

# B S R & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

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## Independent Auditor's Report

### To the Board of Directors of Persistent Systems Limited

### Report on the Audit of the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

#### Opinion

We have audited the condensed interim consolidated financial statements of Persistent Systems Limited (hereinafter referred to as the "Holding Company") and its subsidiaries (Holding Company and its subsidiaries together referred to as "the Group"), which comprise the condensed interim consolidated Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2025, and the condensed interim consolidated statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income) for the quarter and year-to-date period then ended, condensed interim consolidated statement of changes in equity and condensed interim consolidated statement of cash flows for the year-to-date period then ended, and notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements, including material accounting policies and other explanatory information as required by Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" and other accounting principles generally accepted in India (hereinafter referred to as "the condensed interim consolidated financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, and reports of other auditors on condensed separate interim financial statements of such subsidiaries as were audited by the other auditors, the aforesaid condensed interim consolidated financial statements are prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with Ind AS 34 and other accounting principles generally accepted in India.

#### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act"). Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the condensed interim consolidated financial statements in terms of the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and the relevant provisions of the Act, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us along with the consideration of reports of the other auditors referred to in paragraph (a) of the "Other Matters" section below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

### Management's and Board of Directors' Responsibilities for the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

The Holding Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for the preparation and presentation of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements in accordance with Ind AS 34 prescribed under section 133 of the Act and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. The respective Management and Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of each company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; the selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and

**Management's and Board of Directors' Responsibilities for the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements *(continued)***

prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the condensed interim consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, which have been used for the purpose of preparation of the condensed interim consolidated financial statements by the Management and Board of Directors of the Holding Company, as aforesaid.

In preparing the condensed interim consolidated financial statements, the respective Management and Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for assessing the ability of each company to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the respective Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of each company.

**Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the condensed interim consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the condensed interim consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Management and Board of Directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Management and Board of Directors use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparation of condensed interim consolidated financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on appropriateness of this assumption. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists,

**Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements**  
*(continued)*

we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the condensed interim consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion.

Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the condensed interim consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the condensed interim consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that is in accordance with Ind AS 34.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the condensed interim consolidated financial statements of such entities within the Group to express an opinion on the condensed interim consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of condensed interim consolidated financial statements of such entities included in the condensed interim consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors. For the other entities included in the condensed interim consolidated financial statements, which have been audited by other auditors, such other auditors remain responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audits carried out by them. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion. Our responsibilities in this regard are further described in para (a) of the section titled 'Other Matters' in this audit report.

We communicate with those charged with governance of the Holding Company and such other entities included in the condensed interim consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

**Other Matters**

- (a) We did not audit the condensed interim financial statements of twenty three subsidiaries and one controlled trust, whose condensed interim financial statements reflect total assets (before consolidation adjustments) of Rs. 15,795 million as at 31 December 2025, total revenues of (before consolidation adjustments) Rs. 3,285 million for the quarter and Rs. 9,449 million for the quarter ended 31 December 2025 and for the period from 01 April 2025 to 31 December 2025 respectively and net cash flows (before consolidation adjustments) amounting to Rs. 1,998 million for the year-to-date period ended on that date, as considered in the condensed interim consolidated financial statements. These condensed interim financial statements have been audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us by the Management and our opinion on the condensed interim consolidated financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these subsidiaries, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

Our opinion on the condensed interim consolidated financial statements is not modified in respect of the above matters with respect to our reliance on the work done and the reports of the other auditors.

**Other Matters (*continued*)**

- (b) The consolidated annual financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2025 were audited by the predecessor auditor. The predecessor auditor had expressed an unmodified opinion on 23 April 2025.

The condensed interim consolidated financial statements of the Company for the quarter ended 31 December 2024 were audited by the predecessor auditor. The predecessor auditor had expressed an unmodified opinion on 22 January 2025.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

**For B S R & Co. LLP**  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm's Registration No. 101248W/W-100022

Place: Pune  
Date: 20 January 2026

**Swapnil Dakshindas**  
Partner  
Membership No. 113896  
UDIN: 26113896KYJXHW2424

**Persistent Systems Limited****CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2025**

	Notes	As at		As at	
		December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2024	March 31, 2025
		In ₹ Million	In ₹ Million	In ₹ Million	In ₹ Million
<b>ASSETS</b>					
<b>Non-current assets</b>					
Property, plant and equipment	5.1	3,936.19	4,489.87	4,350.88	
Capital work-in-progress		568.14	211.02	41.84	
Right of use assets	5.2	4,567.48	2,829.37	3,798.67	
Goodwill	5.3	12,930.86	12,144.54	12,337.94	
Other Intangible assets	5.4	4,050.73	4,855.60	4,923.33	
Intangible assets under development		1,564.87	438.15	731.77	
		<b>27,618.27</b>	<b>24,968.55</b>	<b>26,184.43</b>	
<b>Financial assets</b>					
- Trade receivables	12				
- Billed		1,183.38	799.33	664.40	
- Unbilled		-	-	-	
- Investments	6	6,597.99	6,569.95	6,415.04	
- Loans	7	-	-	-	
- Other financial assets	8	1,049.00	751.26	773.81	
Deferred tax assets	9	2,873.90	1,894.51	2,024.24	
Income tax assets		1,151.23	491.69	787.55	
Other non-current assets	10	511.77	1,223.62	257.02	
		<b>13,367.27</b>	<b>11,730.36</b>	<b>10,922.06</b>	
(A)		<b>40,985.54</b>	<b>36,698.91</b>	<b>37,106.49</b>	
<b>Current assets</b>					
<b>Financial assets</b>					
- Investments	11	9,809.23	4,136.88	3,388.17	
- Trade receivables	12				
- Billed		23,378.01	20,508.86	18,477.95	
- Unbilled		8,972.94	7,940.62	8,313.74	
- Cash and cash equivalents	13	11,890.59	5,565.00	6,744.06	
- Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	14	1,175.57	3,369.95	3,510.65	
- Loans	15	-	-	-	
- Other financial assets	16	227.45	897.73	1,061.42	
Other current assets	17	12,628.14	7,104.25	8,763.54	
(B)		<b>68,081.93</b>	<b>49,523.29</b>	<b>50,259.53</b>	
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<b>(A) + (B)</b>	<b>109,067.47</b>	<b>86,222.20</b>	<b>87,366.02</b>	
<b>EQUITY AND LIABILITIES</b>					
<b>EQUITY</b>					
Equity share capital	18(A)	788.75	779.25	779.25	
Other equity	18(B)	76,886.81	60,258.53	62,411.40	
(A)		<b>77,675.56</b>	<b>61,037.78</b>	<b>63,190.65</b>	
<b>LIABILITIES</b>					
<b>Non-current liabilities</b>					
<b>Financial liabilities</b>					
- Borrowings	19	-	-	-	
- Lease liabilities	20	2,676.86	1,936.70	2,156.67	
- Other financial liabilities	23	181.22	552.83	425.90	
Other non-current liabilities	24	125.86	66.43	47.63	
Deferred tax liabilities	9	249.07	120.65	150.49	
Provisions	21	2,017.73	25.59	66.95	
(B)		<b>5,250.74</b>	<b>2,702.20</b>	<b>2,847.64</b>	
<b>Current liabilities</b>					
<b>Financial liabilities</b>					
- Borrowings	19	-	1,792.74	-	
- Lease liabilities	20	1,622.72	1,009.28	952.30	
- Trade payables	22				
- Total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises		24.32	21.00	40.77	
- Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises		9,348.99	8,510.38	8,845.40	
- Other financial liabilities	23	5,834.44	3,845.30	4,726.04	
Other current liabilities	24	7,593.52	5,471.13	4,516.47	
Provisions	25	1,133.47	1,578.53	1,740.90	
Income tax liabilities		583.71	253.86	505.85	
(C)		<b>26,141.17</b>	<b>22,482.22</b>	<b>21,327.73</b>	
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>	<b>(B) + (C)</b>	<b>31,391.91</b>	<b>25,184.42</b>	<b>24,175.37</b>	
<b>TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES</b>	<b>(A) + (B) + (C)</b>	<b>109,067.47</b>	<b>86,222.20</b>	<b>87,366.02</b>	
<b>Summary of material accounting policy information</b>					
	4				

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

As per our report of even date

**For B S R & Co. LLP**  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm Registration No.: 101248 W/W-100022

**For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of**  
**Persistent Systems Limited**

**Swapnil Dakshindas**  
Partner

Membership No: 113896

Place : Pune  
Date : January 20, 2026

Anand Deshpande  
Anand Deshpande (Jan 20, 2026 13:59:52 GMT+5.5)

**Dr. Anand Deshpande**  
Chairman and Managing Director

DIN: 00005721

Place : Pune  
Date : January 20, 2026

Vinit Teredesai  
Vinit Teredesai (Jan 20, 2026 13:07:05 GMT+5.5)

**Vinit Teredesai**  
Executive Director and Chief  
Financial Officer

DIN: 03293917

Place : Pune  
Date : January 20, 2026

Sandeep Kalra  
Sandeep Kalra (Jan 20, 2026 14:47:26 GMT+5.5)

**Sandeep Kalra**  
Executive Director and Chief  
Executive Officer

DIN: 02506494

Place : Pune  
Date : January 20, 2026

Amit Atre  
Amit Atre (Jan 20, 2026 13:43:39 GMT+5.5)

**Amit Atre**  
Company Secretary

Membership No.:A20507

Place : Pune  
Date : January 20, 2026

Praveen Kadle  
Praveen Kadle (Jan 20, 2026 14:45:41 GMT+5.5)

**Praveen Kadle**  
Independent Director

DIN: 00016814

Place : Pune  
Date : January 20, 2026

**Persistent Systems Limited****CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE QUARTER AND NINE MONTHS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025**

