CONDENSED BALANCE SHEET AS AT SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

	Note	As at	As at	As at
		September 30, 2020	September 30, 2019	March 31, 2020
ASSETS		(In ₹ million)	(In ₹ million)	(In ₹ million)
Non-current assets				
Property, Plant and Equipment	5	0.68	1.43	1.03
Capital work-in-progress	5	0.00	-	0.17
Other Intangible assets	5			0.17
	5	0.68	1.43	1.20
Financial assets				
Deferred Tax Asset (Net)	6	87.91	95.60	108.56
		88.59	97.03	109.76
Current assets				
Trade receivables	7	196.75	175.17	243.92
Cash and cash equivalents	8	24.50	28.01	43.36
Other current financial assets	9	11.00	6.67	23.52
Other Current Assets	10	48.83	32.04	14.30
Current Tax Assets (Net)		35.61	33.94	35.48
	-	316.69	275.83	360.58
TOTAL		405.28	372.86	470.34
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES				
EQUITY				
Equity share capital	4	-	-	-
Other equity		(10.73)	(42.98)	(67.84)
		(10.73)	(42.98)	(67.84)
LIABILITIES				
Non- current liabilities				
Financial liabilities			100.15	== ==
-Borrowings	11	-	120.45	52.96
		-	120.45	52.96
Current liabilities				
Financial liabilities				
-Borrowings	12	-	17.87	83.43
- Trade payables	13	233.74	127.72	183.94
- Other financial liabilities	14	-	14.46	13.06
Other current liabilities	15	161.40	95.02	152.72
Provisions	16	20.87 416.01	40.32 295.39	52.07 485.22
		410.01	290.39	400.22
TOTAL		405.28	372.86	470.34
Summary of significant accounting policies	3			

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed financial statements

As per our report of even date

For Joshi Apte &Co., Firm registration no. 104370W Chartered Accountants

per C.K. Joshi Partner Membership No.030428

Place: Pune Date : October 21,2020 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Persistent Telecom Solutions Inc.

Dr. Anand Deshpande Thomas Klein Director Director

Place: PunePlace: Santa ClaraDate : October 21,2020Date : October 21,2020

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE QUARTER AND HALF YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

	Note	For the quart		For the half y		For the year ende
		September 30, 2020	September 30, 2019	September 30, 2020	September 30, 2019	March 31, 202
		(In ₹ million)	(In ₹ million)	(In ₹ million)	(In ₹ million)	(In ₹ millior
Income						
Revenue from operations	17	184.99	202.50	373.42	431.09	828.54
Other income	18	(0.53)	1.02	21.68	182.07	173.30
	(A)	184.46	203.52	395.10	613.16	1,001.84
Expenses	• -					
Employee benefit expenses	19.1	44.23	85.56	88.07	185.45	333.88
Cost of technical professionals	19.2	72.67	64.80	142.25	138.06	303.62
Finance costs		0.32	2.04	0.43	4.80	6.74
Depreciation and amortization expense	5.1	0.24	0.25	0.48	0.52	1.00
Other expenses	20	49.34	48.75	89.14	109.49	205.21
	(B) _	166.80	201.40	320.37	438.32	850.45
Profit/(Loss) before tax (A-B)	-	17.66	2.12	74.73	174.84	151.39
Tax expense						
Current tax			0.01	0.21	0.21	0.23
Tax (credit) / charge in respect of earlier years			-	-	-	0.74
Deferred tax (credit) / charge		4.26	(1.25)	18.19	(10.70)	(16.90
Total tax expense	-	4.26	(1.24)	18.40	(10.49)	(15.93
Net Profit/(Loss) for the period/year	(C)	13.40	3.36	56.33	185.33	167.32
Other comprehensive income Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss (D) - Remeasurements of the defined benefit liabilities / (asset)		-	-		-	-
- Tax effect on remeasurements of the defined benefit liabilities / (a	isset)	-	-	-	-	-
		-	-	-	-	-
Items that may be reclassified to profit or loss (E) - Exchange differences in translating the financial statements of for	eign	0.76	(1.98)	0.78	(3.17)	(10.02
operations	_		(1.66)		(0.11)	(10:02
	-	0.76	(1.98)	0.78	(3.17)	(10.02
Total comprehensive income for the period/year (C) + (D) + (E)	=	14.16	1.38	57.11	182.16	157.30
Earnings per equity share [nominal value of share \$ 0.001 (Corresponding period/ previous year \$ 0.001)]	21					
Basic `		5,403.23	1,353.87	22,713.71	74,728.87	67,467.74
Diluted ` Summary of significant accounting policies	3	5,403.23	1,353.87	22,713.71	74,728.87	67,467.74
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed fina	incial state	ments				
As per our report of even date						
For Joshi Apte &Co., Firm registration no. 104370W Chartered Accountants					For and on behalf of the Bo Persistent Telecom Solution	

per C.K. Joshi Partner Membership No.030428	Dr. Anand Deshpande Director	Thomas Klein Director
Place: Pune	Place: Pune	Place: Santa Clara
Date : October 21,2020	Date : October 21,2020	Date : October 21,2020

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE HALF YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

