3,588.71</b>	<b>3,692.20</b>	<b>4,131.59</b>
<b>Aggregate amount of unquoted investments</b>	<b>3,965.19</b>	<b>3,412.47</b>	<b>3,412.47</b>

\* Investments, where the Company does not have joint-control or significant influence including situations where such joint-control or significant influence is intended to be temporary, are classified as "investments in others"

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**Persistent Systems Limited**

Notes forming part of condensed financial statements

**6 a) Details of fair value of Investment In long term Mutual Funds (Quoted)**

	As at December 31, 2019 In ₹ Million	As at December 31, 2018 In ₹ Million	As at March 31, 2019 In ₹ Million
Axis Mutual Fund	535.71	100.00	304.96
IDFC Mutual Fund	319.75	-	50.13
Kotak Mutual Fund	139.04	286.82	294.32
ICICI Prudential Mutual Fund	138.75	534.72	550.21
UTI Mutual Fund	103.78	155.83	160.32
Aditya Birla Sun Life Mutual Fund	81.20	186.42	191.44
SBI Mutual Fund	69.82	63.25	65.18
HDFC Mutual Fund	35.01	200.85	205.96
DSP Mutual Fund	34.40	31.11	32.09
DHFL Pramerica Mutual Fund	34.37	31.18	32.10
Sundaram Mutual Fund	32.47	-	30.15
Reliance Mutual Fund	-	56.61	58.05
	<b>1,524.30</b>	<b>1,646.79</b>	<b>1,974.91</b>

**Persistent Systems Limited**

Notes forming part of condensed financial statements

**7. Non-current financial assets : Loans (refer note 30)**

	As at December 31, 2019 In ₹ Million	As at December 31, 2018 In ₹ Million	As at March 31, 2019 In ₹ Million
<b>Carried at amortised cost</b>			
Security deposit			
Unsecured, considered good	123.57	111.07	116.01
Unsecured, credit impaired	-	-	-
	123.57	111.07	116.01
Less: Impairment	-	-	-
	123.57	111.07	116.01
<b>Other loans and advances</b>			
Inter corporate deposits			
Unsecured, considered good	-	-	-
Unsecured, credit impaired	0.58	0.58	0.58
	0.58	0.58	0.58
Less: Impairment	(0.58)	(0.58)	(0.58)
	-	-	-
	123.57	111.07	116.01

**8. Other non-current financial assets (refer note 30)**

	As at December 31, 2019 In ₹ Million	As at December 31, 2018 In ₹ Million	As at March 31, 2019 In ₹ Million
<b>Non-current bank balances (Refer note 14)</b>	444.81	24.89	94.39
Add: Interest accrued but not due on non-current bank deposits	6.89	4.79	1.46
Non-current deposits with banks (Carried at amortised cost)	451.70	29.78	95.85
<b>Deposit with financial institutions</b>	430.00	-	430.00
Add: Interest accrued but not due on deposit with financial institutions	0.98	-	0.98
Less: Credit impaired	(382.50)	-	(182.50)
Non-current deposits with financial institutions (Carried at amortised cost)	48.48	-	248.48
<b>Investment in Persistent Systems Germany GmbH (Shares pending allotment)</b>	-	-	78.72
	500.18	29.78	423.05

**9. Deferred tax assets (net)**

	As at December 31, 2019 In ₹ Million	As at December 31, 2018 In ₹ Million	As at March 31, 2019 In ₹ Million
<b>Deferred tax liabilities:</b>			
Differences in book values and tax base values of block of Property, Plant and Equipment and other intangible assets	23.44	44.54	40.92
Capital gains (net)	73.10	75.28	99.83
Others	2.03	37.33	99.40
	98.57	157.15	240.15
<b>Deferred tax assets</b>			
Provision for leave encashment	60.48	65.80	65.51
Provision for long service awards	47.73	59.32	62.02
Provision for doubtful debts	30.01	25.51	25.74
Tax credit	72.54	48.28	45.73
ROU asset and Lease liability	33.33	-	-
Others	105.07	-	96.71
	349.16	198.91	295.71
<b>Deferred tax (liabilities) / assets (net)</b>	250.29	41.76	55.56