	Notes	For the quarter ended		For the nine months ended		For the year ended
		December 31, 2025 In ₹ Million	December 31, 2024 In ₹ Million	December 31, 2025 In ₹ Million	December 31, 2024 In ₹ Million	March 31, 2025 In ₹ Million
<b>Income</b>						
Revenue from operations	26	37,782.05	30,622.84	106,925.12	86,966.05	119,387.17
Other income	27	404.96	426.34	1,469.34	1,197.94	1,381.54
<b>Total income (A)</b>		<b>38,187.01</b>	<b>31,049.18</b>	<b>108,394.46</b>	<b>88,163.99</b>	<b>120,768.71</b>
<b>Expenses</b>						
Employee benefit expense	28.1	20,408.56	17,639.37	58,130.89	50,627.08	68,737.17
Subcontracting costs	28.2	5,597.35	4,331.32	15,768.00	12,804.47	17,491.65
Finance costs		189.64	163.20	540.07	486.67	671.29
Depreciation and amortisation expense	5.5	1,005.80	821.15	2,944.11	2,278.08	3,069.10
Other expenses	29	4,445.49	3,273.75	12,748.83	8,796.69	12,576.42
<b>Total expenses (B)</b>		<b>31,646.84</b>	<b>26,228.79</b>	<b>90,131.90</b>	<b>74,992.99</b>	<b>102,545.63</b>
<b>Profit before exceptional item and tax (A - B)</b>		<b>6,540.17</b>	<b>4,820.39</b>	<b>18,262.56</b>	<b>13,171.00</b>	<b>18,223.08</b>
<b>Exceptional item (C)</b>						
Statutory Impact of new Labour Code (refer note 42)		890.25	-	890.25	-	-
<b>Profit before tax (A-B-C)</b>		<b>5,649.92</b>	<b>4,820.39</b>	<b>17,372.31</b>	<b>13,171.00</b>	<b>18,223.08</b>
<b>Tax expense</b>						
Current tax		1,404.06	1,388.23	4,460.52	3,437.24	4,721.97
Deferred tax credit		(148.68)	(297.74)	(446.81)	(310.25)	(500.50)
<b>Total tax expense</b>		<b>1,255.38</b>	<b>1,090.49</b>	<b>4,013.71</b>	<b>3,126.99</b>	<b>4,221.47</b>
<b>Net profit for the period / year (D)</b>		<b>4,394.54</b>	<b>3,729.90</b>	<b>13,358.60</b>	<b>10,044.01</b>	<b>14,001.61</b>
<b>Other comprehensive income</b>						
<b>Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss (E)</b>						
- Remeasurements of the defined benefit liabilities / (asset)		(81.15)	37.57	27.94	207.89	193.08
- Income tax effect on above		18.92	(9.45)	(7.03)	(52.32)	(49.81)
		<b>(62.23)</b>	<b>28.12</b>	<b>20.91</b>	<b>155.57</b>	<b>143.27</b>
<b>Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss (F)</b>						
- Effective portion of cash flow hedge		(72.51)	(367.96)	(840.10)	(414.00)	(34.97)
- Income tax effect on above		18.25	86.60	211.44	98.19	8.80
- Exchange differences in translating the financial statements of foreign operations		242.38	(357.25)	1,007.68	338.09	81.19
		<b>188.12</b>	<b>(638.61)</b>	<b>379.02</b>	<b>22.28</b>	<b>55.02</b>
<b>Total other comprehensive income for the period / year (E) + (F)</b>		<b>125.89</b>	<b>(610.49)</b>	<b>399.93</b>	<b>177.85</b>	<b>198.29</b>
<b>Total comprehensive income for the period / year (D) + (E) + (F)</b>		<b>4,520.43</b>	<b>3,119.41</b>	<b>13,758.53</b>	<b>10,221.86</b>	<b>14,199.90</b>
<b>Earnings per equity share</b>	30					
[Nominal value of share ₹5 (Corresponding period / Previous year: ₹5)]						
Basic (In ₹)		28.15	24.28	85.89	65.56	91.22
Diluted (In ₹)		27.94	23.93	85.29	64.82	90.24

Summary of material accounting policy information 4

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For B S R & Co. LLP  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm Registration No.: 101248 W/W-100022

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of  
Persistent Systems Limited

Swapnil Dakshindas  
Partner

Membership No: 113896

Place : Pune  
Date : January 20, 2026

Anand Deshpande  
Anand Deshpande (Jan 20, 2026 13:00:02 GMT+5:30)

**Dr. Anand Deshpande**  
Chairman and Managing  
Director

DIN: 00005721

Place : Pune  
Date : January 20, 2026

Vinit Teredesai  
Vinit Teredesai (Jan 20, 2026 13:40:03 GMT+5:30)

**Vinit Teredesai**  
Executive Director and Chief  
Financial Officer

DIN: 03293917

Place : Pune  
Date : January 20, 2026

Sandeep Kalra  
Sandeep Kalra (Jan 20, 2026 14:47:28 GMT+5:30)

**Sandeep Kalra**  
Executive Director and  
Chief Executive Officer

DIN: 02506494

Place : Pune  
Date : January 20, 2026

Praveen Kadle  
Praveen Kadle (Jan 20, 2026 14:48:43 GMT+5:30)

**Praveen Kadle**  
Independent Director

DIN: 00016814

Place : Pune  
Date : January 20, 2026

Amit Atre  
Amit Atre (Jan 20, 2026 13:40:03 GMT+5:30)

**Amit Atre**  
Company Secretary

Membership No.: A20507

Place : Pune  
Date : January 20, 2026

**Persistent Systems Limited**
**CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025**

	For the nine months ended		For the year ended
	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024	March 31, 2025
	In ₹ Million	In ₹ Million	In ₹ Million
<b>Cash flow from operating activities</b>			
<b>Profit before tax</b>	<b>17,372.31</b>	<b>13,171.00</b>	<b>18,223.08</b>
Adjustments for:			
Interest income	(363.62)	(417.86)	(556.42)
Finance costs	297.62	291.66	417.06
Interest on lease liability	242.45	195.01	254.23
Depreciation and amortisation expense	2,944.11	2,278.08	3,069.10
Unrealised exchange (gain) / loss (net)	(83.60)	(99.47)	275.94
Change in foreign currency translation reserve	457.68	12.10	227.91
Exchange loss / (gain) on derivative contracts	98.21	67.40	44.12
Exchange loss / (gain) on translation of foreign currency cash and cash equivalents	91.86	(68.31)	11.76
Bad debts	120.35	-	-
Allowance for expected credit loss (net)	259.20	254.13	422.18
Employee stock compensation expenses	1,211.17	1,910.69	3,095.27
Changes in contingent consideration payable on business combination	(129.75)	(1,249.29)	(1,461.82)
Loss / Impairment of non current investments	4.28	-	-
Remeasurement of the defined benefit liabilities / asset (before tax effects)	-	207.89	-
Excess provision in respect of earlier period / year written back	(19.78)	(9.83)	(29.37)
Profit on sale / fair valuation of financial assets designated as FVTPL	(504.39)	(354.57)	(470.40)
Provision towards employee benefits	-	(506.74)	(506.74)
Profit on sale of investment - Dx Now	-	(21.67)	(21.67)
Profit on sale of investment - PSG	-	-	(0.69)
Profit on sale of property, plant and equipment (net)	(1.46)	(92.67)	(76.84)
<b>Operating profit before working capital changes</b>	<b>21,996.64</b>	<b>15,567.55</b>	<b>22,916.70</b>
<b>Movements in working capital :</b>			
(Increase) / Decrease in other non-current assets	(209.64)	18.61	197.12
Decrease / (Increase) in other financial assets	1,981.09	(2,470.37)	(2,761.88)
(Increase) in other current assets	(3,566.75)	(1,304.47)	(3,659.19)
(Increase) in trade receivables	(5,859.91)	(3,930.35)	(2,394.69)
Increase in trade payables, current liabilities and non-current liabilities	2,615.62	2,831.52	1,467.51
Increase in provisions	1,371.29	450.22	917.69
<b>Operating profit after working capital changes</b>	<b>18,328.34</b>	<b>11,162.71</b>	<b>16,683.26</b>
Direct taxes paid (net of refunds)	(4,746.34)	(3,882.17)	(5,114.10)
<b>Net cash generated from operating activities</b>	<b>(A) 13,582.00</b>	<b>7,280.54</b>	<b>11,569.16</b>
<b>Cash flows from investing activities</b>			
Payment towards capital expenditure (including property, plant and equipment, intangible assets, capital advances and capital creditors)	(1,834.27)	(4,166.40)	(2,366.91)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	62.27	770.12	436.14
Payment towards acquisition of step down subsidiary	-	(1,110.18)	-
Payment for acquisition of financial instruments	(54,711.71)	(38,432.70)	(54,916.91)
Payment towards contingent consideration	(849.62)	(373.52)	(489.64)
Proceeds from sale of financial instruments	49,127.78	36,800.64	52,773.30
Investment in unquoted securities	(480.56)	(432.70)	(434.93)
Profit on sale of investment - Dx Now	-	21.67	21.67
Profit on sale of investment - PSG	-	-	0.69
Proceeds from maturity of bank deposits having original maturity over three months	2,089.55	213.11	62.21
Proceeds from maturity of in deposits with financial institutions	-	100.00	-
Interest received	410.27	440.00	570.04
<b>Net cash (used in) investing activities</b>	<b>(B) (6,186.29)</b>	<b>(6,169.96)</b>	<b>(4,344.34)</b>
<b>Cash flows from financing activities</b>			
Repayment of long term borrowings	-	-	-
Proceeds from issue of share capital including securities premium	171.22	1,845.90	1,845.90
Proceeds from borrowings	-	1,284.15	-
Proceeds from issue of equity shares options	1,638.06	-	-
Repayment of foreign currency long term borrowings	-	(1,561.96)	(2,061.35)
Payment of principal portion of lease liabilities	(1,051.02)	(621.99)	(1,093.66)
Payment of interest portion of lease liabilities	(242.45)	(195.01)	-
Interest paid	(320.67)	(465.63)	(372.82)
Dividends paid	(2,352.46)	(1,530.50)	(4,600.06)
<b>Net cash used in financing activities</b>	<b>(C) (2,157.32)</b>	<b>(1,245.04)</b>	<b>(6,281.99)</b>

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**Persistent Systems Limited****CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025**

	For the nine months ended		For the year ended
	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024	March 31, 2025
	In ₹ Million	In ₹ Million	In ₹ Million
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents (A + B + C)	5,238.39	(134.46)	942.83
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period / year	6,744.06	6,625.15	6,625.15
Cash and cash equivalents acquired on acquisition	-	-	56.38
Effect of exchange difference on translation of foreign currency cash and cash equivalents	(91.86)	68.31	(11.76)
Impact of ESOP Trust & Persistent India Foundation consolidation	-	(994.00)	(868.54)
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period / year</b>	<b>11,890.59</b>	<b>5,565.00</b>	<b>6,744.06</b>
<b>Components of cash and cash equivalents</b>			
Cash on hand (refer note 13)	0.16	0.10	0.20
Balances with banks			
On current accounts # (refer note 13)	7,233.92	3,273.53	4,392.63
On saving accounts (refer note 13)	77.76	23.41	27.50
On exchange earner's foreign currency accounts (refer note 13)	2,927.19	2,165.79	1,488.57
On deposit accounts with original maturity less than three months (refer note 13)	1,651.56	102.17	835.16
<b>Cash and cash equivalents</b>	<b>11,890.59</b>	<b>5,565.00</b>	<b>6,744.06</b>

# Of the cash and cash equivalent balance as at December 31, 2025, the Group can utilise ₹ 0.02 Million (Corresponding period : ₹ 0.02 Million / Previous year : ₹ 0.02 Million) only towards certain predefined activities.