(in f million) (in f million) (in f million) Cash flow from operating activities 74.73 174.84 151.33 Adjustments for: 74.73 174.84 151.33 Deregin Currency Translation Reserve 0.78 (3.17) (10.000) Unrealised foreign exchange gain/loss 3.54 79.93 78.04 Finance Cost 0.43 4.80 6.74 Interest income 0.43 0.43 6.80 Depreciation and amotization expense 0.43 0.52 1.00 Bad debts written off - - 4.20 (7.57 Decount received - 0.16 - - 2.26.80 - Operating profit before working capital changes 79.96 258.23 223.72 Moreanestin working capital changes 12.52 3.38 (13.47) Decrease/ (Increase) in other current assets (34.53) (6.66) 11.09 13.46 (21.77) 146.78 82.91 14.33 14.81 14.82 14.82 12.52 3.38 (21.77)			For the half	year ended	For the year ended
Cash flow from operating activities 74.73 174.84 151.33 Profit/(Loss) before tax 0.78 (3.17) (10.02) Adjustments for: 0.78 (3.17) (10.02) Foreign Currency Translation Reserve 0.78 (3.17) (10.02) Interest income 0.43 4.80 6.74 Depreciation and amotization expense 0.43 4.80 6.74 Bad dets written off - (0.05) (0.06) Provision for doubtful debts written back (net) - 4.20 (7.57) Decrease/ (Increase) in trade receivables - 4.20 (7.57) Decrease/ (Increase) in order current assets (34,53) (6.66) 11.00 Decrease/ (Increase) in order current assets (34,23) (6.66) 11.00 Decrease/ (Increase) in order and current labilities (31.20) (33.46) (21.77) Operating profit after working capital changes (31.20) (33.46) (21.77) Operating profit after working capital changes (31.20) (33.46) (21.77) Operating profit afte			September 30, 2020	September 30, 2019	March 31, 2020
Profit 74.73 174.84 151.33 Adjustments for: -			(In ₹ million)	(In ₹ million)	(In ₹ million
Adjustments for: 0.78 (3.17) (10.02 Foreign Currency Translation Reserve 0.78 (3.17) (10.02 Urnealised foreign exchange gain/loss 3.54 79.93 78.04 Finance Cost 0.43 4.80 6.74 Interest income 0.48 0.52 1.00 Bad debts written off - 4.20 (7.55 Discount received - (0.16) - Provision for doubtful debts written back (net) - (2.68) - Operating profit before working capital changes 79.96 256.23 223.72 Movements in working capital changes 79.96 256.23 223.72 Decrease/ (Increase) in tade receivables 47.17 146.78 82.91 Decrease/ (Increase) in otans and advances (34.53) (6.66) 11.06 Decrease/ (Decrease) in provisions (34.20) (33.46) (27.7) Increase / Decrease (Increase) in provisions (34.20) (33.46) (27.7) Increase / Decrease (Increase) in provisions (34.20) (33.46) (27.7) Increase / Decrease (Increase) in provisions <t< td=""><td>Cash flow from operating activities</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Cash flow from operating activities				
Foreign Currency Translation Reserve 0.78 (3.17) (10.02 Unrealised foreign exchange gain/loss 3.54 79.93 78.04 Interest income 0.43 4.80 6.77 Depreciation and amortization expense 0.48 0.52 1.00 Bad debts written off - - 4.20 (7.57 Discourt received - (0.16) - - 4.20 (7.57 Discourt received - (2.68) - - 4.20 (7.57 Operating profit before working capital changes 79.96 258.23 223.72 223.72 Moremask in working capital : - (2.68) - - - 4.20 (7.57 - 4.20 (7.57 - 2.23.72 23.33 (3.13,47) 146.78 82.91 - - - 2.26 2.3.36 (13.47) 146.78 82.91 - - - - - - - - - - - -	Profit/(Loss) before tax		74.73	174.84	151.39
Unrealised foreign exchange gain/loss 3.54 79.93 78.04 Finance Cost 0.43 4.80 6.74 Interest income - (0.05) (0.05) Depreciation and amortization expense 0.48 0.52 1.00 Bad debts written off - 4.20 (7.57) Provision for doubtful debts (net) - 4.20 (7.57) Discount received - (0.16) - Provision for doubtful debts written back (net) - (2.68) - Decrease/ (Increase) in son ad advances 12.52 3.38 (13.47) Decrease/ (Increase) in son ad advances 12.52 3.38 (13.47) Increase/ (Decrease) in trade payables and current liabilities (34.30) (188.78) (87.70) Increase/ (Decrease) in provisions (31.20) (33.46) (21.71) Operating profit after working capital changes (9.99) (1.10) (3.68) Direct taxes paid (net of refunds) (0.32) 0.05 0.06 Net cash generated from / (used in) investing activities B <td>Adjustments for:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Adjustments for:				
Finance Cost 0.43 4.80 6.73 interest income - (0.05) (0.000 Depreciation and amortization expense 0.48 0.52 1.00 Bad debts written off - - 4.20 (7.57) Discount received - (0.66) - - 4.20 (7.57) Discount received - (2.68) - - - 4.20 (7.57) Discount received - (2.68) - - (2.68) -	Foreign Currency Translation Reserve		0.78	(3.17)	(10.02
Interest income - (0.05) (0.06 Depreciation and amortization expense 0.48 0.52 1.00 Bad debts written off - - 4.20 (7.57 Provision for doubtful debts written back (net) - (0.16) - Operating profit before working capital changes 79.96 258.23 223.72 Movements in working capital - (0.16) - Decrease/(Increase) in trade receivables 47.17 146.78 82.91 Decrease/(Increase) in trade receivables 12.52 3.38 (13.47) Increase/(Decrease) in trade payables and current liabilities (34.30) (188.78) (87.70) Increase/(Decrease) in provisions (31.20) (33.46) (21.77) Operating profit after working capital changes 39.62 179.49 194.83 Direct taxes paid (net of refunds) (0.02) 0.05 0.06 Net cash generated from / (used in) investing activities B (0.32) 0.043 0.032 Cash flows from financing activities C (57.17) (184.43) (184.43) (164.77) Net cash generated from /	Unrealised foreign exchange gain/loss		3.54	79.93	78.04
Depreciation and amortization expense 0.48 0.52 1.00 Bad debts written off - - 4.20 (7.57) Provision for doubful debts (net) - (0.16) - - 4.20 (7.57) Discount received - (0.16) - (2.68) - - 4.20 (7.57) Operating profit before working capital changes 79.96 258.23 223.72 - - 4.20 - - - 4.20 (7.53) - - - 4.20 - - - - - - 4.20 (7.53) - - - - - - - - - - - - - - 0.20 - - 0.23 - - 0.23 - 0.33 - - - 0.34 0.27 - 0.34 0.27 - - 0.36 0.27 - 0.35 0.26 - 0.36<	Finance Cost		0.43	4.80	6.74
Bad debts written off - - 4.20 (7.57) Provision for doubtful debts (net) - - 0.16) - Provision for doubtful debts written back (net) - (2.68) - - Operating profit before working capital changes 79.96 258.23 223.72 Movements in working capital changes 47.17 146.78 82.91 Decrease/ (Increase) in other current assets (34.53) (6.66) 11.00 Decrease/ (Increase) in other current assets (34.53) (6.66) 11.00 Decrease/ (Increase) in other current assets (34.30) (188.78) (87.70) Increase/ (Decrease) in provisions 33.62 178.39 191.16 Operating profit after working capital changes (0.99) (1.10) (3.64) Direct taxes paid (net of refunds) - 0.05 0.06 Net cash generated from / (used in) operating activities A 38.63 178.39 191.16 Cash flows from financing activities B (0.32) 0.43 0.33 Proceeds / (Repayments) from long term borrowings (53.90) (179.07) (179.06)	Interest income		-	(0.05)	(0.06
Provision for doubt/ul debts (net) - 4.20 (7.57) Discount received - (0.16) - Provision for doubt/ul debts written back (net) - (2.68) - Operating profit before working capital changes 79.96 258.23 223.72 Movements in working capital i: - (2.68) - Decrease/ (Increase) in other current assets (34.53) (6.66) 11.06 Decrease/ (Increase) in trade receivables 47.17 146.78 82.94 Increase/ (Decrease) in trade receivables (34.53) (6.66) 11.06 Decrease/ (Increase) in provisions (31.20) (33.46) (21.71) Operating profit after working capital changes 39.62 179.49 194.83 Direct taxes paid (net of refunds) (0.99) (1.10) (3.64) Net cash generated from / (used in) operating activities A 38.63 1778.39 191.19 Cash flows from financing activities B (0.32) 0.05 0.06 Net cash generated from / (used in) investing activities B (3.277) (5.36) (2.77) Net cash generated from / (Depreciation and amortization expense		0.48	0.52	1.00
Discount received - (0.16) - Provision for doubful debts written back (net) - (2.68) - Operating profit before working capital : - (2.68) - Decrease/ (Increase) in trade receivables 47.17 146.78 82.93 Decrease/ (Increase) in trade receivables 47.17 146.78 82.94 Decrease/ (Increase) in trade payables and current liabilities (34.53) (6.66) 11.00 Decrease/ (Decrease) in trade payables and current liabilities (34.30) (188.78) (87.70) Increase/ (Decrease) in provisions (31.20) (33.46) (21.71) Operating profit after working capital changes 0.92 1.10) (3.64) Direct taxes paid (net of refunds) (0.92) (1.10) (3.64) Net cash generated from / (used in) operating activities A 38.63 178.39 191.15 Cash flows from investing activities B (0.32) 0.0.5 0.00 Net cash generated from / (used in) investing activities B (32.77) (5.36) (2.77) Net cash generated from / (used in) investing activities C (53.90)	Bad debts written off		-	-	4.20
Provision for doubtful debts written back (net) - (2.68) - Operating profit before working capital changes 79.96 258.23 223.72 Movements in working capital : 0 0 258.23 223.72 Movements in working capital : 0 0 258.23 223.72 Decrease/ (Increase) in the current assets (34.53) (6.66) 11.00 Decrease/ (Increase) in other current assets (34.53) (6.66) 11.00 Increase/ (Decrease) in trade payables and current liabilities (31.20) (33.46) (21.71 Operating profit after working capital changes 0.99) (1.10) (3.64 0.99) (1.10) (3.64 Operating profit after working capital changes 0.99) (1.10) (3.64 0.27 (1.01) (3.64 0.27 Operating profit after working capital se proceeds from fixed assets - 0.38 0.27 Interease from fused is proceeds from fixed assets - 0.38 0.27 Interest received (0.32) 0.05 0.06 Net cash generated from / (used in) investing activities B 0 0.32 0.33	Provision for doubtful debts (net)		-	4.20	(7.57
Operating profit before working capital changes79.96258.23223.72Movements in working capital changes0.66611.00Decrease/ (Increase) in trade receivables47.17146.7882.91Decrease/ (Increase) in trade receivables(34.53)(6.66)11.00Decrease/ (Increase) in trade payables and current liabilities(34.30)(188.78)(87.77Increase/ (Decrease) in trade payables and current liabilities(34.30)(188.78)(87.77Increase/ (Decrease) in trade payables and current liabilities(34.30)(188.78)(87.77Operating profit after working capital changes39.62179.49194.83Direct taxes paid (net of refunds)(0.99)(1.10)(3.64Net cash generated from / (used in) operating activities0.99)(1.10)(3.64(Payment for capital expenditure)/Sales proceeds from fixed assets-0.380.27Interest received(0.32)0.050.06Net cash generated from / (used in) investing activitiesB(0.32)0.430.33Cash flows from financing activitiesC(53.90)(179.07)(179.06)Net cash generated from / (used) in financing activitiesC(53.90)(179.07)(179.06)Net cash generated from / (used) in financing activitiesC(57.17)(184.43)(181.78)Cash and cash equivalents (A + B + C)(18.86)(5.61)9.743.36233.62Cash and cash equivalentsSeptember 30, 2019March 31, 2020Balan	Discount received		-	(0.16)	-