**10. Other non current assets**

	As at December 31, 2019 In ₹ Million	As at December 31, 2018 In ₹ Million	As at March 31, 2019 In ₹ Million
Advances recoverable in cash or kind or for value to be received	37.49	74.72	66.29
Balances with government authorities	298.55	-	-
Capital advances (Unsecured, considered good)	-	-	2.06
	334.04	74.72	68.35

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**Persistent Systems Limited**

Notes forming part of condensed financial statements

**11. Current financial assets : Investments (refer note 30)**

	As at December 31, 2019 In ₹ Million	As at December 31, 2018 In ₹ Million	As at March 31, 2019 In ₹ Million
Designated as fair value through profit and loss			
- Quoted Investments			
Investments in mutual funds			
Fair value of current mutual funds (Refer Note 11a)	2,309.43	7,352.25	3,295.53
	<u>2,309.43</u>	<u>7,352.25</u>	<u>3,295.53</u>
Total carrying amount of Investments	<u>2,309.43</u>	<u>7,352.25</u>	<u>3,295.53</u>
Aggregate amount of quoted Investments	2,309.43	7,352.25	3,295.53

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**Persistent Systems Limited**

Notes forming part of condensed financial statements

**11 a) Details of fair value of current investment in mutual funds (Quoted)**

	As at December 31, 2019 In ₹ Million	As at December 31, 2018 In ₹ Million	As at March 31, 2019 In ₹ Million
ICICI Prudential Mutual Fund	451.03	795.56	399.98
Aditya Birla Sun Life Mutual Fund	432.29	1,074.98	386.73
IDFC Mutual Fund	429.65	23.13	106.40
L&T Mutual Fund	247.93	1,004.83	407.39
Axis Mutual Fund	208.28	894.64	426.87
HDFC Mutual Fund	183.65	439.11	493.59
Kotak Mutual Fund	174.48	230.67	-
UTI Mutual Fund	120.39	1,133.60	625.92
Reliance Mutual Fund	61.73	-	-
SBI Mutual Fund	-	338.53	162.14
DSP Mutual Fund	-	475.05	103.35
Tata Mutual Fund	-	704.22	115.97
Sundaram Mutual Fund	-	237.93	67.19
	<b>2,309.43</b>	<b>7,352.25</b>	<b>3,295.53</b>

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**Persistent Systems Limited**

Notes forming part of condensed financial statements

**12. Trade receivables (refer note 30)**

	As at December 31, 2019 In ₹ Million	As at December 31, 2018 In ₹ Million	As at March 31, 2019 In ₹ Million
Unsecured, considered good*	3,273.90	2,226.58	2,429.85
Unsecured, credit impaired	119.25	72.99	73.66
	3,393.15	2,299.57	2,503.51
Less : Allowance for credit loss	(119.25)	(72.99)	(73.66)
	3,273.90	2,226.58	2,429.85
	3,273.90	2,226.58	2,429.85

\*includes dues from related parties

**13. Cash and cash equivalents (refer note 30)**

	As at December 31, 2019 In ₹ Million	As at December 31, 2018 In ₹ Million	As at March 31, 2019 In ₹ Million
<b>Cash and cash equivalents as presented in cash flow statement</b>			
Cash on hand	0.12	0.15	0.11
Balances with banks			
On current accounts#	157.26	267.06	126.71
On saving accounts	7.26	0.43	0.91
On Exchange Earner's Foreign Currency accounts	273.03	323.55	114.91
On deposit accounts with original maturity less than three months	-	-	229.54
On Escrow account**	-	-	92.94
Cheques on hand	-	6.04	-
	437.67	597.23	565.12

# Out of the cash and cash equivalent balance as at December 31, 2019, the Company can utilise ₹ 5.16 Million (Corresponding period : ₹ 2.98 Million / Previous year: ₹ 2.15 Million) only towards research and development activities specified in the agreement.