The above Statement of cash flow has been prepared under "Indirect Method" as set out in Ind AS - 7 on "Statement of Cash Flows" notified under Section 133 of the Act read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and relevant amendment rules issued thereafter.

Summary of material accounting policy information (refer note 4)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

As per our report of even date

**For B S R & Co. LLP**  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm Registration No.: 101248 W/W-100022

**For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of**  
**Persistent Systems Limited**

**Swapnil Dakshindas**  
Partner

Membership No: 113896

Place : Pune

Date : January 20, 2026

Anand Deshpande  
Anand Deshpande (Jan 20, 2026 13:59:52 GMT+5.5)  
**Dr. Anand Deshpande**  
Chairman and Managing Director

DIN: 00005721

Place : Pune

Date : January 20, 2026

Sandeep Kalra  
Sandeep Kalra (Jan 20, 2026 14:01:26 GMT+5.5)

**Sandeep Kalra**  
Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer

DIN: 02506494

Place : Pune

Date : January 20, 2026

Praveen Kadle  
Praveen Kadle (Jan 20, 2026 14:45:41 GMT+5.5)

**Praveen Kadle**  
Independent Director

DIN: 00016814

Place: Pune

Date : January 20, 2026

Vinit Teredesai  
Vinit Teredesai (Jan 20, 2026 14:07:31 GMT+5.5)

**Vinit Teredesai**  
Executive Director and Chief Financial Officer

DIN: 03293917

Place : Pune

Date : January 20, 2026

Amit Atre  
Amit Atre (Jan 20, 2026 13:43:35 GMT+5.5)

**Amit Atre**  
Company Secretary

Membership No.:A20507

Place : Pune

Date : January 20, 2026



**Persistent Systems Limited****CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025****A. Share capital**

(refer note 18(A))

(In ₹ Million)

Balance as at April 1, 2025	Changes in equity share capital during the period	Balance as at December 31, 2025
779.25	9.50	788.75

(In ₹ Million)

Balance as at April 1, 2024	Changes in equity share capital during the period	Balance as at December 31, 2024
770.25	9.00	779.25

(In ₹ Million)

Balance as at April 1, 2024	Changes in equity share capital during the year	Balance as at March 31, 2025
770.25	9.00	779.25

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CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025

B. Other equity

Particulars	(In ₹ Million)						Total
	Securities premium	General reserve	Share options outstanding reserve	Gain on bargain purchase	Capital redemption reserve	Retained earnings	Items of other comprehensive income
							Effective portion of cash flow hedges
							PSL ESOP Trust reserve
							Treasury shares
							Exchange differences on translating the financial statements of foreign operations
<b>Balance as at April 1, 2025</b>	3,438.70	27,730.15	3,432.38	65.19	35.75	28,833.47	1,691.41
Addition during the period	171.22	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net profit for the period	-	-	-	-	-	13,358.60	-
Items recognised in / from other comprehensive income for the period	-	-	-	-	-	27.94	(940.10)
Income tax effect on above	-	-	-	-	-	(7.03)	-
Dividend Paid to ESOP trust	-	-	-	-	-	(2,346.03)	-
Shares held by ESOP trust	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Employee stock compensation expenses	-	-	1,211.17	-	-	-	-
Other changes during the period	-	36.23	(1.35)	3.35	-	-	-
<b>Balance at December 31, 2025</b>	<b>3,609.92</b>	<b>27,766.38</b>	<b>4,642.20</b>	<b>68.54</b>	<b>35.75</b>	<b>39,866.98</b>	<b>2,699.09</b>

Particulars	(In ₹ Million)						Total
	Securities premium	General reserve	Share options outstanding reserve	Gain on bargain purchase	Capital redemption reserve	Retained earnings	Items of other comprehensive income
							Effective portion of cash flow hedges
							PSL ESOP Trust reserve
							Treasury shares
							Exchange differences on translating the financial statements of foreign operations
<b>Balance as at April 1, 2024</b>	1,601.80	25,842.99	2,227.71	63.61	35.75	19,346.09	1,610.22
Addition during the period	1,836.90	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net profit for the period	-	-	-	-	-	10,044.01	-
Items recognised in / from other comprehensive income for the period	-	-	-	-	-	207.89	-
Income tax effect on above	-	-	-	-	-	(62.52)	-
Dividend Paid to ESOP trust	-	-	-	-	-	(1,540.55)	-
Shares held by ESOP trust	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Employee stock compensation expenses	-	-	1,912.44	-	-	-	-
Other changes during the period	-	-	-	1.68	-	-	-
<b>Balance at December 31, 2024</b>	<b>3,438.70</b>	<b>25,842.99</b>	<b>4,140.15</b>	<b>65.29</b>	<b>35.75</b>	<b>28,005.17</b>	<b>1,943.31</b>

Particulars	(In ₹ Million)						Total
	Securities premium	General reserve	Share options outstanding reserve	Gain on bargain purchase	Capital redemption reserve	Retained earnings	Items of other comprehensive income
							Effective portion of cash flow hedges
							PSL ESOP Trust reserve
							Treasury shares
							Exchange differences on translating the financial statements of foreign operations
<b>Balance as at April 1, 2024</b>	1,601.80	25,842.99	2,227.71	63.61	35.75	19,346.09	1,610.22
Addition during the year	1,836.90	-	-	-	-	-	-
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	14,001.61	-
Items recognised in / from other comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	-	-	193.08	-
Income tax effect on above	-	-	-	-	-	(48.81)	-
Dividend	-	-	-	-	-	(4,657.50)	-
Dividend Paid to ESOP trust	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Shares held by ESOP trust	-	-	(1,897.16)	-	-	-	-
Adjustment towards employees stock options	-	1,897.16	3,095.27	-	-	-	-
Other changes during the year	-	-	(3.44)	1.58	-	-	-
<b>Balance at March 31, 2025</b>	<b>3,438.70</b>	<b>27,730.15</b>	<b>3,432.38</b>	<b>65.19</b>	<b>35.75</b>	<b>28,833.47</b>	<b>1,691.41</b>

Summary of material accounting policy information (refer note 4)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For B S R & Co. LLP  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm Registration No.: 101248 WW-100022

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of  
Persistent Systems Limited

Anand Devisigamde  
Chairman and Managing Director

Sandeep Kaiva  
Executive Director

Praveen Kadle  
Independent Director

Suganil Datshindas  
Partner

Membership No: 113586  
Place : Pune  
Date : January 20, 2026

DIN: 0005721  
Place : Pune  
Date : January 20, 2026

DIN: 002506494  
Place : Pune  
Date : January 20, 2026

DIN: 00016814  
Place : Pune  
Date : January 20, 2026

Vinit Tereesai  
Executive Director and  
Chief Financial Officer

Amit Atre  
Company Secretary

Dr. Anand Deshpande  
Executive Director and  
Chief Executive Officer

Dr. Anand Deshpande  
Executive Director and  
Chief Executive Officer

DIN: 03293917  
Place : Pune  
Date : January 20, 2026

Membership No.:A20507  
Place : Pune  
Date : January 20, 2026

**Condensed Interim Consolidated Statement of changes in equity for the nine months ended December 31, 2025****Nature and purpose of reserves****a) General reserve**

The general reserve is a free reserve created by an appropriation from one component of equity (generally retained earnings) to another, not being an item of other comprehensive income ("OCI"). The same can be utilized in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

**b) Share options outstanding reserve**

Share options outstanding reserve represents the cumulative expense recognised for equity-settled transactions at each reporting date until the employee share options are exercised / expired upon which such amount is transferred to General reserve.

**c) Gain on bargain purchase**

The excess of the Group's portion of equity of the acquired company over its cost is treated as gain on bargain purchase in the financial statements.

**d) Capital redemption reserve**

Capital redemption reserve represents the nominal value of the shares bought back; and is created and utilised in accordance with section 69 of the Companies Act, 2013.

**e) Cash flow hedge reserve**

When a derivative is designated as cashflow hedging instrument, the effective portion of changes in the fair value of derivative is recognised in other comprehensive income (OCI) and accumulated in cashflow hedge reserve. Cumulative gains or losses previously recognised in cashflow hedge reserve are recognised in the statement of profit and loss in the period in which such transaction occurs / hedging instruments are settled / cancelled.

**f) Foreign currency translation reserve**

The foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of financial statements of foreign operations with functional currency other than Indian rupees is recognised in other comprehensive income and is presented under equity in the foreign currency translation reserve. The amount is transferred to retained earnings upon disposal of investment in foreign operation.

**g) PSPL ESOP Trust reserve and Treasury shares**

The Group has formed PSPL ESOP Management Trust ("PSPL ESOP Trust") for implementation of the schemes that are notified or may be notified from time to time under the plans providing share based payment to its employees.

PSPL ESOP Trust is a controlled entity of the Group and shares held by PSPL ESOP Trust are treated as treasury shares. Dividend earned on the same by PSPL ESOP Trust is recognised in Equity under ESOP Trust Reserve.

**h) Securities premium**

Securities premium is used to record the premium on issue of shares. The reserve is utilised in accordance with the provisions of section 52 of the Companies Act, 2013.

**i) Retained earnings**

Retained earnings represent the amount of accumulated earnings of the Group which includes remeasurements of the defined benefit liabilities / asset.

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**Notes forming part of condensed interim consolidated financial statements**

**1 Nature of operations**

Persistent Systems Limited ("the Parent Company" or "PSL") is a public company domiciled in India and incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956 ("the 1956 Act"). The Company has its registered office at Bhageerath, 402 Senapati Bapat Road, Pune, Maharashtra, India. The shares of PSL are listed on Bombay Stock Exchange and National Stock Exchange. PSL is a global company specializing in software products, services and technology innovation. PSL together with its subsidiaries and controlled trust, is hereinafter referred to as 'the Group'. The Group offers complete product life cycle services.

The Board of Directors approved the condensed interim consolidated financial statements for the quarter and nine months ended December 31, 2025 and authorised for issue on January 20, 2026.

Persistent Systems, Inc. (PSI) based in the USA, a wholly owned subsidiary of PSL, is engaged in software product, services and technology innovation. Also, the Company is engaged in providing sales and marketing support and other allied services to its group entities.

Persistent Systems Pte. Ltd. (PS Pte.) based in Singapore, a wholly owned subsidiary of PSL, is engaged in software development, professional and marketing services.

Persistent Systems France SAS (PSFS) based in France, a wholly owned subsidiary of PSL, is engaged in software products, services and technology innovation.

Persistent Telecom Solutions, Inc. (PTSI) based in the USA, a wholly owned subsidiary of Persistent Systems, Inc., is engaged in software products, services and technology innovation in telecom and Product Lifecycle Management domains.

Persistent Systems Malaysia Sdn. Bhd. (PSM) based in Malaysia, a wholly owned subsidiary of PSL, is engaged in software products and services.