Movements in working capital : Decrease/ (Increase) in trade receivables47.17146.7882.91Decrease/ (Increase) in other current assets(34.53)(6.66)11.06Decrease/ (Increase) in other current assets(34.53)(6.66)11.06Decrease/ (Increase) in trade payables and current liabilities(34.30)(188.78)(87.70Increase/ (Decrease) in provisions(31.20)(33.46)(21.71)Operating profit after working capital changes39.62179.49194.83Direct taxes paid (net of refunds)(0.99)(1.10)(3.64)Net cash generated from / (used in) operating activitiesA38.63178.39191.19Cash flows from investing activities(0.32)0.050.06Net cash generated from / (used in) investing activitiesB(0.32)0.430.33Cash flows from financing activitiesC(53.90)(179.07)(179.08)Interest received(3.277)(5.36)(2.77)Net cash generated from / (used) in financing activitiesC(57.17)(184.43)(181.78)Proceeds / (Repayments) from long term borrowings(53.90)(179.07)(179.08)(18.76)(2.77)Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A + B + C)(18.86)(5.61)9.743.36233.6233.62Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the reporting period/year24.5028.0143.3633.6233.62Cash and cash equivalentsSeptember 30, 2020September 30, 2019March 31,	Provision for doubtful debts written back (net)		-	(2.68)	-
Decrease/ (Increase) in trade receivables 47.17 146.78 82.91 Decrease/ (Increase) in other current assets (34.53) (6.66) 11.00 Decrease/ (Increase) in other current assets (34.53) (6.66) 11.00 Increase/ (Decrease) in trade payables and current liabilities (34.30) (188.78) (87.70) Increase/ (Decrease) in provisions (31.20) (33.46) (21.71) Operating profit after working capital changes 39.62 179.49 194.83 Direct taxes paid (net of refunds) (0.99) (1.10) (3.64) Net cash generated from / (used in) operating activities A 38.63 178.99 191.19 Cash flows from investing activities - 0.38 0.27 Interest received (0.32) 0.43 0.33 Cash flows from financing activities B (0.32) 0.43 0.33 Proceeds / (Repayments) from long term borrowings (53.90) (179.07) (179.06) Interest received (3.27) (5.36) (2.70) Net cash generated from / (used) in financing activities	Operating profit before working capital changes		79.96	258.23	223.72
Decrease/ (Increase) in other current assets (34.53) (6.66) 11.00 Decrease/ (Increase) in loans and advances 12.52 3.38 (13.47) Increase/ (Decrease) in trade payables and current liabilities (31.20) (33.46) (21.71) Operating profit after working capital changes 39.62 179.49 194.83 Direct taxes paid (net of refunds) (0.99) (1.10) (3.64) Net cash generated from / (used in) operating activities A 38.63 178.39 191.19 Cash flows from investing activities (0.32) 0.05 0.06 Net cash generated from / (used in) investing activities B (0.32) 0.43 0.33 Cash flows from financing activities C (53.90) (179.07) (179.06) Net cash generated from / (used in) investing activities C (53.90) (179.07) (179.06) Net cash generated from / (used) in financing activities C (53.90) (179.07) (179.06) Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the reporting period/year C (53.90) (179.07) (179.07)	Movements in working capital :				
Decrease/(Increase) in loans and advances12.523.38(13.47Increase/ (Decrease) in trade payables and current liabilities(34.30)(188.78)(87.70Increase/ (Decrease) in provisions(31.20)(33.46)(21.71Operating profit after working capital changes39.62179.49194.83Direct taxes paid (net of refunds)(0.99)(1.10)(3.64)Net cash generated from / (used in) operating activitiesA38.63178.39(Payment for capital expenditure)/Sales proceeds from fixed assets-0.380.27Interest received(0.32)0.050.06Net cash generated from / (used in) investing activitiesB(0.32)0.430.33Cash flows from financing activitiesC(53.90)(179.07)(179.08)Proceeds / (Repayments) from long term borrowings(53.90)(179.07)(179.08)Interest paid(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A + B + C)(18.86)(5.61)9.74Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the reporting period/year24.5028.0143.36Components of cash and cash equivalentsSeptember 30, 2020September 30, 2019March 31, 2020Balances with Banks24.5028.0143.36	Decrease/ (Increase) in trade receivables		47.17	146.78	82.91
Increase/ (Decrease) in trade payables and current liabilities(34.30)(188.78)(87.70)Increase/ (Decrease) in provisions(31.20)(33.46)(21.71)Operating profit after working capital changes39.62179.49194.83Direct taxes paid (net of refunds)(0.99)(1.10)(3.64)Net cash generated from / (used in) operating activitiesA38.63178.39191.19Cash flows from investing activities-0.380.27(Payment for capital expenditure)/Sales proceeds from fixed assets-0.380.27Interest received(0.32)0.050.06Net cash generated from / (used in) investing activitiesB(0.32)0.430.33Cash flows from financing activitiesC(53.90)(179.07)(179.08)Proceeds / (Repayments) from long term borrowings(53.90)(179.07)(179.08)Interest paid(used) in financing activitiesC(57.17)(184.43)(181.78)Net cash generated from / (used) in financing activitiesC(57.17)(184.43)(181.78)Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A + B + C)(18.86)(5.61)9.74Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the reporting period/year24.5028.0143.36Cash and cash equivalentsSeptember 30, 2020September 30, 2019March 31, 2020Balances with Banks24.5028.0143.36	Decrease/ (Increase) in other current assets		(34.53)	(6.66)	11.08
Increase/ (Decrease) in provisions(31.20)(33.46)(21.71Operating profit after working capital changes39.62179.49194.83Direct taxes paid (net of refunds)(0.99)(1.10)(3.64)Net cash generated from / (used in) operating activitiesA38.63178.39191.19Cash flows from investing activities-0.380.27(Payment for capital expenditure)/Sales proceeds from fixed assets-0.380.27Interest received-0.320.050.06Net cash generated from / (used in) investing activitiesB(0.32)0.430.33Cash flows from financing activitiesB(0.32)0.430.33Proceeds / (Repayments) from long term borrowings(53.90)(179.07)(179.08Interest paid(3.27)(5.36)(2.70)Net cash generated from / (used) in financing activitiesC(57.17)(184.43)(181.78Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A + B + C)(18.86)(5.61)9.74Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the reporting period/year24.5028.0143.36Components of cash and cash equivalentsSeptember 30, 2020September 30, 2019March 31, 2020Balances with Banks24.5028.0143.36	Decrease/(Increase) in loans and advances		12.52	3.38	(13.47
Operating profit after working capital changes39.62179.49194.83Direct taxes paid (net of refunds)(0.99)(1.10)(3.64Net cash generated from / (used in) operating activitiesA38.63178.39191.19Cash flows from investing activities(0.32)0.050.06(Payment for capital expenditure)/Sales proceeds from fixed assets-0.380.27(Interest received(0.32)0.050.06Net cash generated from / (used in) investing activitiesB(0.32)0.430.33Cash flows from financing activitiesB(0.32)0.430.33Cash flows from financing activitiesFroceeds / (Repayments) from long term borrowings(53.90)(179.07)(179.08)Interest paid(S3.27)(5.36)(2.70)Net cash generated from / (used) in financing activitiesC(57.17)(184.43)(181.78)Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A + B + C)(18.86)(5.61)9.74Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the reporting period/year24.5028.0143.36Components of cash and cash equivalentsSeptember 30, 2020September 30, 2019March 31, 2020Balances with Banks24.5028.0143.36	Increase/ (Decrease) in trade payables and current liabilities		(34.30)	(188.78)	(87.70
Operating profit after working capital changes39.62179.49194.83Direct taxes paid (net of refunds)(0.99)(1.10)(3.64Net cash generated from / (used in) operating activitiesA38.63178.39191.19Cash flows from investing activities(0.32)0.050.06(Payment for capital expenditure)/Sales proceeds from fixed assets-0.380.27Interest received(0.32)0.050.06Net cash generated from / (used in) investing activitiesB(0.32)0.430.33Cash flows from financing activitiesB(0.32)0.430.33Cash flows from financing activitiesC(53.90)(179.07)(179.08Proceeds / (Repayments) from long term borrowings(53.90)(179.07)(179.08Interest paid(3.27)(5.36)(2.70)Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A + B + C)(18.86)(5.61)9.74Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the reporting period/year24.5028.0143.36Components of cash and cash equivalents24.5028.0143.36Balances with Banks24.5028.0143.36	Increase/ (Decrease) in provisions		· · ·	(33.46)	
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Net cash generated from / (used in) operating activitiesA38.63178.39191.19Cash flows from investing activities(Payment for capital expenditure)/Sales proceeds from fixed assets0.380.27(Payment for capital expenditure)/Sales proceeds from fixed assets0.380.27Interest received(0.32)0.050.06Net cash generated from / (used in) investing activitiesB(0.32)0.430.33Cash flows from financing activitiesB(0.32)0.430.33Cash generated from / (used) in financing activitiesC(57.17)(184.43)(179.07)Net cash generated from / (used) in financing activitiesC(57.17)(184.43)(181.76Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A + B + C)(18.86)(5.61)9.74Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the reporting period/year24.5028.0143.36Components of cash and cash equivalentsSeptember 30, 2020September 30, 2019March 31, 2020Balances with Banks24.5028.0143.36	Direct taxes paid (net of refunds)		(0.99)	(1.10)	(3.64
(Payment for capital expenditure)/Sales proceeds from fixed assets-0.380.27Interest received(0.32)0.050.06Net cash generated from / (used in) investing activitiesB(0.32)0.430.33Cash flows from financing activities000 <td></td> <td>Α</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>191.19</td>		Α			191.19
(Payment for capital expenditure)/Sales proceeds from fixed assets-0.380.27Interest received(0.32)0.050.06Net cash generated from / (used in) investing activitiesB(0.32)0.430.33Cash flows from financing activitiesC(53.90)(179.07)(179.08Proceeds / (Repayments) from long term borrowings(53.90)(179.07)(179.08Interest paid(3.27)(5.36)(2.70)Net cash generated from / (used) in financing activitiesC(57.17)(184.43)(181.78)Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A + B + C)(18.86)(5.61)9.74Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the reporting period/year43.3633.6233.62Components of cash and cash equivalentsSeptember 30, 2020September 30, 2019March 31, 2020Balances with Banks24.5028.0143.36	Cash flows from investing activities				
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Proceeds / (Repayments) from long term borrowings(53.90)(179.07)(179.08)Interest paid(3.27)(5.36)(2.70)Net cash generated from / (used) in financing activitiesC(57.17)(184.43)(181.78)Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A + B + C)(18.86)(5.61)9.74Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the reporting period/year43.3633.6233.62Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the reporting period/year24.5028.0143.36Balances with Banks24.5028.0143.36					
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Net cash generated from / (used) in financing activities C (57.17) (184.43) (181.78) Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A + B + C) (18.86) (5.61) 9.74 Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the reporting period/year 43.36 33.62 33.62 Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the reporting period/year 24.50 28.01 43.36 Balances with Banks 24.50 28.01 43.36				, ,	,
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Balances with Banks 24.50 28.01 43.36		your			43.36
Balances with Banks 24.50 28.01 43.36					
	Components of cash and cash equivalents		September 30, 2020	September 30, 2019	March 31, 2020
Cash and cash equivalents as per note 8 24.50 28.01 43.36	Balances with Banks		24.50	28.01	43.36
	Cash and cash equivalents as per note 8		24.50	28.01	43.36
	Summary of significant accounting policies	3			