\*\* The Company concluded the buyback scheme with effect from June 27, 2019 and minimum balance maintained in Escrow account was released on completion of statutory formalities.

**14. Other bank balances (refer note 30)**

	As at December 31, 2019 In ₹ Million	As at December 31, 2018 In ₹ Million	As at March 31, 2019 In ₹ Million
Short term bank deposits*	5,762.87	1,644.86	4,687.90
Add: Interest accrued but not due on deposits with banks	274.92	21.17	64.86
Deposits with banks (Carried at amortised cost)	6,037.79	1,665.83	4,752.76
Less: Deposit with maturity more than twelve months from the Balance Sheet date disclosed under non-current financial assets (Refer note 8)	(444.81)	(24.99)	(94.39)
Less: Interest accrued but not due on non-current deposits with banks (Refer note 8)	(6.89)	(4.79)	(1.46)
	5,586.09	1,636.05	4,656.91
Balances with banks On unpaid dividend accounts**	2.42	2.11	2.27
	5,588.51	1,638.16	4,659.18

\* Out of the balance, fixed deposits of ₹ 1,838.75 million (Corresponding period : ₹ 86.65 million / Previous year : ₹ 87.99 million) have been earmarked against credit facilities and bank guarantees availed by the Company.

\*\* The Company can utilize these balances only towards settlement of the respective unpaid dividend.

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**Persistent Systems Limited**

Notes forming part of condensed financial statements

**15. Current financial assets : Loans (refer note 30)**

	As at December 31, 2019 In ₹ Million	As at December 31, 2018 In ₹ Million	As at March 31, 2019 In ₹ Million
Carried at amortised cost			
Loan to related parties			
Unsecured, credit impaired			
- Klisma e-Services Private Limited	27.43	27.43	27.43
	27.43	27.43	27.43
Less: Impairment	(27.43)	(27.43)	(27.43)
	-	-	-
Security deposits			
Unsecured, considered good	0.10	9.14	6.63
	0.10	9.14	6.63
	0.10	9.14	6.63

**16. Other current financial assets (refer note 30)**

	As at December 31, 2019 In ₹ Million	As at December 31, 2018 In ₹ Million	As at March 31, 2019 In ₹ Million
Fair value of derivatives designated and effective as hedging instruments			
Forward contracts receivable	45.26	49.55	281.27
Advances to related parties (Unsecured, considered good)			
Persistent Systems, Inc.	178.34	61.30	63.19
Persistent Systems Pte Ltd.	2.37	0.14	0.11
Persistent Systems France SAS	0.49	4.10	4.14
Persistent Telecom Solutions Inc.	4.63	4.42	4.56
Persistent Systems Malaysia Sdn. Bhd.	3.11	0.05	0.08
Persistent Systems Lanka (Private) Limited	2.67	2.38	2.41
Aepona Limited	0.10	-	-
Persistent Systems Israel Ltd.	0.75	0.14	0.38
Persistent Systems Mexico, S.A. de C.V.	1.12	0.47	0.59
Persistent Systems Germany GmbH	0.61	4.72	0.57
	194.19	77.72	76.03
Advances to related parties (Unsecured, credit impaired)			
Klisma e-Services Private Limited	0.81	0.81	0.81
Less: Impairment of current financial assets	(0.81)	(0.81)	(0.81)
	-	-	-
Deposit with financial institutions	-	780.00	250.00
Add: Interest accrued but not due on deposit with financial institutions	-	18.77	10.97
Current deposits with financial institutions (Carried at amortised cost)	-	798.77	260.97
Unbilled revenue	1,897.32	1,354.74	1,577.47
	2,136.77	2,280.78	2,195.74