Aepona Group Limited, an Ireland based wholly owned subsidiary of Persistent Systems Inc, has now become a wholly owned subsidiary of Persistent Systems Limited w.e.f December 23, 2025 and is engaged in software development and related services and also operates as the holding Company of Persistent Systems Lanka Ltd.

Persistent Systems UK Limited (formerly known as Aepona Limited, a UK based wholly owned subsidiary of Persistent Systems Limited) is engaged in the business of a telecommunication API gateway for defining, exposing, controlling and monetizing telecom services to partners and application developers and an Internet of Things service creation platform that allows enterprises to add a service layer (or "business logic") to the basic APIs exposed to by connected devices, and to expose and monetize these APIs. Also, it has acquired a new Microsoft business unit with expertise in Microsoft technologies, including Azure, business applications, workplace modernization, and Data and AI.

Persistent Systems Lanka (Private) Limited (a Sri Lanka based wholly owned subsidiary of Aepona Group Limited) has adopted indirect sales model, with services revenue being billed to Persistent Systems UK Ltd. Sale of services are then contracted between Persistent Systems UK Ltd. and customers.

Persistent Systems Mexico, S.A. de C.V (a Mexico based wholly owned subsidiary of Persistent Systems Inc.) has adopted indirect sales model, with services revenue being billed to Persistent Systems Inc. Sale of services are then contracted between Persistent Systems Inc. and customers.

Persistent Systems Israel Ltd. (an Israel based wholly owned subsidiary of Persistent Systems Inc.) has adopted indirect sales model, with services revenue being billed to Persistent Systems Inc. Sale of services are then contracted between Persistent Systems Inc. and customers.

Persistent Systems Germany GmbH (wholly owned subsidiary of PSL) operates as the holding Company of Persistent Systems Switzerland AG, Persistent Systems Costa Rica Limitada (formerly known as Data Glove IT Solutions Limitada) and Persistent Systems S.r.l., Romania. Youperience GmbH and PARX Consulting GmbH have been merged with Persistent Systems Germany GmbH w.e.f August 21, 2023 and August 25, 2023 respectively.

**Notes forming part of condensed interim consolidated financial statements**

Persistent Systems Switzerland AG (formerly known as PARX Werk AG, a Switzerland based wholly owned subsidiary of Persistent Systems Germany GmbH) is engaged in the business of software products, services and technology innovation in the digital practice has now become a wholly owned subsidiary of Aepona Group Limited effective from December 24, 2025.

Persistent Systems Costa Rica Limitada (formerly known as Data Glove IT Solutions Limitada, a Costa Rica based wholly owned subsidiary of Persistent Systems Germany GmbH) is a leading Microsoft technology solutions provider in verticals including Azure, business applications, workplace modernization, and Data and AI has become a wholly owned subsidiary of Persistent Systems Inc, effective from December 24, 2025.

Persistent Systems S.R.L. Romania is a wholly owned subsidiary of Persistent Systems Germany GmbH is engaged in software development and services.

Persistent Systems Australia Pty Ltd (formerly known as Capiot Software Pty Ltd, a Australia based wholly owned subsidiary of Persistent Systems Inc) is engaged in enterprise and data integration services across platforms. Further, it has acquired a new Microsoft business unit with expertise in Microsoft technologies, including Azure, business applications, workplace modernization, and Data and AI.

Software Corporation International LLC (a US based wholly owned subsidiary of Persistent Systems Inc) is specialized in payment solutions, integration, and support services for BFSI clients has been dissolved w.e.f. June 27, 2024.

MediaAgility India Private Limited (an India based wholly owned subsidiary of PSL) is engaged in cloud-native application development and modernization, analytics and AI, cloud engineering, migrations, and managed services.

MediaAgility Inc (a US based wholly owned subsidiary of Persistent Systems Inc) is cloud transformation services provider with deep expertise building scalable, cloud-based solutions as a Google Cloud Premier Partner.

MediaAgility UK Limited (a UK based wholly owned subsidiary of Media Agility Inc) is cloud transformation services provider with deep expertise building scalable, cloud-based solutions as a Google Cloud Premier Partner.

Digitalagility S. DE R.L.de C.V. (a Mexico based wholly owned subsidiary of MediaAgility, Inc) is cloud transformation services provider with deep expertise building scalable, cloud-based solutions as a Google Cloud Premier Partner.

Media Agility Pte Ltd (a Singapore based wholly owned subsidiary of MediaAgility, Inc) is cloud transformation services provider with deep expertise building scalable, cloud-based solutions as a Google Cloud Premier Partner.

Persistent Systems Poland sp z.o.o. is a subsidiary of Persistent Systems Inc. and is engaged in providing software products, services and technology innovation.

Persistent India Foundation was incorporated under Section 8 of the Companies Act, 2013 effective from May 1, 2024, as a wholly owned subsidiary of the company for carrying out CSR activities.

Starfish Associates, LLC, USA has become a wholly owned subsidiary of Persistent Systems Inc, USA (wholly owned subsidiary) effective from August 1, 2024. Starfish Associates is known for its intelligent integration hub and workflow engine that seamlessly connects an array of business applications and communication systems, significantly enhancing multi-vendor communication management.

Arrka Infosec Private Limited, India (a private company incorporated under the Companies Act, 1956) has become a wholly owned subsidiary of Persistent Systems Limited effective from October 28, 2024. The subsidiary specializes in data protection and privacy compliance services, strengthening PSL's market position in these domains.

The Group has assessed PSPL ESOP Management Trust to be a controlled entity and accordingly the same has been consolidated.

**Notes forming part of condensed interim consolidated financial statements****2 Basis of preparation**

The condensed interim consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared on an accrual basis and under the historical cost convention except for certain financial instruments, equity settled employee stock options and initial recognition of assets acquired under business combinations which have been measured at fair value. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services. The accounting policies are consistently applied by the Group during the year and are consistent with those used in previous year except where a newly issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use.

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS), the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") (to the extent notified). The Ind AS are prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and relevant amendment rules issued thereafter. The functional currency of PSL, its Indian subsidiaries and its controlled trust is ₹ and the functional currencies of other subsidiaries are their respective local currencies. Consolidated financial statements are presented in ₹ Million unless otherwise specified.

**3 Basis of consolidation**

The condensed interim consolidated financial statements of the Parent Company, its subsidiaries and controlled trust ("the Group") for the quarter ended December 31, 2025 are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles applicable in India, and the Indian Accounting Standard 110 (Ind AS 110) on 'Consolidated Financial Statements', notified by Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, ("Indian Accounting Standards") by and to the extent possible in the same format as that adopted by the Parent Company for its separate financial statements.

The Parent Company consolidates entities which it owns or controls. The condensed interim consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Parent Company, its subsidiaries and its controlled trust as disclosed below. Control exists when the parent company has power over the entity, is exposed or has rights to variable returns from its involvement with the entity; and has the ability to affect those returns by using its power over the entity. Power is demonstrated through existing rights that give the ability to direct relevant activities, those which significantly affect the entity's returns. Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date control commences until the date control ceases.

The condensed interim standalone financial statements of the Parent Company, its subsidiary companies and its controlled trust have been combined on line by line basis by adding together the book values of like items of assets and liabilities, income and expenses after eliminating intra group balances and intra group transactions except where cost cannot be recovered. The unrealised profits or losses resulting from the intra group transactions and balances have been eliminated.

The excess of the cost to the Parent Company of its investment in a subsidiary and the Parent Company's portion of equity of subsidiary on the date at which investment in the subsidiary is made, is described as goodwill and recognised separately as an asset in the condensed interim consolidated financial statements. The excess of the Company's portion of equity of the acquired company over its cost is treated as gain on bargain purchase in the condensed interim consolidated financial statements. Goodwill arising on consolidation is not amortised. It is tested for impairment on a periodic basis and written off if found impaired.

The condensed interim consolidated financial statements are prepared using uniform accounting policies for like transactions and other events in similar circumstances and necessary adjustments required for deviations, if any, are made in the condensed interim consolidated financial statements. The condensed interim consolidated financial statements are presented in the same manner as the Parent Company's separate financial statements.

The condensed interim consolidated financial statements of the subsidiary companies and controlled trust used in the consolidation are drawn up to the same reporting date as of the Parent Company.

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## Persistent Systems Limited

### Notes forming part of condensed interim consolidated financial statements

The subsidiary companies and controlled trust considered in condensed interim consolidated financial statements are as follows:

Name of the subsidiary or controlled trust	Ownership Percentage as at			Country of incorporation
	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024	March 31, 2025	
Persistent Systems, Inc.	100%	100%	100%	USA
Persistent Systems Pte Ltd.	100%	100%	100%	Singapore
Persistent Systems France SAS	100%	100%	100%	France
Persistent Telecom Solutions Inc.	100%	100%	100%	USA
Persistent Systems Malaysia Sdn. Bhd.	100%	100%	100%	Malaysia
Aepona Group Limited	100%	100%	100%	Ireland
Persistent Systems UK Limited (formerly known as Aepona Limited)	100%	100%	100%	UK
Persistent Systems Lanka (Private) Limited	100%	100%	100%	Sri Lanka
Persistent Systems Mexico, S.A. de C.V.	100%	100%	100%	Mexico
Persistent Systems Israel Ltd.	100%	100%	100%	Israel
Persistent Systems Germany GmbH	100%	100%	100%	Germany
Persistent Systems Switzerland AG (formerly known as PARX Werk AG)	100%	100%	100%	Switzerland
CAPIOT Software Private Limited (merged w.e.f. April 1, 2025)	-	100%	100%	India
Persistent Systems Australia Pty Ltd (formerly known as CAPIOT Software Pty Ltd)	100%	100%	100%	Australia
Persistent Systems Costa Rica Limitada (formerly known as Data Glove IT Solutions Limitada)	100%	100%	100%	Costa Rica
MediaAgility India Private Limited	100%	100%	100%	India
MediaAgility Inc.	100%	100%	100%	USA
Digitalagility S. DE R.L.de C.V.	100%	100%	100%	Mexico
MediaAgility UK Limited	100%	100%	100%	UK
Media Agility Pte Ltd	100%	100%	100%	Singapore
Persistent Systems S.R.L. Romania	100%	100%	100%	Romania
Persistent Systems Poland sp z.o.o. (Incorporated on April 5, 2023)	100%	100%	100%	Poland
PSPL ESOP Management Trust	100%	100%	100%	India
Persistent India Foundation (Incorporated on May 1, 2024)	100%	100%	100%	India
Starfish Associates LLC, USA (acquired on August 1, 2024)	100%	100%	100%	USA
Arrka Infosec Private Limited (acquired on October 28, 2024)	100%	100%	100%	India

(This space is intentionally left blank)

**Notes forming part of condensed interim consolidated financial statements****4 Material accounting policy information****4.1 Use of estimates and judgements**

The preparation of the condensed interim consolidated financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires the Management to make estimates, judgments and assumptions. These estimates, judgments and assumptions affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the condensed interim consolidated financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period / year. The application of accounting policies that require critical accounting estimates involving complex and subjective judgments and the use of assumptions in these condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been disclosed appropriately. Accounting estimates could change from period to period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Appropriate changes in estimates are made as the Management becomes aware of changes in circumstances surrounding the estimates. Changes in estimates are reflected in the condensed interim consolidated financial statements in the period in which changes are made and, if material, their effects are disclosed in the notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

**4.2 Critical accounting estimates and judgements****a) Revenue recognition**

The Group's contracts with customers include promises to transfer multiple products and services to a customer. Revenues from customer contracts are considered for recognition and measurement when the contract has been approved by the parties to the contract, the parties to the contract are committed to perform their respective obligations under the contract, and the contract is legally enforceable. The Group assesses the services promised in a contract and identifies distinct performance obligations in the contract. Identification of distinct performance obligations to determine the deliverables and the ability of the customer to benefit independently from such deliverables, and allocation of transaction price to these distinct performance obligations involves significant judgment.