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed financial statements

As per our report of even date

For Joshi Apte &Co., Firm registration no. 104370W Chartered Accountants

per C.K. Joshi Partner Membership No.030428

Place: Pune Date : October 21,2020 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Persistent Telecom Solutions Inc.

Dr. Anand Deshpande Director Thomas Klein Director

Place: PunePlace: Santa ClaraDate : October 21,2020Date : October 21,2020

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE HALF YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

A. Equity share capital*

Refer note : 4		(In ₹ million)
Balance as at April 1, 2020	Changes in equity share capital during the period	Balance as at September 30, 2020
-	-	-
-	-	-

(In ₹ million)

Balance as at April 1, 2019	Changes in equity share capital during the period	Balance as at September 30, 2019
-	-	-
-	-	-

(In ₹ million)

Balance as at April 1, 2019	Changes in equity share capital during the year	Balance as at March 31, 2020
-	-	-
-	-	-

* Represents value less than ₹ Millions

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE HALF YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

B. Other equity

					(In ₹ million)
	Reserves a	and surplus	Items of other comp		
Particulars	Securities premium reserve	Retained earnings	Exchange differences on translating the financial statements of foreign operations	Remeasurements of the defined benefit liabilities / asset	Total
Balance as at April 1, 2020	306.93	(446.10)	70.21	1.12	(67.84)
Net profit/(losses) for the period	-	56.33	-	-	56.33
Change during the period	-	-	0.78	-	0.78
Balance at September 30, 2020	306.93	(389.77)	70.99	1.12	(10.73)

(In ₹ million)

(In **Z** million)

	Reserves a	and surplus	Items of other comp	rehensive income	
Particulars	Securities premium reserve	Retained earnings	Exchange differences on translating the financial statements of foreign operations	Remeasurements of the defined benefit liabilities / asset	Total
Balance as at April 1, 2019	306.93	(613.42)	80.23	1.12	(225.14)
Net profit / (loss) for the period	-	185.33	-	-	185.33
Change during the period	-	-	(3.17)	-	(3.17)
Balance at September 30, 2019	306.93	(428.09)	77.06	1.12	(42.98)

					(In ₹ million)
	Reserves a	and surplus	Items of other comp	rehensive income	
Particulars	Securities premium reserve	Retained earnings	Exchange differences on translating the financial statements of foreign operations	Remeasurements of the defined benefit liabilities / asset	Total
Balance as at April 1, 2019	306.93	(613.42)	80.23	1.12	(225.14)
Net profit / (loss) for the year	-	167.32	-	-	167.32
Change during the year	-	-	(10.02)	-	(10.02)
Balance at March 31, 2020	306.93	(446.10)	70.21	1.12	(67.84)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed financial statements

As per our report of even date

For Joshi Apte & Co. Firm registration no. 104370W Chartered Accountants

per C.K. Joshi Partner Membership No. 030428

Place: Pune Date : October 21,2020 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Persistent Telecom Solutions Inc.

Dr. Anand Deshpande Director Thomas Klein Director

Place: Pune Date : October 21,2020 Place: Santa Clara Date : October 21,2020

1. Nature of operations

Persistent Telecom Solutions, Inc. (the Company) is a wholly owned subsidiary of Persistent Systems, Inc. The company is specialized in software products, services and technology innovation in telecom and Product Lifecycle Management domains.

2. Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared on an accrual basis and under the historical cost convention except for certain financial instruments which have been measured at fair value. The accounting policies are consistently applied by the Company during the period/year and are consistent with those used in previous period/year except where a newly issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use.

-Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Ind AS 34 Interim Financial Reporting for the quarter and half year ended September 30, 2020 as notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 read with Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013.

3. Statement of significant accounting policies

A. Accounting year

The accounting year of the company is from April 1 to March 31.

B. Functional currency

The company's functional currency is the U.S. Dollar

C. Use of estimates

The preparation of the condensed financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires the management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenue, expenses, assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent liabilities at the end of reporting period. Although these estimates are based on the management's best knowledge of current events and actions, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in the outcomes requiring a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets or liabilities in future periods.

Estimation of uncertainties relating to the global health pandemic from COVID-19 (COVID-19):

The Company has evaluated likely impact of the coronavirus (COVID – 19) on the overall business of the company. Though it is too early to estimate the same in view of the volatility in the global economic condition due this pandemic. Company as at the date of the approval of these financials, has used various available sources of information to analyse the carrying amount of its financial assets. The impact of COVID-19 on the Company's financial statement may differ from the estimate as on the date of the approval of the financial statement.

• Expected credit loss:

The Company considered current as well as anticipated future economic condition relating to industries the company deals with and the countries it operates. In calculating expected credit loss the company has also considered the liquidity crunch that is possible effect from global pandemic relating to COVID - 19. Based on current estimates company expects carrying amount of these assets to be recovered. The impact of COVID-19 on the Company's financial statement may differ from the estimate as on the date of the approval of the financial statement.

• Impact on unhedged foreign currency exposure:

Based on its assessment, the Company believes that the current volatility in currency due to COVID-19 is a short term phenomena and is not likely to have any adverse impact on the foreign currency transactions of the company.

• Carrying value of financial instruments:

The company has financial instruments in the nature of inter group deposits hence there is no risk of default or liquidity.

• Impact on revenue:

The Company has evaluated its customers to assess any drop in revenue due to the impact of COVID - 19. And it is of the opinion that the customers would re-prioritise their discretionary spend in immediate future to conserve resources. The Company has considered such impact to the extent known currently and has taken steps to measure the cost budget required to complete its performance obligations in respect of fixed price contracts and has incorporated impact of likely delays and costs in meeting its obligations However, impact assessment of COVID - 19 is a continuing process given the uncertainties associated with its nature and duration.