**17. Other current assets**

	As at December 31, 2019 In ₹ Million	As at December 31, 2018 In ₹ Million	As at March 31, 2019 In ₹ Million
Advances to suppliers (Unsecured, considered good)			
Advances recoverable in cash or kind or for value to be received	279.04	306.75	286.27
Excess fund balance with Life Insurance Corporation	103.85	-	-
Other advances (Unsecured, considered good)			
VAT receivable (net)	3.84	37.13	35.07
Service tax and GST receivable (net) (refer note 31)	876.46	972.21	922.10
	880.30	1,009.34	957.17
	1,263.19	1,316.09	1,243.44

**Persistent Systems Limited**

Notes forming part of condensed financial statements

**18. Non-current financial liabilities : Borrowings (refer note 30)**

	As at December 31, 2019 In ₹ Million	As at December 31, 2018 In ₹ Million	As at March 31, 2019 In ₹ Million
Unsecured Borrowings carried at amortised cost			
Term loans			
Indian rupee loan from others	13.34	17.91	16.55
Interest accrued but not due on term loans	0.09	0.12	0.17
	<u>13.43</u>	<u>18.03</u>	<u>16.72</u>
Less: Current maturity of long-term borrowings transferred to other current financial liabilities (Refer note 22)	(4.85)	(4.58)	(4.58)
Less: Current maturity of interest accrued but not due on term loan transferred to other current financial liabilities (Refer note 22)	(0.09)	(0.12)	(0.17)
	<u>(4.94)</u>	<u>(4.70)</u>	<u>(4.75)</u>
	<u>8.49</u>	<u>13.33</u>	<u>11.97</u>

The term loans from Government departments have the following terms and conditions:

Loan I - amounting to ₹ 4.10 million (Corresponding period ₹ 6.82 million/ Previous year ₹ 5.46 million) with interest payable @ 2% per annum has been guaranteed by a bank guarantee by the Company and is repayable in ten equal semi annual installments over a period of five years commencing from March 2016.

Loan II - amounting to ₹ 9.24 million (Corresponding period ₹ 11.09 million/ Previous year ₹ 11.09 million) with Interest payable @ 3% per annum repayable in ten equal annual installments over a period of ten years commencing from September 2015.

**19. Non current liabilities : Provisions**

	As at December 31, 2019 In ₹ Million	As at December 31, 2018 In ₹ Million	As at March 31, 2019 In ₹ Million
Provision for employee benefits			
- Long service awards	189.65	153.95	158.46
	<u>189.65</u>	<u>153.95</u>	<u>158.46</u>

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**Persistent Systems Limited**

Notes forming part of condensed financial statements

**20. Other long term financial liabilities (refer note 30)**

	As at December 31, 2019 In ₹ Million	As at December 31, 2018 In ₹ Million	As at March 31, 2019 In ₹ Million
Rent deposits accepted	7.96	-	1.83
Lease liabilities	394.76	-	-
Less: Current maturity of lease liabilities (refer note 22)	(182.69)	-	-
	<b>220.03</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1.83</b>

**Movement of lease liabilities**

	For the nine months ended December 31, 2019 In ₹ Million	For the nine months ended December 31, 2018 In ₹ Million	For the year ended March 31, 2019 In ₹ Million
Opening balance	-	-	-
Additions (Transitional impact on adoption of Ind AS 116)	501.15	-	-
Add: Interest recognised during the period	23.69	-	-
Less: Payments made	(130.08)	-	-
Closing balance	<b>394.76</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>

**21. Trade payables (refer note 30)**

	As at December 31, 2019 In ₹ Million	As at December 31, 2018 In ₹ Million	As at March 31, 2019 In ₹ Million
Trade payables for goods and services	1,154.36	840.45	1,019.07
[(dues of micro and small enterprises ₹ ??? million (Corresponding period: ₹ ??? million / Previous year: ₹ 15.63 million)]	-	-	-
	<b>1,154.36</b>	<b>840.45</b>	<b>1,019.07</b>

Disclosure of payable to vendors as defined under the "Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise Development Act, 2006" is based on the information available with the Company regarding the status of registration of such vendors under the said Act, as per the intimation received from them on requests made by the Company. There are no overdue principal amounts / interest payable amounts for delayed payments to such vendors at the Balance Sheet date. There are no delays in payment made to such suppliers during the period or for any earlier years and accordingly there is no interest paid or outstanding interest in this regard in respect of payment made during the period or on balance brought forward from previous year.