Revenue from fixed price maintenance type contracts is recognised rateably on a straight-line basis when services are performed through an indefinite number of repetitive acts over a specified period. Revenue from fixed-price project is recognised rateably using a percentage-of-completion method when the pattern of benefits from the services rendered to the customer and the Group's costs to fulfil the contract is not even through the period of the contract because the services are generally discrete in nature and not repetitive. The use of a method to recognise such revenues requires judgment and is based on the promises in the contract and nature of the deliverables.

The Group uses the percentage-of-completion method in accounting for its other fixed-price contracts. Use of the percentage-of-completion method requires the Group to estimate the efforts or costs expended to date as a proportion of the total efforts or costs to be expended. Efforts or costs expended have been used to measure progress towards completion. Provisions for estimated losses, if any, on uncompleted contracts are recorded in the period in which such losses become probable based on the expected contract estimates at the reporting date.

Further, the Group uses significant judgement while determining the transaction price allocated to performance obligations using the expected cost plus margin approach.

In respect of the contracts where the transaction price is payable as revenue share at pre-defined percentage of customer revenue and bearing in mind, the time gap between the close of the accounting period and availability of the revenue report from the customer, the Group is required to use its judgement to ascertain the income from revenue share on the basis of historical trends of customer revenue.



**Notes forming part of condensed interim consolidated financial statements**

The Group receives advance payments from customers for the sale of software products, services and technology innovation including complete product life cycle services after signing the contract and receipt of payment. There is a significant financing component for these contracts considering the length of time between the customers' payment and rendering of services as well as the prevailing interest rate in the market. As such, the transaction price for these contracts is discounted, using the interest rate implicit in the contract (i.e., the interest rate that discounts the cash selling price to the amount paid in advance). This rate is commensurate with the rate that would be reflected in a separate financing transaction between the Group and the customer at contract inception.

The Group applies the practical expedient for short-term advances received from customers. That is, the promised amount of consideration is not adjusted for the effects of a significant financing component if the period between the transfer of the promised services and the payment is one year or less.

**b) Income taxes**

The Group's two major tax jurisdictions are India and the United States, though the Group also files tax returns in other overseas jurisdictions. Significant judgements are involved in determining the provision for income taxes.

A deferred tax asset is recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits are available against which deductible temporary differences & tax losses can be utilised. The Management evaluates if the deferred tax assets will be realised in future considering the historical taxable income, scheduled reversals of deferred tax liabilities, projected future taxable income and tax-planning strategies. While the Management believes that the Group Company will realise the deferred tax assets, the amount of deferred tax asset realisable, could be reduced in the near term if estimates of future taxable income during the carry forward period are reduced.

**c) Business combination**

Business combinations are accounted for using Ind AS 103, Business Combinations, which requires the acquirer to recognise the identifiable intangible assets and contingent consideration at fair value. Estimates are required to be made in determining the value of contingent consideration, value of option arrangements and intangible assets. These valuations are conducted by external valuation experts. These measurements are based on information available at the acquisition date and are based on expectations and assumptions that have been deemed reasonable by the Management.

**d) Property, plant and equipment**

Property, plant and equipment represent a significant proportion of the asset base of the Group. The charge in respect of depreciation is derived after determining an estimate of an asset's expected useful life and the expected residual value at the end of its life. The useful lives and residual values of Group's assets are determined by the Management at the time the asset is acquired and reviewed periodically. The lives are based on historical experience with similar assets as well as anticipation of future events, which may impact their life, such as changes in technology.

**e) Leases**

Ind AS 116 requires lessees to determine the lease term as the non-cancellable period of a lease adjusted with any option to extend or terminate the lease, if the use of such option is reasonably certain. The Group makes an assessment on the expected lease term on a lease-by-lease basis and thereby assesses whether it is reasonably certain that any options to extend or terminate the contract will be exercised. In evaluating the lease term, the Group considers factors such as any significant leasehold improvements undertaken over the lease term, costs relating to the termination of the lease and the importance of the underlying asset to the Group's operations taking into account the location of the underlying asset and the availability of suitable alternatives. The lease term in future periods is reassessed to ensure that the lease term reflects the current economic circumstances. After considering current and future economic conditions, the Group has concluded that no changes are required to lease periods relating to the existing lease contracts.

Notes forming part of condensed interim consolidated financial statements

As noted above, the Group enters into leases with third-party landlords and as a consequence the rate implicit in the relevant lease is not readily determinable. Therefore, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for determining its lease liabilities at the lease commencement date. The incremental borrowing rate is the rate of interest that the Group would have to pay to borrow over similar terms which requires estimations when no observable rates are available.

**f) Provisions and contingent liabilities**

The Group estimates the provisions that have present obligations as a result of past events and it is probable that outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligations. These provisions are reviewed at the end of each reporting period and are adjusted to reflect the current best estimates. The Group uses significant judgements to assess contingent liabilities.

**g) Defined benefits and compensated absences**

The cost of the defined benefit plans, compensated absences and the present value of the defined benefit obligation are based on actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit method. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in the future. These include the determination of the discount rate, future salary increases and mortality rates. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long-term nature, a defined benefit obligation is highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date.

**h) Share based payments**

The share based compensation expense is determined based on the Group's estimate of equity instruments that will eventually vest.

**i) Impairment of assets**

Investments in subsidiaries, goodwill and intangible assets are tested for impairment at least annually and when events occur or changes in circumstances indicate that the recoverable amount of the asset or cash generating units to which these pertain is less than its carrying value. The recoverable amount of cash generating units is higher of value-in-use and fair value less cost to dispose. The calculation of value in use of a cash generating unit involves use of significant estimates and assumptions which includes turnover and earnings multiples, growth rates and net margins used to calculate projected future cash flows, risk adjusted discount rate, future economic and market conditions.

**4.3 Summary of material accounting policies**

**a) Current versus non-current classification**

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the Group's operating cycle and other criteria set out in the Schedule III of the Act. Operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of resources / assets for processing their realisation in cash and cash equivalents and based on the nature of products / services and the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents, the Group has ascertained its operating cycle as 12 months.

**b) Property, plant and equipment**

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Capital work-in-progress includes cost of property, plant and equipment that are not ready to be put to use and is stated at cost. The cost comprises the purchase price and directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use, cost of replacing part of the Property, plant and equipment, cost of asset retirement obligations and borrowing costs for long term construction projects if the recognition criteria are met. Any trade discounts and rebates are deducted in arriving at the purchase price.

Notes forming part of condensed interim consolidated financial statements

Subsequent expenditure related to an item of property, plant and equipment is added to its original cost only if it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group. All other expenses on existing property, plant and equipment, including day-to-day repair and maintenance expenditure and cost of replacing parts, are charged to the condensed interim consolidated financial statement of profit and loss for the period / year during which such expenses are incurred.

Gains or losses arising from disposal of property, plant and equipment are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the condensed interim consolidated financial statement of profit and loss when the asset is disposed.

**c) Intangible assets**

Intangible assets including software licenses of enduring nature and contractual rights acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is their fair value at the date of acquisition. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation which is recognised from the date they are available for use and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Cost comprises the purchase price and any directly attributable costs of preparing the asset for its intended use.

Gains or losses arising from disposal of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the condensed interim consolidated financial statement of profit and loss when the asset is disposed.

*Research and development cost*

Research costs are expensed as incurred. Development expenditure incurred on an individual project is recognised as an intangible asset when the Group can demonstrate:

- technical feasibility of completing the intangible asset so that it will be available for use or sale;
- its intention to complete the asset;
- its ability to use or sell the asset;
- how the asset will generate probable future economic benefits;
- the availability of adequate resources to complete the development and to use or sell the asset; and
- the ability to measure reliably the expenditure attributable to the intangible asset during development.

Such development expenditure, until capitalisation, is reflected as intangible assets under development.

Following the initial recognition, internally generated intangible assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Amortisation of internally generated intangible asset begins when the development is complete and the asset is available for use.

**d) Depreciation and amortisation**

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment is provided from the date the asset is made available for use using the Straight Line Method ('SLM') over the useful lives of the assets.

The estimated useful lives for the property, plant and equipment, except for leasehold improvements, are as follows:

Assets	Useful lives
Buildings*	25 years
Computers *	3 to 5 years
Computers - Servers and networks*	3 to 5 years
Office equipments	5 years
Plant and equipment*	5 years
Plant and equipment (Windmill)*	20 years
Plant and equipment (Solar Energy System) *	10 years
Furniture and fixtures*	5 years
Vehicles*	5 years

**Notes forming part of condensed interim consolidated financial statements**

\*For these classes of assets, based on a technical evaluation, the Management believes that the useful lives as given above best represent the period over which the Management expects to use these assets. Thus useful lives of these assets are different from useful lives as prescribed under Part C of Schedule II of the Act.

Individual assets whose cost does not exceed ₹ 5,000 are fully depreciated in the year of acquisition.

Leasehold improvements are amortised over the period of lease or useful life, whichever is lower.

Where cost of a part of the asset ("asset component") is significant to total cost of the asset and useful life of that part is different from the useful life of the remaining asset, useful life of that significant part is determined separately and such asset component is depreciated over its separate useful life.

Intangible assets are amortised on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives ranging from 3 to 7 years from the day the asset is made available for use.

Depreciation and amortisation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed periodically.

**e) Borrowing costs**

Borrowing cost includes interest and amortisation of ancillary costs incurred in connection with the arrangement of borrowings.

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or development of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of the respective asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur.