Critical accounting estimates

i. Revenue recognition

The Company uses the percentage-of-completion method in accounting for its fixed-price contracts. Use of the percentage-of-completion method requires the Company to estimate the efforts or costs expended to date as a proportion of the total efforts or costs to be expended. Efforts or costs expended have been used to measure progress towards completion. Provisions for estimated losses, if any, on uncompleted contracts are recorded in the period in which such losses become probable based on the expected contract estimates at the reporting date.

Further, the Company uses significant judgement while determining the transaction price allocated to performance obligations using the expected cost plus margin approach.

In respect of the contracts where the transaction price is payable as royalty at pre-defined percentage of customer revenue and bearing in mind, the time gap between the close of the accounting period and availability of the revenue report from the customer, the Company is required to use its judgement to ascertain the income from royalty on the basis of historical trends of customer revenue.

ii. Income taxes

The Company's major tax jurisdictions is USA. Significant judgements are involved in determining the provision for income taxes.

iii. Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment represent a significant proportion of the asset base of the Company. The charge in respect of depreciation is derived after determining an estimate of an asset's expected useful life and the expected residual value at the end of its life. The useful lives and residual values of Company's assets are determined by management at the time the asset is acquired and reviewed periodically. The lives are based on historical experience with similar assets as well as anticipation of future events, which may impact their life, such as changes in technology.

iv. Provisions

Provisions are determined based on the best estimate required to settle the obligation at the reporting date. If the effect of time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects the risks specific to the liability. These estimates are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

D. Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, Plant and Equipment are stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. The cost comprises the purchase price and any attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working

condition for its intended use. Any trade discounts and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price. Capital work-in-progress includes cost of Property, Plant and Equipment that are not ready to be put to use.

Subsequent expenditure related to an item of Property, Plant and Equipment is added to its book value only if it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company. All other expenses on existing Property, Plant and Equipment, including day-to-day repair and maintenance expenditure and cost of replacing parts, are charged to the statement of profit and loss for the year during which such expenses are incurred.

Gains or losses arising from disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognized in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is disposed.

E. Intangible assets

a) Acquired Intangible assets

Intangible assets including software licenses of enduring nature and contractual rights acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. Following initial recognition, Intangible assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Cost comprises the purchase price and any directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use.

Gains or losses arising from disposal of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognized in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is disposed.

b) Research and development cost

Research costs are expensed as incurred. Development expenditure incurred on an individual project is recognized as an intangible asset when the company can demonstrate:

- technical feasibility of completing the intangible asset so that it will be available for use or sale;
- its intention to complete the asset;
- its ability to use or sell the asset;
- how the asset will generate probable future economic benefits;
- the availability of adequate resources to complete the development and to use or sell the asset; and
- the ability to measure reliably the expenditure attributable to the intangible asset during development.

Such development expenditure, until capitalization, is reflected as intangible assets under development.

Following the initial recognition, internally generated intangible assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Amortization of internally generated intangible asset begins when the development is complete and the asset is available for use.

F. Depreciation and amortization

Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment is provided using the Straight Line Method ('SLM') over the useful lives of the assets estimated by the management.

The management estimates the useful lives for the Property, Plant and Equipment as follows:

Assets	Useful lives
Computers	3 years
Computers - Servers and networks*	3 years
Office equipments	5 years
Plant and equipment*	5 years
Furniture and fixtures*	5 years

*For these classes of assets, based on internal assessment and independent technical evaluation carried out by external valuers the management believes that the useful lives as given above best represent the period over which the management expects to use these assets. Hence the useful lives of these assets are different from the useful lives as prescribed under Part C of Schedule II of the Companies Act 2013.

Individual assets whose cost does not exceed ₹ 5,000 are fully depreciated in the year of acquisition.

Intangible assets are amortized on a straight line basis over their estimated useful lives commencing from the day the asset is made available for use.

G. Financial Instruments

i) Financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are recognized initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset.

Subsequent measurement

For the purpose of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified as:

- Financial assets at amortized cost

Financial assets that are held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows and whose contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. The change in measurements are recognized as finance income in the statement of profit and loss.

- Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)

Financial assets that are held within a business model whose objective is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets and the assets' contractual cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding are subsequently measured at fair value. Fair value movements are recognized in other comprehensive income.

- Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

Any financial assets which does not meet the criteria for categorization as financial assets at amortized cost or as FVTOCI, is classified as financial assets at FVTPL. Financial assets included within the FVTPL category are subsequently measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

ii) Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

Subsequent measurement

For the purpose of subsequent measurement, financial liabilities are classified as:

- Financial liabilities at amortized cost

Financial liabilities such as loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. The change in measurements are recognized as finance costs in the statement of profit and loss.

- Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

Financial liabilities include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss if the recognition criteria as per Ind AS 109 are satisfied. Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognized in statement of profit and loss. Fair value gains or losses on liabilities designated as FVTPL attributable to changes in own credit risk are recognized in other comprehensive income. All other changes in fair value of liabilities designated as FVTPL are recognized in the statement of profit and loss. The Company has not designated any financial liability as at FVTPL.

iii)Impairment

i) Financial assets

The Company applies Expected Credit Loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on financial assets measured at amortized cost and financial assets that are debts instruments and are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI). ECL is the difference between contractual cash flows that are due and the cash flows that the Company expects to receive, discounted at the original effective interest rate.

For trade receivables, the Company recognizes impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECL at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition. For other financial assets, the Company determines whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition. If credit risk has not increased significantly, 12 month ECL is used to provide for impairment loss. However, if credit risk has increased significantly, lifetime ECL is used.

ii) Non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of Property, Plant and Equipment and Goodwill are reviewed at each balance sheet date or whenever there is any indication of impairment based on internal/external factors. If any indications exist, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount.

Recoverable amount of intangible under development that is not yet available for use is estimated at least at each financial year end even if there is no indication that the asset is impaired.

An impairment loss is recognized wherever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the greater of the asset's net selling price and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pretax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and risks specific to the asset.

H. Impairment of Property, Plant and Equipment and Other intangible assets

The carrying amounts of assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date if there is any indication of impairment based on internal/external factors. An impairment loss is recognized wherever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the greater of the asset's net selling price and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and risks specific to the asset.

I. Borrowing Cost:

Borrowing cost includes interest, amortization of ancillary costs incurred in connection with the arrangements of borrowings. Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or development of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalized as a part of the cost of the respective asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the year in which they occur.

Amendment to Ind AS 23 Borrowing costs: The amendments clarify that if any specific borrowing remains outstanding after the related asset is ready for its intended use or sale, that borrowing becomes part of the funds that an entity borrows generally when calculating the capitalisation rate on general borrowings. The Company does not expect any impact related to this amendment.

J. Investments

Investments that are readily realizable and intended to be held for not more than a year are classified as current investments. All other investments are classified as long-term investments. Current investments are carried at lower of cost and fair value determined on category basis.

Long-term investments presented as non- current investments are carried at cost.

K. Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable taking into account the amount of any trade discounts and volume rebates allowed by the Company. Revenue is recognized to the extent it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured.

The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognized:

i. Income from software licenses and services

Effective April 1, 2018, the Company adopted Ind AS 115 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" using the cumulative catch-up transition method, applied to contracts that were not completed as of April 1, 2018. In accordance with the cumulative catch-up transition method, the previous period's/ year's amounts have not been retrospectively adjusted. The following is a summary of new and/or revised significant accounting policies related to revenue recognition. The effect on adoption of Ind AS 115 was insignificant.

The company derives revenues primarily from IT services comprising of software development and related services and from the licensing of software products.

Revenue is recognized upon transfer of control of promised products or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration expected to receive in exchange for those products or services. Arrangements with customers for software related services are either on a time-and-material or a fixed-price basis.

Revenue on time-and-material contracts are recognized as and when the related services are performed. Revenue from fixed-price contracts, where the performance obligations are satisfied over time and where there is no uncertainty as to measurement or collectability of consideration, is recognized as per the percentage-of-completion method. When there is uncertainty as to measurement or ultimate collectability, revenue recognition is postponed until such uncertainty is resolved.

Revenue from licenses where the customer obtains a "right to use" the licenses is recognized at the time the license is made available to the customer. Revenue from licenses where the customer obtains a "right to access" is recognized over the access period.

The company has applied the principles under Ind AS 115 to account for revenues from these performance obligations.

When support services are provided in conjunction with the licensing arrangement and the license and the support services have been identified as two separate performance obligations, the transaction price for such contracts are allocated to each performance obligation of the contract based on their relative standalone selling prices Maintenance revenue is recognized proportionately over the period in which the services are rendered.

Revenue from royalty is recognized in accordance with the terms of the relevant agreements.