**22. Other current financial liabilities (refer note 30)**

	As at December 31, 2019 In ₹ Million	As at December 31, 2018 In ₹ Million	As at March 31, 2019 In ₹ Million
Capital creditors	17.90	35.94	55.16
Current maturity of long term borrowings (refer note 18)	4.85	4.58	4.58
Current maturity of interest on long-term borrowings (refer note 18)	0.09	0.12	0.17
Current maturity of lease liabilities (refer note 20)	182.69	-	-
Accrued employee liabilities	76.05	76.70	75.79
Unpaid dividend *	2.42	2.11	2.27
Other liabilities	-	0.47	0.04
Advance from related parties (Unsecured, considered good)	-	6.94	-
Persistent Systems Germany GmbH	-	0.16	0.16
Aepona Limited	-	7.10	0.16
	<b>284.00</b>	<b>127.02</b>	<b>138.17</b>

\* Unpaid dividend is credited to Investor Education and Protection Fund as and when due.

**23. Other current liabilities**

	As at December 31, 2019 In ₹ Million	As at December 31, 2018 In ₹ Million	As at March 31, 2019 In ₹ Million
Unearned revenue	141.42	151.09	130.60
Advance from customers	672.4	328.10	347.05
Other payables	-	-	-
- Statutory liabilities	180.01	168.08	145.46
- Other liabilities	2.37	11.69	6.97
	<b>996.20</b>	<b>658.96</b>	<b>630.28</b>

**24. Current liabilities : Provisions**

	As at December 31, 2019 In ₹ Million	As at December 31, 2018 In ₹ Million	As at March 31, 2019 In ₹ Million
Provision for employee benefits	-	83.84	94.34
- Gratuity	240.31	186.32	187.46
- Leave encashment	11.13	15.80	19.02
- Long service awards	258.00	332.75	363.29
- Other employee benefits	509.44	620.71	664.11

**Persistent Systems Limited**

Notes forming part of condensed financial statements

**25. Revenue from operations (net)**

	For the quarter ended		For the nine months ended		For the year ended
	December 31, 2019	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2019	December 31, 2018	March 31, 2019
	In ₹ Million	In ₹ Million	In ₹ Million	In ₹ Million	In ₹ Million
Software services	5,324.95	4,806.46	15,151.10	14,176.66	19,163.68
Software licenses	123.84	73.29	268.73	259.30	434.99
	<b>5,448.79</b>	<b>4,879.75</b>	<b>15,419.83</b>	<b>14,435.96</b>	<b>19,598.67</b>

**26. Other income**

	For the quarter ended		For the nine months ended		For the year ended
	December 31, 2019	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2019	December 31, 2018	March 31, 2019
	In ₹ Million	In ₹ Million	In ₹ Million	In ₹ Million	In ₹ Million
Interest income					
On financial assets carried at amortised cost	100.65	24.18	289.08	42.57	97.06
On others	42.22	29.31	119.20	151.28	191.76
Foreign exchange gain (net)	107.79	-	334.93	0.00	-
Profit on sale of Property, Plant and Equipment (net)	-	0.99	0.94	2.27	3.77
Dividend income from investments	64.43	54.31	272.26	349.69	392.26
Profit on sale of investments (net)	8.78	74.95	152.95	288.52	366.09
Net gain/(loss) arising on financial assets designated as at FVTPL	57.72	27.76	37.25	(87.93)	(76.95)
Miscellaneous income	28.14	11.45	69.11	35.93	63.91
	<b>409.73</b>	<b>222.95</b>	<b>1,275.72</b>	<b>782.33</b>	<b>1,037.90</b>