**f) Leases**

The Group assesses at the inception of contract whether a contract is or contains a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Group assesses whether:

- (i) the contract involves the use of an identified asset
- (ii) the Group has substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset through the period of the lease and
- (iii) the Group has the right to direct the use of the asset

***Where the Group is a lessee***

The Group accounts for each lease component within the contract as a lease separately from non-lease components of the contract and allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of the relative stand-alone price of the lease component and the aggregate stand-alone price of the non-lease components.

The Group recognises right-of-use asset representing its right to use the underlying asset for the lease term at the lease commencement date. The cost of the right-of-use asset measured at inception shall comprise of the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to be incurred by the lessee in dismantling and removing the underlying asset or restoring the underlying asset or site on which it is located.

**Notes forming part of condensed interim consolidated financial statements**

The right-of-use assets is subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation, accumulated impairment losses, if any and adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liability. The right-of-use assets is depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date over the shorter of lease term or useful life of right-of-use asset. The estimated useful lives of right-of use assets are determined on the same basis as those of property, plant and equipment.

Right-of-use assets are tested for impairment whenever there is any indication that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable. Impairment loss, if any, is recognised in the condensed interim consolidated financial statement of profit and loss.

The Group measures the lease liability at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date of the lease. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the Group uses incremental borrowing rate.

The lease payments shall include fixed payments, variable lease payments based on an index or rate, residual value guarantees, exercise price of a purchase option where the Group is reasonably certain to exercise that option and payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the lessee exercising an option to terminate the lease.

The lease liability is subsequently remeasured by increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability, reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made and remeasuring the carrying amount to reflect any reassessment or lease modifications or to reflect revised in-substance fixed lease payments.

When the lease liability is remeasured, the corresponding adjustment is reflected in the right-of-use asset, or condensed interim consolidated statement of profit and loss if the right-of-use asset is already reduced to zero.

The Group has elected not to apply the requirements of Ind AS 116 to short-term leases of all assets that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases for which the underlying asset is of low value. The lease expenses associated with these leases are recognised in the condensed interim consolidated statement of profit and loss on a straight line basis.

**g) Impairment of non-financial assets**

The Group assesses, at each reporting date, whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Group estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating unit's (CGU) fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. The recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or Groups of assets. When the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs of disposal, recent market transactions are taken into account. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used. These calculations are corroborated by valuation multiples, quoted share prices for publicly traded groups or other available fair value indicators.

The Group bases its impairment calculation on detailed budgets and forecast calculations, which are prepared separately for each of the Group's CGUs to which the individual assets are allocated. To estimate cash flow projections covered by the most recent budgets / forecasts, the Group extrapolates cash flow projections in the budget using a steady or declining growth rate for subsequent years, unless an increasing rate can be justified. In any case, this growth rate does not exceed the long-term average growth rate for the services, industries, or country or countries in which the Group operates, or for the market in which the asset is used.

**Notes forming part of condensed interim consolidated financial statements**

Impairment losses of continuing operations are recognised in the condensed interim consolidated statement of profit and loss, except for assets previously revalued with the revaluation surplus taken to OCI. For such assets, the impairment is recognised in OCI up to the amount of any previous revaluation surplus.

For assets excluding goodwill, an assessment is made at each reporting date to determine whether there is an indication that previously recognised impairment losses no longer exist or have decreased. If such indication exists, the Group estimates the asset's or CGU's recoverable amount. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. The reversal is limited so that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its recoverable amount, nor exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognised in the condensed interim consolidated statement of profit and loss unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case, the reversal is treated as a revaluation increase.

Goodwill is tested for impairment on an annual basis and whenever there is an indication that the recoverable amount of a cash generating unit is less than its carrying amount based on a number of factors including operating results, business plans, future cash flows and economic conditions. The recoverable amount of cash generating units is determined based on higher of value-in-use and fair value less cost to sell. The goodwill impairment test is performed at the level of the cash-generating unit or groups of cash-generating units which are benefiting from the synergies of the acquisition and which represents the lowest level at which goodwill is monitored for the internal management purposes. If recoverable amount cannot be determined for an individual asset, an entity identifies the lowest aggregation of assets that generate largely independent cash inflows. Market related information and estimates are used to determine the recoverable amount. Key assumptions on which the Management has based its determination of recoverable amount include estimated long term growth rates, weighted average cost of capital and estimated operating margins. Cash flow projections take into account past experience and represent the Management's best estimate about future developments.

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is allocated to the CGU or groups of CGUs, which benefit from the synergies of the acquisition. The synergy benefits derived from Goodwill are enjoyed interchangeably among segments and the Group is of the view that it is not practical to reasonably allocate the same and an ad-hoc allocation will not be meaningful.

Impairment losses relating to goodwill cannot be reversed in future periods. Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are tested for impairment annually as at reporting date at the CGU level, as appropriate, and when circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired.

**h) Financial instruments**

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

**Initial recognition and measurement**

The Group recognises financial assets and financial liabilities when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All financial assets and liabilities are recognised at fair value on initial recognition, except for trade receivables which are initially measured at transaction price. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities, which are not at fair value through profit or loss, are added to the fair value on initial recognition.

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the Group's business model for managing them. The Group's business model refers to how it manages its financial assets to generate cash flows. The business model determines whether the cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both.

**Notes forming part of condensed interim consolidated financial statements**

The Group offsets a financial asset and a financial liability when it currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and the Group intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

**Subsequent measurement****Non-derivative financial instruments****Financial assets****Financial assets at amortised cost**

Financial assets that are held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows and whose contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. The change in measurements are recognised as finance income in the condensed interim consolidated statement of profit and loss.

**Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)**

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI) Financial assets that are held within a business model whose objective is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets and the assets' contractual cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding are subsequently measured at fair value. Fair value movements are recognized in OCI.

**Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)**

Any financial asset which does not meet the criteria for categorization as financial asset at amortised cost or at FVTOCI, is classified as financial asset at FVTPL. Financial assets except derivative contracts included within the FVTPL category are subsequently measured at fair value with all changes recognised in the condensed interim consolidated statement of profit and loss.

**Cash and cash equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents in the cash flow statement comprises of cash at bank, cash in hand and short term deposits with an original maturity period of three months or less.

**Financial liabilities**

Financial liabilities are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method, except for contingent consideration recognised in a business combination which is subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss. For trade and other payables maturing within one year from the balance sheet date, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

**Derivative financial instruments**

The Group uses derivatives for economic hedging purposes. At the inception of hedging relationship, the Group documents the hedging relationship between the hedging instrument and hedged item including whether the changes in cash flows of the hedging instruments are expected to offset the changes in cash flows of the hedged items. The Group documents its objective and strategy for undertaking its hedging transactions.

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered and are subsequently re-measured at fair value at each reporting date.

**Notes forming part of condensed interim consolidated financial statements**

For cash flow hedges that qualify for hedge accounting, the effective portion of fair value of derivatives are recognised in cash flow hedging reserve within equity through OCI.

Gains or losses relating to the ineffective portion is immediately recognised in condensed interim consolidated statement of profit and loss.

Amounts accumulated in equity are reclassified to condensed interim consolidated statement of profit and loss in the period when the hedged item affects profit and loss or hedged future cash flows are no longer expected to occur.

Derivatives which do not qualify for hedge accounting are accounted as FVTPL.

**Derecognition**

The Group derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or it transfers the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for derecognition under Ind AS 109 ("Financial Instrument"). A financial liability (or a part of a financial liability) is derecognised from the Group's balance sheet when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expired. On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, if any, is recognised in condensed interim consolidated statement of profit and loss, except in case of equity instruments classified as FVTOCI, where such cumulative gain or loss is not recycled to condensed interim consolidated statement of profit and loss.

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in condensed interim consolidated statement of profit and loss.

**Financial guarantee contracts**

Financial guarantee contracts issued by the Group are those contracts that require a payment to be made to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because the specified debtor fails to make a payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument. Financial guarantee contracts are recognised initially as a liability at fair value, adjusted for transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issuance of the guarantee. Subsequently, the liability is measured at the higher of the amount of loss allowance determined as per impairment requirements of Ind AS 109 ("Financial Instrument") and the amount recognised less cumulative amortisation.

**Fair value of financial instruments**

In determining the fair value of its financial instruments, the Group uses a variety of methods and assumptions that are based on market conditions and risks existing at each reporting date. The methods used to determine fair value include discounted cash flow analysis, available quoted market prices, dealer quotes.

For equity instruments of unlisted companies, in limited circumstances, insufficient more recent information is available to measure fair value, or if there are a wide range of possible fair value measurements and cost represents the best estimate of fair value within that range. The Group recognises such equity instruments at cost, which is considered as appropriate estimate of fair value.

All methods of assessing fair value result in general approximation of value, and such value may never actually be realised. For financial assets and liabilities maturing within one year from the balance sheet date and which are not carried at fair value, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.



**Notes forming part of condensed interim consolidated financial statements****Impairment of financial assets**

The Group applies Expected Credit Loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on financial assets measured at amortised cost and financial assets that are debts instruments and are measured at FVTOCI. ECL is the difference between contractual cash flows that are due and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the original effective interest rate.

For trade receivables, the Group recognises impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECL at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition. The Group recognises lifetime expected losses for all contract assets and / or all trade receivables that do not constitute a financing transaction. In determining the allowances for doubtful trade receivables, the Group has used a practical expedient by computing the expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables based on a provision matrix. The provision matrix takes into account historical credit loss experience and is adjusted for forward looking information. The expected credit loss allowance is based on the ageing of the receivables that are due and allowance rates used in the provision matrix. For all other financial assets, expected credit losses are measured at an amount equal to the 12-months expected credit losses or at an amount equal to the life time expected credit losses if the credit risk on the financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition.

**i) Revenue recognition**

Revenues from customer contracts are considered for recognition and measurement when the contract has been approved by the parties to the contract, the parties to the contract are committed to perform their respective obligations under the contract, and the contract is legally enforceable. Revenue is recognised upon transfer of control of promised products or services ("performance obligations") to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration the Group has received or expects to receive in exchange for these products or services ("transaction price"). When there is uncertainty as to collectability, revenue recognition is postponed until such uncertainty is resolved.

The Group assesses the services promised in a contract and identifies distinct performance obligations in the contract. The Group allocates the transaction price to each distinct performance obligation based on the relative standalone selling price. The price that is regularly charged for an item when sold separately is the best evidence of its standalone selling price. In the absence of such evidence, the primary method used to estimate standalone selling price is the expected cost plus a margin, under which the Group estimates the cost of satisfying the performance obligation and then adds an appropriate margin based on similar services.

The Group's contracts may include variable consideration including rebates, volume discounts and penalties. The Group includes variable consideration as part of transaction price when there is a basis to reasonably estimate the amount of the variable consideration and when it is probable that a significant reversal of cumulative revenue recognised will not occur when the uncertainty associated with the variable consideration is resolved.