The company accounts for volume discounts and pricing incentives to customers as a reduction of revenue based on the proportionate allocation of the discounts amount to each of the underlying performance obligation that corresponds to the progress by the customer towards earning the discount. Also, when the level of discount varies with increases in levels of revenue transactions, the Company recognizes the liability based on its estimate of the customer's future purchases. If it is probable that the criteria for the discount will not be met, or if the amount thereof cannot be estimated reliably, then discount is not recognized until the payment is probable and the amount can be estimated reliably. The company recognizes changes in the estimated amount of obligations for discounts in the period in which the change occurs.

Unbilled revenue represents revenue recognized in relation to work done until the balance sheet date for which billing has not taken place.

Unearned revenue represents the billing in respect of contracts for which the revenue is not recognized.

The Company collects Goods and Service Tax, value added taxes (VAT) on behalf of the government and, therefore, these are not economic benefits flowing to the Company. Hence, they are excluded from revenue.

ii. Interest

Interest income is recognized on a time proportion basis taking into account the carrying amount and the effective interest rate. Interest income is included under the head 'Other income' in the statement of profit and loss.

iii. Dividends

Dividend Income is recognized when the company's right to receive payment is established by the balance sheet date. Dividend income is included under the head 'Other Income' in the statement of profit and loss.

L. Foreign currency transaction:

i. Initial recognition

Foreign currency transactions are recorded in the functional currency viz.USD by applying to the foreign currency amount the exchange rate between the functional currency and the foreign currency on the date of the transaction.

ii. Conversion

The transactions are in US Dollars, which are converted for reporting in Indian currency on the following basis. The equity share capital is translated on the date of transaction and fixed assets and investments are translated at the closing rate as at the date of the balance sheet. All current assets and current liabilities are translated at the closing rate as at the date of the balance sheet. All Income and Expense items are converted at weighted average of Inter Bank Selling Rate for the year.

The exchange difference arising out of the period/year-end conversion is translated to Currency Translation Reserve and the said amount is shown under the head "Other Equity".

iii. Settlement

Revenue, and expenses denominated in foreign currencies are translated using the exchange rate in effect on the date of the transaction. Transaction gains or losses realized upon settlement of foreign currency transactions are included in determining net profit or loss for the period in which the transaction is settled.

M. Retirement and other employee benefits

i. Gratuity

The Company is not liable to pay gratuity as per the payment of Gratuity Act 1972.

ii. Superannuation

The Company does not have any superannuation scheme.

iii. Provident fund

The Company is not liable to pay provident fund as per the Provident Fund Act 1952.

iv. Leave encashment

Accumulated leave, which is expected to be utilized within the next twelve months, is treated as short-term employee benefit. The company measures the expected cost of such absences as the additional amount that it expects to pay as a result of the unused entitlement that has accumulated at the reporting date.

The Company treats accumulated leave expected to be carried forward beyond twelve months, as longterm employee benefit for measurement purposes. Such long-term compensated absences are provided for based on the actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit method at the reporting date. Remeasurements, comprising of actuarial gains and losses are recognized in full in the statement of profit and loss.

The Company presents the entire leave encashment liability as a current liability in the balance sheet, since it does not have an unconditional right to defer its settlement for twelve months after the reporting date.

N. Income taxes

Tax expense comprises of current and deferred tax. Current income tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid to the tax authorities in accordance with the United States of America's tax laws. Deferred income tax reflects the impact of current period timing differences between taxable income and accounting income for the period and reversal of timing differences of earlier periods.

Deferred income taxes reflect the impact of temporary differences between tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts. Deferred tax is measured based on the tax rates and the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date

Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences, the carry forward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses, except deferred tax assets arising from initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, affects neither accounting nor taxable profit/loss at the time of transaction. Deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realized.

The carrying amount of deferred tax asset is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realized.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset, if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

Deferred tax relating to items recognized outside the statement of profit and loss is recognized in corelation to the underlying transaction either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Ind AS 12 Appendix C, Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments: On March 30, 2019, Ministry of Corporate Affairs has notified Ind AS 12 Appendix C, Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments which is to be applied while performing the determination of taxable profit (or loss), tax bases, unused tax losses, unused tax credits and tax rates, when there is uncertainty over income tax treatments under Ind AS 12. According to the appendix, companies need to determine the probability of the relevant tax authority accepting each tax treatment, or group of tax treatments, that the companies have used or plan to use in their income tax filing which has to be considered to compute the most likely amount or the expected value of the tax treatment when determining taxable profit (tax loss), tax bases, unused tax losses, unused tax credits and tax rates.

The standard permits two possible methods of transition - i) Full retrospective approach – Under this approach, Appendix C will be applied retrospectively to each prior reporting period presented in accordance with Ind AS 8 – Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors, without using hindsight and ii) Retrospectively with cumulative effect of initially applying Appendix C recognized by adjusting equity on initial application, without adjusting comparatives.

The effective date for adoption of Ind AS 12 Appendix C is annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2019.

The Company has adopted the standard on April 1, 2019 and has decided to adjust the cumulative effect in equity on the date of initial application i.e. April 1, 2019 without adjusting comparatives.

The effect on adoption of Ind AS 12 Appendix C would be insignificant in the financial statements.

Amendment to Ind AS 12 – Income taxes: On March 30, 2019, Ministry of Corporate Affairs issued amendments to the guidance in Ind AS 12, 'Income Taxes', in connection with accounting for dividend distribution taxes.

The amendment clarifies that an entity shall recognise the income tax consequences of dividends in profit or loss, other comprehensive income or equity according to where the entity originally recognised those past transactions or events.

Effective date for application of this amendment is annual period beginning on or after April 1, 2019. The Company is currently evaluating the effect of this amendment on the financial statements.

O. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the cash flow statement comprise cash at bank and in hand, bank deposits and short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

P. Lease

Where the Company is a lessee

Leases, where the lessor effectively retains substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership of the leased item, are classified as operating leases.

Operating lease payments are recognized as an expense in the statement of profit and loss as per the terms of the lease agreements.

Ind AS 116 Leases: On March 30, 2019, Ministry of Corporate Affairs has notified Ind AS 116, Leases. Ind AS 116 will replace the existing leases Standard, Ind AS 17 Leases, and related Interpretations. The Standard sets out the principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of leases for both parties to a contract i.e., the lessee and the lessor. Ind AS 116 introduces a single lessee accounting model and requires a lessee to recognize assets and liabilities for all leases with a term of more than twelve months, unless the underlying asset is of low value. Currently, operating lease expenses are charged to the statement of Profit & Loss. The Standard also contains enhanced disclosure requirements for lessees. Ind AS 116 substantially carries forward the lessor accounting requirements in Ind AS 17.

The effective date for adoption of Ind AS 116 is annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2019. The standard permits two possible methods of transition:

• Full retrospective – Retrospectively to each prior period presented applying Ind AS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors

• Modified retrospective – Retrospectively, with the cumulative effect of initially applying the Standard recognized at the date of initial application.

Under modified retrospective approach, the lessee records the lease liability as the present value of the remaining lease payments, discounted at the incremental borrowing rate and the right of use asset either as:

• Its carrying amount as if the standard had been applied since the commencement date, but discounted at lessee's incremental borrowing rate at the date of initial application or

• An amount equal to the lease liability, adjusted by the amount of any prepaid or accrued lease payments related to that lease recognized under Ind AS 17 immediately before the date of initial application.

Certain practical expedients are available under both the methods.

On completion of evaluation of the effect of adoption of Ind AS 116, the Company is proposing to use the 'Modified Retrospective Approach' for transitioning to Ind AS 116, and take the cumulative adjustment to retained earnings, on the date of initial application (April 1, 2019). Accordingly, comparatives for the year ended March 31, 2019 will not be retrospectively adjusted. The Company has elected certain available practical expedients on transition.

The effect of adoption as on transition date would majorly result in an increase in Right of use asset approximately by ₹ NIL and an increase in lease liability approximately by ₹ NIL.

Q. Earnings per share (EPS)

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for events such as bonus issue, bonus element in a rights issue, share split, and reverse share split (consolidation of shares), if any occurred during the reporting period, that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without a corresponding change in resources.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit for the period attributable to the equity shareholders and the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period, are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

The number of shares and potential dilutive equity shares are adjusted retrospectively for all periods presented for any bonus shares issues including for changes effected prior to the approval of the financial statements by the Board of Directors.

R. Provisions

A provision is recognized when the Company has a present obligation as a result of past event; it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made. Provisions are determined based on the best estimate required to settle the obligation at the reporting date. If the effect of time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects the risks specific to the liability. These estimates are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

S. Contingent liabilities

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past event whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the company or a present obligation that is not recognized because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. A contingent liability also arises in extremely rare cases where there is a liability that cannot be recognized because it cannot be measured reliably. The company does not recognize a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the condensed financial statements.