**27. Personnel expenses**

	For the quarter ended		For the nine months ended		For the year ended
	December 31, 2019	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2019	December 31, 2018	March 31, 2019
	In ₹ Million	In ₹ Million	In ₹ Million	In ₹ Million	In ₹ Million
<b>27.1 Employee benefits expense</b>					
Salaries, wages and bonus	2,623.30	2,221.03	7,503.80	6,347.18	8,576.55
Contribution to provident and other funds	164.15	130.59	235.17	385.87	520.55
Staff welfare and benefits	101.94	91.96	306.53	289.66	394.13
Share based payments to employees	16.55	-	39.30	-	-
	<b>2,905.94</b>	<b>2,443.58</b>	<b>8,084.80</b>	<b>7,022.71</b>	<b>9,491.23</b>
<b>27.2 Cost of professionals</b>					
- Related parties	378.18	499.15	1,232.13	1,407.83	1,885.21
- Others	84.12	84.08	198.61	238.32	310.00
	<b>462.30</b>	<b>583.23</b>	<b>1,430.74</b>	<b>1,646.15</b>	<b>2,195.21</b>
	<b>3,368.24</b>	<b>3,026.81</b>	<b>9,515.54</b>	<b>8,668.86</b>	<b>11,686.44</b>

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**Persistent Systems Limited**

Notes forming part of condensed financial statements

**28. Other expenses**

	For the quarter ended		For the nine months ended		For the year ended
	December 31, 2019	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2019	December 31, 2018	March 31, 2019
	In ₹ Million	In ₹ Million	In ₹ Million	In ₹ Million	In ₹ Million
Travelling and conveyance	79.94	69.68	249.25	246.53	338.77
Electricity expenses (net)	25.30	26.29	76.73	74.25	89.96
Internet link expenses	4.29	3.63	30.81	30.81	44.44
Communication expenses	16.17	15.02	52.04	52.20	69.13
Recruitment expenses	15.48	9.15	48.70	35.19	58.51
Training and seminars	10.41	3.28	16.31	7.91	13.66
Purchase of software licenses and support expenses	348.39	159.57	680.01	495.06	687.86
Bad debts	-	-	-	23.55	23.55
Provision for doubtful debts/ (provision for doubtful debts written back) (net)	(2.02)	5.75	27.88	(8.09)	(6.99)
Rent	14.34	62.75	45.35	185.28	245.51
Insurance	6.66	4.47	18.94	13.09	18.00
Rates and taxes	7.95	22.59	34.39	35.48	55.14
Legal and professional fees	28.92	47.31	133.97	164.02	206.96
Repairs and maintenance					
- Plant and Machinery	27.36	27.26	84.11	78.26	101.41
- Buildings	5.51	5.09	17.69	21.93	28.09
- Others	4.06	3.05	13.55	13.60	19.31
Selling and marketing expenses	176.29	209.25	517.29	565.77	754.73
Fees for sales enablement services	231.02	145.72	584.50	386.08	642.92
Advertisement, conference and sponsorship fees	11.34	8.48	15.59	15.23	21.29
Computer consumables	1.17	1.67	3.70	4.60	6.19
Auditors' remuneration	1.16	2.65	6.64	6.39	13.73
Donations	18.81	20.98	56.41	57.67	80.43
Books, memberships, subscriptions	4.23	7.28	15.82	16.66	23.06
Provision for doubtful deposits (refer note 32)	50.00	-	200.00	-	182.50
Foreign exchange loss (net)	-	151.27	-	146.44	206.61
Directors' sitting fees	1.18	1.15	4.70	3.75	5.32
Directors' commission	3.60	3.61	11.25	10.62	14.21
Miscellaneous expenses	41.01	34.91	116.07	100.14	162.72
	<b>1,132.57</b>	<b>1,051.86</b>	<b>3,061.70</b>	<b>2,782.42</b>	<b>4,107.02</b>

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**Persistent Systems Limited**