**Income from software services and licences**

The Group derives revenues primarily from IT services comprising of software development and related services and from the licensing of software products.

Arrangements with customers for software related services are either on a time-and-material or a fixed-price basis.

Revenue on time-and-material contracts are recognised as and when the related services are performed. Revenue from fixed-price contracts, where the performance obligations are satisfied over time and where there is no uncertainty as to measurement or collectability of consideration, is recognised as per the percentage-of-completion method. When there is uncertainty as to measurement or ultimate collectability, revenue recognition is postponed until such uncertainty is resolved.

Revenue from licenses where the customer obtains a "right to use" the licenses is recognised at the time the license is made available to the customer. Revenue from licenses where the customer obtains a "right to access" is recognised over the access period.

**Notes forming part of condensed interim consolidated financial statements**

When support services are provided in conjunction with the licensing arrangement and the license and the support services have been identified as two separate performance obligations, the transaction price for such contracts are allocated to each performance obligation of the contract based on their relative standalone selling prices. Maintenance revenue is recognised proportionately over the period in which the services are rendered.

Revenue from revenue share is recognised in accordance with the terms of the relevant agreements.

Unbilled revenue represents revenue recognised in relation to work done until the balance sheet date for which billing has not taken place.

Unearned revenue represents the billing in respect of contracts for which the revenue is not recognised.

The Group collects Goods and Services Tax on behalf of the government and, therefore, these are not economic benefits flowing to the Group. Hence, they are excluded from revenue.

**Interest**

Interest income is recognised on a time proportion basis taking into account the carrying amount and the effective interest rate.

**Dividend**

Dividend income is recognised when the Group's right to receive dividend is established. Dividend income is included under the head 'Other income' in the condensed interim consolidated statement of profit and loss.

**Contract balances**

***Contract assets***

Contract assets are recognised when there are excess of revenues earned over billings on contracts. Contract assets are classified as unbilled receivables (only act of invoicing is pending) when there is unconditional right to receive cash, and only passage of time is required, as per contractual terms.

***Contract liabilities***

Unearned and deferred revenue ("contract liability") is recognised when there are billings in excess of revenues.

**j) Foreign currency translation**

**Foreign currency**

The functional currency of the Group and its Indian subsidiaries is Indian Rupees (₹) whereas the functional currency of foreign subsidiaries is the currency of their primary economic environment.

***Initial recognition***

Foreign currency transactions are recorded in the functional currency of the entities, by applying to the foreign currency amount the exchange rate between the functional currency and the foreign currency at the date of the transaction.

***Conversion***

Foreign currency monetary items are converted using the exchange rate prevailing at the reporting date. Non-monetary items, which are measured in terms of historical cost denominated in a foreign currency are reported using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items which are carried at fair value or other similar valuation denominated in a foreign currency are reported using the exchange rates at the date when the values were determined. For foreign currency transactions recognised in condensed interim consolidated statement of profit and loss of the Group uses average rate if the average approximates the actual rate at the date of the transaction.

**Notes forming part of condensed interim consolidated financial statements*****Exchange differences***

Exchange differences arising on conversion / settlement of foreign currency monetary items and on foreign currency liabilities relating to property, plant and equipment acquisition are recognised as income or expenses in the period in which they arise.

***Translation of foreign operations***

The Group presents the condensed interim consolidated financial statements in ₹. For the purpose of these consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations are translated using exchange rates prevailing at the end of each reporting period. Income and expense items are translated at the average exchange rates for the period. Exchange differences arising on translation are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity.

**k) Employee benefits****Defined contribution plan****Provident fund**

Provident fund is a defined contribution plan covering eligible employees. The Group and the eligible employees make a monthly contribution to the provident fund maintained by the Regional Provident Fund Commissioner equal to the specified percentage of the eligible salary of the entitled employees as per the scheme. The contributions to the provident fund by the group are charged to the condensed interim consolidated statement of profit and loss for the period / year when the contributions are due. The Group has no obligation, other than the contribution payable to the provident fund.

**Superannuation**

Superannuation is a defined contribution plan covering eligible employees. The contribution to the superannuation fund managed by the insurer is equal to the specified percentage of the basic salary of the eligible employees as per the scheme. The contribution to this scheme is charged to the condensed interim consolidated statement of profit and loss on an accrual basis. There are no other contributions payable other than contribution payable to the respective fund.

**Defined benefit plan****Gratuity**

Gratuity is a defined benefit obligation plan operated by the Group for its employees of Indian and Sri Lankan operations covered under respective Company's Gratuity Scheme. The cost of providing benefit under gratuity plan is determined on the basis of actuarial valuation performed by independent actuary using the projected unit credit method at the reporting date and are charged to the consolidated statement of profit and loss, except for the remeasurements, comprising of actuarial gains and losses which are recognised in full in the statement of other comprehensive income in the reporting period / year in which they occur. Remeasurements are not reclassified to profit and loss subsequently.

**Compensated absences and long service awards****Leave encashment**

Accumulated leave, which is expected to be utilised within the next twelve months, is treated as short-term employee benefit. The Group measures the expected cost of such absences as the additional amount that it expects to pay as a result of the unused entitlement that has accumulated at the reporting date.

The Group treats accumulated leave expected to be carried forward beyond twelve months, as long-term employee benefit for measurement purposes. Such long-term compensated absences are provided for based on the actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit method at the reporting date. Remeasurements, comprising of actuarial gains and losses are recognised in full in the condensed interim consolidated financial statement of profit and loss. Expense on non-accumulating compensated absences is recognised in the period in which the absences occur.

**Notes forming part of condensed interim consolidated financial statements**

The Group presents the entire leave encashment liability as a current liability in the balance sheet, since it does not have an unconditional right to defer its settlement beyond twelve months after the reporting date.

The expected cost of accumulating leave encashment is determined by actuarial valuation performed by an independent actuary at each balance sheet date using projected unit credit method on the additional amount expected to be paid / availed as a result of the unused entitlement that has accumulated at the balance sheet date. Expense on non-accumulating leave encashment is recognised in the period in which the absences occur.

**Long service awards**

Long service awards are other long term benefits to all eligible employees, as per the Group's policy. The cost of providing benefit under long service awards scheme is determined on the basis of actuarial valuation performed by independent actuary using the projected unit credit method at the reporting date. Remeasurements, comprising of actuarial gains and losses are recognised in full in the condensed interim consolidated statement of profit and loss.

During the year, the group has discontinued the said policy.

**Other employee benefits**

Other short-term employee benefits such as overseas social security contributions and performance incentives expected to be paid in exchange for services rendered by employees, are recognised in the condensed interim consolidated statement of profit and loss during the period when the employee renders the service.

**I) Income taxes**

Tax expense comprises of current and deferred tax. Current income tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid to the tax authorities in accordance with the Income Tax Act, 1961 enacted in India and tax laws prevailing in the respective tax jurisdictions where the Group operates. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date. Current income tax relating to items recognised directly in equity is recognised in equity and not in condensed interim consolidated statement of profit and loss.

Deferred income taxes reflect the impact of temporary differences between tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts. Deferred tax is measured based on the tax rates and the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except deferred tax liability arising from initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, affects neither accounting nor taxable profit / loss at the time of transaction. Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, the carry forward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses, except deferred tax assets arising from initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, affects neither accounting nor taxable profit / loss at the time of transaction. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realised.

In the situations where the Group is entitled to a tax holiday under the Income-tax Act, 1961 enacted in India or tax laws prevailing in the respective tax jurisdictions where it operates, no deferred tax (asset or liability) is recognised in respect of temporary differences which reverse during the tax holiday period, to the extent the Group's gross total income is subject to the deduction during the tax holiday period. Deferred tax in respect of temporary differences which reverse after the tax holiday period is recognised in the period in which the temporary differences originate.

**Notes forming part of condensed interim consolidated financial statements**

The carrying amount of deferred tax asset is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realised.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset, if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside the condensed interim consolidated statement of profit and loss is recognised in co-relation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity.

**m) Segment reporting**

**(i) Identification of segment**

The Group's operations predominantly relate to providing software products, services and technology innovation covering full life cycle of product to its customers.

The components of the Group that engage in business activities from which they earn revenue and incur expenses, whose operating results are regularly reviewed by the Group's Chief Operating Decision Maker, are identified as operating segments.

**(ii) Allocation of income and direct expenses**

Income and direct expenses allocable to segments are classified based on items that are individually identifiable to that segment such as salaries, project related travel expenses etc. The remainder is considered as un-allocable expense and is charged against the total income.

**(iii) Unallocated items**

Unallocated items include general corporate income and expense items which are not allocated to any business segment.

Segregation of assets, liabilities, depreciation and amortisation and other non-cash expenses into various reportable segments have not been presented except for trade receivables and unbilled revenue as these items are used interchangeably among segments and the Group is of the view that it is not practical to reasonably allocate these items to individual segments and an ad-hoc allocation will not be meaningful.

**(iv) Inter-segment transfers**

There are no inter-segments transactions.

**(v) Segment accounting policies**

The Group prepares its segment information in conformity with accounting policies for preparing and presenting the condensed interim consolidated financial statements of the Group as a whole.

**n) Earnings per share (EPS)**

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit for the period / year attributable to equity shareholders of the parent company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period / year. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the reporting period is adjusted for events such as bonus issue, bonus element in a rights issue, share split, and reverse share split (consolidation of shares), if any occurred during the reporting period, that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without a corresponding change in resources.

**Notes forming part of condensed interim consolidated financial statements**

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit for the period / year attributable to the equity shareholders of parent company and the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period / year, are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

The number of shares and potential dilutive equity shares are adjusted retrospectively for all periods presented for any bonus shares issues including for changes effected prior to the approval of the condensed interim consolidated financial statements by the Board of Directors.

**o) Provision**

A provision is recognised when the Group has a present obligation as a result of past event; it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made. Provisions are determined based on the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date. If the effect of time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects the risks specific to the liability. These estimates are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

**p) Contingent liabilities and commitments**

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the Group or a present obligation that is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. A contingent liability also arises in extremely rare cases where there is a liability that cannot be recognised because it cannot be measured reliably. Contingent assets are neither recognised nor disclosed in condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

**q) Share based payment:**

Employees of the Group receive remuneration in the form of share based payment transactions, whereby employees render services as consideration for equity instruments granted (equity-settled transactions).

The cost of equity-settled transactions is determined by the fair value of the options at the date of the grant and recognised as employee compensation cost over the vesting period. The cumulative expense recognised for equity-settled transactions at each reporting date until the vesting date reflects the extent to which the vesting period has expired and the Group's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest.

At the end of each reporting period, the Group revises its estimates of the number of options that are expected to vest based on the non-market vesting and service conditions. It recognises the impact of the revisions to the original estimates, if any, in condensed interim consolidated statement of profit and loss with a corresponding adjustment to equity.