T. Employee stock compensation expenses

Employees of the Company receive remuneration in the form of share based payment transactions, whereby employees render services as consideration for equity instruments granted (equity-settled transactions) by the holding Company, Persistent Systems Limited, to the employees of the Company.

In accordance with Ind AS 102, the cost of equity-settled transactions is determined by the fair value at the date of the grant by the holding Company of the equity instruments to the employees of the Company and recognized as employee compensation cost over the vesting period. The cumulative expense recognized for equity-settled transactions at each reporting date until the vesting date reflects the extent to which the vesting period has expired and the Company's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest.

The expense or credit recognized by the Company in the statement of profit and loss for a year represents the movement in cumulative expense recognized as at the beginning and end of that year and is recognized in employee benefits expense of the Company. In case of the employee stock option schemes having a graded vesting schedule, each vesting tranche having different vesting period has been considered as a separate option grant and accounted for accordingly.

Where the terms of an equity-settled transaction award are modified, the minimum expense recognized is the expense as if the terms had not been modified, if the original terms of the award are met. An additional expense is recognized for any modification that increases the total intrinsic value of the share-based payment transaction, or is otherwise beneficial to the employee as measured at the date of modification.

U. Amendment to Ind AS 19: plan amendment, curtailment or settlement- On March 30, 2019, Ministry of Corporate Affairs issued amendments to Ind AS 19, 'Employee Benefits', in connection with accounting for plan amendments, curtailments and settlements.

The amendments require an entity:

• to use updated assumptions to determine current service cost and net interest for the remainder of the period after a plan amendment, curtailment or settlement; and to recognise in profit or loss as part of past service cost, or a gain or loss on settlement, any reduction in a surplus, even if that surplus was not previously recognised because of the impact of the asset ceiling.

Effective date for application of this amendment is annual period beginning on or after April 1, 2019. The Company does not have any impact on account of this amendment

4. Share capital

	As at	As at	As at
	September 30, 2020	September 30, 2019	March 31, 2020
Authorised			
5,000 (Previous year 5,000)	US \$ 5	US \$ 5	US \$ 5
Common Shares of \$0.001 each.			
	US \$ 5	US \$ 5	US \$ 5
Issued, subscribed and paid-up (In ₹ Millions)			
2,480 (previous year 2,480) common shares of \$0.001 each fully paid up. All shares are held by holding company i.e. Persistent Systems Inc.	-	-	-
	-	-	-
*Represent value less than ₹ Millions			

Reconciliation of the shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period: There is no movement in the shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting **period**.

NOTES FORMING PART OF CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

5. Property, Plant and Equipment & Other Intangible Assets

								(In ₹ million
	Computers	Office Equipment	Furniture & Fixtures	Sub total Tangibles	Software	Acquired Contractual rights	Sub total Intangibles	Total
Gross Block								
As at April 1, 2020	129.06	1.61	1.16	131.83	730.11	524.00	1,254.11	1,385.94
Additions	0.17	-	_	0.17	· · ·	-	-	0.17
Disposals	-	-		-				-
- Exchange difference	(2.99)	(0.04)	(0.02)	(3.05)	(202.85)	171.22	(31.63)	(34.68
As at September 30, 2020	126.24	1.57	1.14	128.95	527.26	695.22	1,222.48	1,351.43
Depreciation / Amortization								
As at April 1, 2020	128.17	1.57	1.06	130.80	730.11	524.00	1,254.11	1,384.91
Charge for the period	0.42	0.02	0.04	0.48		-	-	0.48
 Exchange difference 	(2.97)	(0.04)	-	(3.01)	(202.85)	171.22	(31.63)	(34.64
As at September 30, 2020	125.62	1.55	1.10	128.27	527.26	695.22	1,222.48	1,350.75
Net Block								
As at September 30, 2020	0.62	0.02	0.04	0.68	-	-	-	0.68
As at March 31, 2020	0.89	0.04	0.10	1.03	-	-	-	1.03
Gross Block								
As at April 1, 2019	122.91	1.47	1.06	125.44	666.88	478.62	1,145.50	1,270.94
Additions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Disposals	5.60	-	-	5.60	-	-	-	5.60
 Exchange difference 	3.54	0.04	0.03	3.61	12.46	16.42	28.88	32.49
As at September 30, 2019	120.85	1.51	1.09	123.45	679.34	495.04	1,174.38	1,297.83
Depreciation / Amortization								
As at April 1, 2019	121.33	1.36	0.84	123.53	666.88	478.62	1,145.50	1,269.03
Charge for the period	0.39	0.06	0.07	0.52	-	-	-	0.52
Disposals	5.22	-	-	5.22	-	-	-	5.22
 Exchange difference 	3.13	0.04	0.02	3.19	12.46	16.42	28.88	32.07
As at September 30, 2019	119.63	1.46	0.93	122.02	679.34	495.04	1,174.38	1,296.40
Net Block								
As at September 30, 2019	1.22	0.05	0.16	1.43	-	-	-	1.43
As at March 31, 2019	1.58	0.11	0.22	1.91	-	-	-	1.91
Gross Block								
As at April 1, 2019	122.91	1.47	1.06	125.44	666.88	478.62	1,145.50	1,270.94
Purchase	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disposals	5.60	-	-	5.60	-	-	-	5.60
 Exchange difference 	11.75	0.14	0.10	11.99	63.23	45.38	108.61	120.60
As at March 31, 2020	129.06	1.61	1.16	131.83	730.11	524.00	1,254.11	1,385.94
Depreciation / Amortization								
As at April 1, 2019	121.33	1.36	0.84	123.53	666.88	478.62	1,145.50	1,269.03
Charge for the year	0.79	0.08	0.13	1.00	-	-	-	1.00
Disposals - Exchange difference	5.16 11.21	0.13	- 0.09	5.16 11.43	63.23	- 45.38	- 108.61	5.16 120.04
As at March 31, 2020	128.17	1.57	1.06	130.80	730.11	43.38 524.00	1,254.11	1,384.91
Net Block								
As at March 31, 2020	0.89	0.04	0.10	1.03		-	-	1.03
As at March 31, 2019	1.58	0.04	0.22	1.00	-	-		1.00
5.1 Depreciation and amortization expe	ense							(In ₹ million
				For the qua			year ended	For the year ended
				September 30, 2020	September 30, 2019	September 30, 2020	September 30, 2019	March 31, 2020
On Property, Plant and Equipment				0.24	0.25	0.48	0.52	1.00
				-	-	-	-	-
On Other intangible assets				0.24	0.25	0.48	0.52	1.00

NOTES FORMING PART OF CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

6. Deferred tax assets

	As at	As at	As at
	September 30, 2020	September 30, 2019	March 31, 2020
	(In ₹ million)	(In ₹ million)	(In ₹ million)
Deferred tax assets			
Provision for doubtful debts	8.54	9.39	8.76
Provision for leave encashment	2.53	4.80	4.43
Provision for long service awards	0.63	1.24	-
Accumulated losses	10.66	11.07	22.01
Sales commission	-	-	2.05
Differences in depreciation and amortization and other differences in a block of tangible and intangible assets as per the US tax books and financial books	64.03	68.28	69.32
Others*	1.52	0.82	1.99
Deferred tax asset (net)	87.91	95.60	108.56

*The Company along with its Parent Company – Persistent Systems Inc. ("Parent Company") has opted for the consolidated direct tax filing in the United States since FY 2014-15 to optimize the tax liability at a group level.