Notes forming part of condensed financial statements

**29. Earnings per share**

		For the quarter ended		For the nine months ended		For the year ended
		December 31, 2019	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2019	December 31, 2018	March 31, 2019
<u>Numerator for Basic and Diluted EPS</u>						
Net Profit after tax (In ₹ Million)	(A)	899.56	610.01	2,802.41	2,430.08	3,150.08
<u>Denominator for Basic EPS</u>						
Weighted average number of equity shares	(B)	76,425,000	80,000,000	76,770,600	80,000,000	79,943,943
<u>Denominator for Diluted EPS</u>						
Number of equity shares	(C)	76,425,000	80,000,000	76,770,600	80,000,000	79,943,943
Basic Earnings per share of face value of ₹ 10 each (In ₹)	(A/B)	11.77	7.63	36.50	30.38	39.40
Diluted Earnings per share of face value of ₹ 10 each (In ₹)	(A/C)	11.77	7.63	36.50	30.38	39.40

	For the quarter ended		For the nine months ended		For the year ended
	December 31, 2019	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2019	December 31, 2018	March 31, 2019
Number of shares considered as basic weighted average shares outstanding	76,425,000	80,000,000	76,770,600	80,000,000	79,943,943
Number of shares considered as weighted average shares and potential shares outstanding	76,425,000	80,000,000	76,770,600	80,000,000	79,943,943

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**Persistent Systems Limited**

Notes forming part of condensed financial statements

**30. Financial assets and liabilities**

The carrying values and fair values of financial instruments by categories are as follows:

The carrying values and fair values of financial instruments by categories are as follows:								
(In ₹ million)								
Financial assets/ financial liabilities	Basis of measurement	As at December 31, 2019		As at December 31, 2018		As at March 31, 2019		Fair value hierarchy
		Carrying value	Fair value	Carrying value	Fair value	Carrying value	Fair value	
Assets:								
Investments in subsidiaries and associates	Cost	3,959.14	3,959.14	3,406.42	3,406.42	3,406.42	3,406.42	
Investments in equity instruments	Fair value	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	Level 3
Investments in bonds*	Amortised cost	2,064.41	2,051.77	2,045.41	2,009.01	2,156.68	2,120.86	
Investments in mutual funds	Fair value	3,833.73	3,833.73	8,999.04	8,999.04	5,270.44	5,270.44	Level 1
Loans	Amortised cost	123.67	123.67	120.21	120.21	122.64	122.64	
Deposit with banks and financial institutions	Amortised cost	6,086.27	6,086.27	2,464.60	2,464.60	5,262.21	5,262.21	
Cash and cash equivalents (including unpaid dividend)	Amortised cost	440.09	440.09	599.34	599.34	567.39	567.39	
Trade receivables	Amortised cost	3,273.90	3,273.90	2,226.58	2,226.58	2,429.85	2,429.85	
Forward contracts receivable	Fair value	45.26	45.26	49.55	49.55	281.27	281.27	Level 2
Unbilled revenue	Amortised cost	1,897.32	1,897.32	1,354.74	1,354.74	1,577.47	1,577.47	
Other current financial assets	Amortised cost	194.19	194.19	77.72	77.72	76.03	76.03	
Total		21,923.98	21,911.34	21,349.61	21,313.21	21,156.40	21,120.58	
Liabilities:								
Borrowings (including accrued interest)	Amortised cost	13.43	13.43	18.03	18.03	16.72	16.72	
Trade payables and deferred payment liabilities	Amortised cost	1,154.36	1,154.36	840.45	840.45	1,019.07	1,019.07	
Other financial liabilities (excluding borrowings)	Amortised cost	96.37	96.37	122.32	122.32	133.42	133.42	
Forward contracts payable	Fair value	-	-	-	-	-	-	Level 2
Total		1,264.16	1,264.16	980.80	980.80	1,169.21	1,169.21	

\* Fair value includes interest accrued.

**Fair value hierarchy:**

The fair value hierarchy is based on inputs to valuation techniques that are used to measure fair value that are either observable or unobservable and consists of the following three levels:

Level 1 — Inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 — Inputs are other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices).

Level 3 — Inputs are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs). Fair values are determined in whole or in part using a valuation model based on assumptions that are neither supported by prices from observable current market transactions in the same instrument nor are they based on available market data.

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## Persistent Systems Limited

### Notes forming part of condensed financial statements

31. Persistent Systems Limited ("the Company") had received a show cause notice from the Commissioner of Service Tax on December 19, 2016 for non-payment of service tax of ₹ 452.15 million under import of services on reverse charge basis, excluding interest and penalty, if applicable. The issue relates to the professional and technical services rendered by overseas subsidiaries on behalf of the Company to its overseas customers for the period 2011-12 to 2014-15.

Post representations made by the Company, the Learned Principal Commissioner of Service Tax, Pune, adjudicated the aforesaid show-cause notice and issued an order on May 29, 2017, reducing the demand to ₹173.78 million based on the period of limitation and as a result of that, the said demand now covers financial year 2014-15. The Company has filed an appeal against the order passed by Learned Principal Commissioner of Service Tax, Pune with the Hon'ble Central Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal (CESTAT) on September 23, 2017.

The Company, based on independent legal opinion obtained in respect of issues related to this matter, believes that the liability is not likely to arise and therefore, no provision is considered necessary in the condensed financial statements. If the appeal filed as mentioned above results in a demand, there will be no impact on the profitability as the Company will be eligible to claim credit/refund for the amount paid.

The GST department has filed an appeal on October 11, 2017 with appellate authorities against the Order passed by Learned Principal Commissioner of Service Tax, Pune. Though the GST department has acknowledged the ground of revenue neutrality, the said appeal mainly questions non-application of extended period of limitation. The Company has filed reply to this appeal on December 18, 2017.

As on December 31, 2019, the pending litigations in respect of direct taxes amount to ₹ 220.30 million and in respect of indirect taxes amount to ₹ 27.33 million (excluding the show cause notice received from Commissioner of Service Tax on May 29, 2017 of ₹ 173.78 million under import of services on reverse charge basis as mentioned above). Based on the advice obtained and judgments in favour of the Company at the first appellate authority in the earlier years, management does not expect any outflow in respect of these litigations.

In respect of export incentives, pertaining to previous years amounting to ₹ 296.55 million, which have been refunded under protest based on show cause notice from Directorate of Revenue Intelligence (DRI), the Company has filed an application before the relevant authorities. Further, the Company is in the process of making representations through the industry associations to ensure continued applicability of the said incentives to the eligible information technology companies.

Persistent Systems Ltd has given a guarantee of \$ 15.17 million on behalf of Persistent Systems Inc. (Previous year: \$ 15.17 million).

32. As reported in the previous quarters, the Company has deposits of ₹ 430 million with the financial institutions viz. Infrastructure Leasing & Financial Services Ltd. (IL&FS) and IL&FS Financial Services Ltd. (referred to as "IL&FS Group") as on the balance sheet date. The Company has not accrued any interest on these deposits since April 1, 2018. The amount due including interest have not been received as on date. In view of the uncertainty prevailing with respect to recovery of outstanding balances from IL&FS Group, Management of the Company has provided an additional amount of ₹ 150.00 million during the half year ended December 31, 2019, thereby taking the total provision to ₹ 332.50 million for impairment in value of deposits as of December 31, 2019. The provision currently reflects the exposure that may arise given the uncertainty. With the resolution plan in progress, the Management is hopeful of recovery though with a time lag. The Company continues to monitor developments in the matter and is committed to take steps including legal action that may be necessary to ensure full recovery of the said deposits.
33. Effective April 1, 2019, the company has adopted Ind AS 116, Leases; and has recognized interest on lease liability of ₹ 34.23 million under finance costs.
34. The condensed financial statements are presented in ₹ million and decimal thereof except for per share information or as otherwise stated.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of  
Persistent Systems Limited



Dr. Anand Deshpande  
Chairman and Managing Director



Sunil Sapre  
Executive Director and  
Chief Financial Officer



Kiran Umrootkar  
Director



Amit Atre  
Company Secretary

Place: Pune  
Date: January 30, 2020