	As at	As at	As a
	September 30, 2020 (In ₹ million)	September 30, 2019 (In ₹ million)	March 31, 2020 (In ₹ million
Dutstanding for a period exceeding six months from the date they are due for payment			
Unsecured (considered good)	-		
Unsecured (credit impaired)	35.24	38.71	36.16
	35.24	38.71	36.16
Less : Allowance for doubtful trade receivables	35.24	38.71	36.16
		-	-
Dthers			
Unsecured (considered good)	196.75	175.17	243.92
Unsecured (credit impaired)			
	196.75	175.17	243.92
Less : Allowance for doubtful trade receivables	-	-	-
	196.75	175.17	243.92
	196.75	175.17	243.92
3. Cash and cash equivalents			
	As at	As at	As a
	September 30, 2020 (In ₹ million)	September 30, 2019 (In ₹ million)	March 31, 2020 (In ₹ million
Cash and cash equivalents as presented in cash flow statement			
Balances with banks			
- On current account	24.50	28.01	43.36
			43.36

	As at	As at	As at
	September 30, 2020	September 30, 2019	March 31, 2020
	(In ₹ million)	(In ₹ million)	(In ₹ million
Unsecured, considered good			
Carried at amortised cost			
Advance to related parties (Unsecured, considered good)			
-Persistent Systems Inc.	-		14.44
Other loans and advances			
Deposits	0.14	0.14	0.15
Unbilled revenue	10.86	6.53	8.93
	11.00	6.67	23.52

	As at	As at	As at
	September 30, 2020	September 30, 2019	March 31, 2020
	(In ₹ million)	(In ₹ million)	(In ₹ million
Advances to suppliers (Unsecured, considered good)			
Advances recoverable in cash or kind or for value to be received	45.66	29.11	11.10
Unsecured, considered good			
US State Tax receivable	3.17	2.93	3.15
Other	-	-	0.05
	48.83	32.04	14.30

NOTES FORMING PART OF CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

11. Non Current financial liabilities: Borrowings

	As at	As at	As at
	September 30, 2020	September 30, 2019	March 31, 2020
	(In ₹ million)	(In ₹ million)	(In ₹ million)
Unsecured			
Borrowings from related parties			
- Persistent Systems, Inc.	-	70.85	-
(Repayment Terms : After Thirty six months)			
(Rate of interest: Applicable federal rate)			
- Persistent Systems Pte. Ltd.	-	49.60	52.96
(Repayment Terms : After Thirty six months)			
(Rate of interest: SIBOR + 2%)			
	<u> </u>	120.45	52.96

12. Current financial liabilities : Borrowings As at As at As at September 30, 2020 March 31, 2020 September 30, 2019 (In ₹ million) (In ₹ million) (In ₹ million) Loans and advances from related parties Unsecured -Aepona Limited 0.01 -Persistent Systems Limited 7.77 4.60 --Persistent Systems, Inc. 13.26 Borrowings from related parties - Persistent Systems, Inc. 75.66 -(Repayment Terms : After Thirty six months) 17.87 83.43 -

13. Trade payables

	As at	As at As at	
	September 30, 2020 (In ₹ million)	September 30, 2019 (In ₹ million)	March 31, 2020 (In ₹ million)
Trade payables for goods and services	233.74	127.72	183.94
	233.74	127.72	183.94

NOTES FORMING PART OF CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

14. Other current financial liabilities

	As at	As at	As at
	September 30, 2020	September 30, 2019	March 31, 2020
	(In ₹ million)	(In ₹ million)	(In ₹ million)
Carried at amortised cost			
Interest accrued on borrowings from related parties			
-Persistent Systems, Inc.	-	0.45	0.48
-Persistent Systems Pte. Ltd.	-	1.61	2.75
Other payables			
- Accrued employee liabilities	-	12.40	9.83
Capital creditors	-	-	-
		14.46	13.06

	As at September 30, 2020 (In ₹ million)	As at September 30, 2019 (In ₹ million)	As at March 31, 2020 (In ₹ million)
Unearned revenue	160.79	94.44	152.72
Other payables - Statutory liabilities	0.61	0.58	-
	161.40	95.02	152.72

	As at	As at	As at
	September 30, 2020	September 30, 2019	March 31, 2020
	(In ₹ million)	(In ₹ million)	(In ₹ million)
Provision for employee benefits			
- Leave encashment	10.43	19.81	18.29
- Other employee benefits	10.44	20.51	33.78
	20.87	40.32	52.07

NOTES FORMING PART OF CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

17. Revenue from operations

	For the quarter ended		For the half	For the half year ended		
	September 30, 2020	September 30, 2020 September 30, 2019 September 30, 2	September 30, 2020	2020 September 30, 2019	March 31, 2020	
	(In ₹ million)	(In ₹ million)	(In ₹ million)	(In ₹ million)	(In ₹ million)	
Sale of licenses (net)	35.34	42.15	82.29	64.64	159.44	
Sale of software services (net)	149.65	160.35	291.13	366.45	669.10	
	184.99	202.50	373.42	431.09	828.54	

	For the quarter ended		For the half year ended		For the year ended	
	September 30, 2020	September 30, 2019	September 30, 2020	September 30, 2019	March 31, 2020	
	(In ₹ million)	(In ₹ million)	(In ₹ million)	(In ₹ million)	(In ₹ million)	
Interest income	(0.32)	0.03	-	0.05	0.06	
Excess provision in respect of earlier years written back	(0.21)	-	21.68	-	-	
Inter-co benefit allocation	-	0.83	-	181.86	173.24	
Miscellaneous income	-	0.16	-	0.16	-	
	(0.53)	1.02	21.68	182.07	173.30	

	For the quar	ter ended	For the half	For the year ended	
	September 30, 2020	September 30, 2019	September 30, 2020	September 30, 2019	March 31, 2020
	(In ₹ million)	(In ₹ million)	(In ₹ million)	(In ₹ million)	(In ₹ million)
19.1 Employee benefit expenses					
Salaries, wages and bonus	36.76	85.02	76.82	184.63	333.49
Staff welfare and benefits	(0.04)	0.54	3.74	0.82	0.39
Defined contribution to other funds	7.51	-	7.51	-	-
	44.23	85.56	88.07	185.45	333.88
19.2 Cost of technical professionals					
- Related Parties	72.67	64.31	142.25	137.16	298.40
- Others	-	0.49	-	0.90	5.22
	72.67	64.80	142.25	138.06	303.62
	116.90	150.36	230.32	323.51	637.50

20. Other expenses

	For the quarter ended		For the half	For the year ended	
	September 30, 2020	September 30, 2019	September 30, 2020	September 30, 2019	March 31, 2020
	(In ₹ million)	(In ₹ million)	(In ₹ million)	(In ₹ million)	(In ₹ millior
Travelling and conveyance	0.59	4.15	0.99	9.78	13.65
Internet link expenses	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.06
Communication expenses	0.04	0.09	0.14	0.16	0.22
Recruitment expenses	(0.16)	1.17	1.23	3.22	2.9
Training and seminars	-	0.32	-	0.32	0.38
Royalty expenses	29.70	16.68	39.28	34.99	76.06
Third party hosting and software fees	6.14	7.47	16.29	16.83	33.22
Purchase of software licenses and	0.03	3.91	0.20	5.82	10.08
support expenses					
Provision for doubtful debts	-	(1.14)	-	(2.68)	(7.57
Rent	-	0.04	-	0.18	0.18
Rates, fees and profession tax	0.18	(0.24)	0.31	0.24	0.79
Legal and professional fees	0.38	(0.50)	1.16	11.32	13.13
Commission on sales to other than sole selling agents	12.39	16.50	29.05	28.19	60.00
Advertisement and sponsorship fees	-	0.29	-	0.51	0.84
Computer consumables	-	0.02	-	0.02	0.03
Auditors' remuneration	0.09	0.06	0.17	0.08	0.12
Books, memberships, subscriptions	0.02	(0.19)	0.24	0.11	0.3
Foreign exchange loss (net)	(0.18)	(0.06)	(0.18)	(0.01)	0.15
Miscellaneous expenses	0.11	0.16	0.24	0.39	0.65
-	49.34	48.75	89.14	109.49	205.21

NOTES FORMING PART OF CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

21. Earnings per share

		For the quarter ended		For the half year ended		For the year ended
		September 30, 2020	September 30, 2019	September 30, 2020	September 30, 2019	March 31, 2020
Basic earnings per share						
<u>Numerator</u> Net Profit / (loss) after tax (In ₹ million)	A	13.40	3.36	56.33	185.33	167.32
Denominator						
Weighted average number of equity shares	В	2,480	2,480	2,480	2,480	2,480
Basic/Diluted earnings per share (Face value of US \$ 0.001 each)	A/B	5,403.23	1,353.87	22,713.71	74,728.87	67,467.74

22. Contingent liability

The Company does not have any contingent liability as at September 30, 2020 (March 2020 - ₹ Nil).

- **23.** The Company is considered as going concern inspite of negative net worth and inability to repay debts on time, based on assurance of continued financial support and assistance from parent company and measures implemented to control loss.
- 24. The financial statements are presented in ₹ Millions except for per share information or as otherwise stated.
- **25.** Previous period's figures have been regrouped where necessary to conform to current period's classification.

As per our report of even date

For Joshi Apte &Co., Firm registration no. 104370W Chartered Accountants For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Persistent Telecom Solutions Inc.

per C.K. Joshi
Partner
Membership No.030428

Place: Pune Date: October 21,2020 Dr. Anand Deshpande Director

Place: Pune Date: October 21,2020 Place: Santa Clara Date: October 21,2020

Thomas Klein Director