The expense or credit recognised in the condensed interim consolidated statement of profit and loss for the period / year represents the movement in cumulative expense recognised as at the beginning and end of that period / year and is recognised in employee benefits expense with a corresponding increase in stock options outstanding reserve in equity. In case of the employee stock option schemes having a graded vesting schedule, each vesting tranche having different vesting period has been considered as a separate option grant and accounted for accordingly.

Where the terms of an equity-settled transaction award are modified, the minimum expense recognised is the expense as if the terms had not been modified, if the original terms of the award are met. An additional expense is recognised for any modification that increases the total fair value of the share-based payment transaction or is otherwise beneficial to the employee as measured at the date of modification.

**Notes forming part of condensed interim consolidated financial statements****r) Equity**

Ordinary shares are classified as equity share capital. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issuance of new ordinary shares, share options and buyback are recognised as a deduction from equity, net of any tax effects

**s) Treasury shares**

The group has created a PSPL ESOP Management Trust (hereinafter referred as 'ESOP Trust') for providing share-based payment to its employees. The group uses ESOP Trust as a vehicle for distributing shares to employees under the employee remuneration schemes. The ESOP Trust buys shares of the parent company from the market, for giving shares to employees. The group treats ESOP Trust as its extension and shares held by trust are treated as treasury shares. Own equity instruments that are reacquired (treasury shares) are recognised at cost and deducted from equity. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Group's own equity instruments. Any difference between the carrying amount and the consideration, if reissued, is recognised in Securities premium. Share options exercised during the reporting period are satisfied with treasury shares.

**t) Dividend**

Final dividend on shares is recorded as a liability on the date of approval by the shareholders and interim dividends are recorded as a liability on the date of declaration by the Board of Directors.

**u) Business combination**

The acquisition method of accounting is used to recognize all business combinations, when the acquired set of activities and assets meet the definition of business and control is transferred regardless of whether equity instruments or other assets are acquired. The acquisition cost is measured as the aggregate of the consideration transferred and the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree at fair value.

Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are, with limited exceptions, measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date. The Group recognises any non-controlling interest in the acquired entity on an acquisition-by-acquisition basis either at fair value or at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the acquired entity's net identifiable assets.

Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

The excess of the:

- Consideration transferred and including fair value of contingent consideration payable;
- Amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquired business, and
- Acquisition-date fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquired business

over the fair value of the net identifiable assets acquired is recognised as goodwill. If those amounts are less than the fair value of the net identifiable assets of the business acquired, the difference is recognised in OCI and accumulated in equity as capital reserve provided there is clear evidence of the underlying reasons for classifying the business combination as a bargain purchase. In other cases, the bargain purchase is recognised directly in equity as capital reserve.

Business combinations between entities under common control is accounted for using pooling of interest method. The identity of the reserves is preserved as they appear in the standalone financial statements of the Company in the same form in which they appeared in the financial statements of the acquired entity. The difference, if any, between the consideration and the amount of share capital of the acquired entity is transferred to business transfer reserve.

**Notes forming part of condensed interim consolidated financial statements**

**v) Goodwill / Gain on bargain purchase**

Goodwill represents the cost of business acquisition in excess of the Group's interest in the net fair value of identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the acquiree. When the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities acquired exceeds the cost of business acquisition, a gain is recognised in the other comprehensive income as gain on bargain purchase.

After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the acquiree are assigned to those units.

A cash generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently when there is an indication that the unit may be impaired. If the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit and then to the other assets of the unit pro rata based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognised in profit or loss. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods.

Where goodwill has been allocated to a cash-generating unit and part of the operation within that unit is disposed of, the goodwill associated with the disposed operation is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on disposal. Goodwill disposed in these circumstances is measured based on the relative values of the disposed operation and the portion of the cash-generating unit retained.

If the initial accounting for a business combination is incomplete by the end of the reporting period in which the combination occurs, the Group reports provisional amounts for the items for which the accounting is incomplete. Those provisional amounts are adjusted through goodwill during the measurement period, or additional assets or liabilities are recognised, to reflect new information obtained about facts and circumstances that existed at the acquisition date that, if known, would have affected the amounts recognized at that date. These adjustments are called as measurement period adjustments. The measurement period does not exceed one year from the acquisition date.

**w) Cashflow statement**

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit for the year is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Group are segregated. The Group considers all highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash to be cash equivalents.

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## Persistent Systems Limited

### Notes forming part of Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

#### 5.1 Property, plant and equipment

	Land - Freehold	Buildings*	Computers #	Office equipments	Plant and equipment	Leasehold improvements	Furniture and fixtures	Vehicles	Total
(In ₹ Million)									
<b>Gross block (At cost)</b>									
As at April 1, 2025	1,007.69	2,893.57	5,225.16	87.65	2,382.46	73.82	1,180.81	15.39	12,866.55
Additions	-	30.20	259.48	2.00	75.74	0.03	11.02	-	378.47
Disposals	-	57.12	295.06	0.61	113.10	2.09	51.36	-	519.34
Effect of foreign currency translation from functional currency to reporting currency	2.29	10.20	84.64	1.19	11.77	5.80	20.03	0.01	135.93
<b>As at December 31, 2025</b>	<b>1,009.98</b>	<b>2,876.85</b>	<b>5,274.22</b>	<b>90.23</b>	<b>2,356.87</b>	<b>77.56</b>	<b>1,160.50</b>	<b>15.40</b>	<b>12,861.61</b>
<b>Accumulated depreciation</b>									
As at April 1, 2025	-	1,630.32	4,261.32	65.92	1,617.19	48.10	883.03	9.79	8,515.67
Charge for the period (refer note 38)	-	99.37	369.65	4.93	191.49	5.22	81.59	1.47	753.72
Disposals	-	40.09	250.27	0.60	109.71	3.08	54.78	-	458.53
Effect of foreign currency translation from functional currency to reporting currency	-	5.68	75.21	1.00	7.48	5.83	19.36	-	114.56
<b>As at December 31, 2025</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1,695.28</b>	<b>4,455.91</b>	<b>71.25</b>	<b>1,706.45</b>	<b>56.07</b>	<b>929.20</b>	<b>11.26</b>	<b>8,925.42</b>
<b>Net block as at December 31, 2025</b>	<b>1,009.98</b>	<b>1,181.57</b>	<b>818.31</b>	<b>18.98</b>	<b>650.42</b>	<b>21.49</b>	<b>231.30</b>	<b>4.14</b>	<b>3,936.19</b>

\* Note: Buildings include those constructed on leasehold land:

- Gross block as on December 31, 2025 ₹ 1,446.20 Million (Corresponding period : ₹ 1,460.40 Million / Previous year : ₹ 1,460.20 Million)
- Depreciation charge for the period ₹ 43.39 Million (Corresponding period : ₹ 43.80 Million / Previous year ₹ 58.04 Million)
- Accumulated depreciation as on December 31, 2025 ₹ 830.72 Million (Corresponding period : ₹ 779.32 Million / Previous year ₹ 793.47 Million)
- Net block value as on December 31, 2025 ₹ 615.48 Million (Corresponding period : ₹ 681.08 Million / Previous year ₹ 666.73 Million)

# The management has revised estimated useful life of computers and networking equipments prospectively (refer note 38 for details).

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## Persistent Systems Limited

### Notes forming part of Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

#### 5.1 Property, plant and equipment (continued)

	Land - Freehold	Buildings	Computers #	Office equipments	Plant and equipment	Leasehold improvements	Furniture and fixtures	Vehicles	Total
<b>Gross block (At cost)</b>									
As at April 1, 2024	1,007.27	2,896.21	4,861.81	242.25	2,074.95	85.57	1,171.16	14.84	12,354.06
Additions	-	4.50	582.62	14.00	184.80	5.23	49.06	0.87	841.08
Disposals	-	-	124.16	4.37	31.33	13.23	46.86	0.33	220.28
Effect of foreign currency translation from functional currency to reporting currency	(0.16)	(0.70)	21.87	(162.18)	165.62	(4.00)	5.59	0.01	26.05
<b>As at December 31, 2024</b>	<b>1,007.11</b>	<b>2,900.01</b>	<b>5,342.14</b>	<b>89.70</b>	<b>2,394.04</b>	<b>73.57</b>	<b>1,178.95</b>	<b>15.39</b>	<b>13,000.91</b>
<b>Accumulated depreciation</b>									
As at April 1, 2024	-	1,517.33	4,003.61	112.65	1,414.13	59.26	818.90	8.15	7,934.03
Charge for the period (refer note 38)	-	92.93	343.09	4.90	179.38	4.72	82.92	1.46	709.40
Disposals	-	-	91.88	4.37	28.88	13.23	41.72	0.33	180.41
Effect of foreign currency translation from functional currency to reporting currency	-	(0.39)	40.54	(46.75)	48.27	(4.60)	10.94	0.01	48.02
<b>As at December 31, 2024</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1,609.87</b>	<b>4,295.36</b>	<b>66.43</b>	<b>1,612.90</b>	<b>46.15</b>	<b>871.04</b>	<b>9.29</b>	<b>8,511.04</b>
<b>Net block as at December 31, 2024</b>	<b>1,007.11</b>	<b>1,290.14</b>	<b>1,046.78</b>	<b>23.27</b>	<b>781.14</b>	<b>27.42</b>	<b>307.91</b>	<b>6.10</b>	<b>4,489.87</b>

# The management has revised estimated useful life of computers and networking equipments prospectively (refer note 38 for details).

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Notes forming part of Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

5.1 Property, plant and equipment

	Land - Freehold	Buildings	Computers #	Office equipments	Plant and equipment	Leasehold improvements	Furniture and fixtures	Vehicles	Total
<b>Gross block (At cost)</b>									
As at April 1, 2024	1,007.27	2,896.21	4,861.81	242.25	2,074.95	85.57	1,171.16	14.84	12,354.06
Additions	-	10.34	680.77	14.22	229.80	5.23	67.42	0.87	1,008.65
Additions on account of acquisition	-	-	20.37	0.01	4.22	-	4.15	-	28.75
Other adjustments	-	-	(1.07)	(159.76)	159.67	-	-	-	(1.16)
Disposals	-	14.90	366.57	6.71	92.05	13.23	68.50	0.33	562.29
Effect of foreign currency translation from functional currency to reporting currency	0.42	1.92	29.85	(2.36)	5.87	(3.75)	6.58	0.01	38.54
<b>As at March 31, 2025</b>	<b>1,007.69</b>	<b>2,893.57</b>	<b>5,225.16</b>	<b>87.65</b>	<b>2,382.46</b>	<b>73.82</b>	<b>1,180.81</b>	<b>15.39</b>	<b>12,866.55</b>
<b>Accumulated depreciation</b>									
As at April 1, 2024	-	1,517.33	4,003.61	112.65	1,414.13	59.26	818.90	8.15	7,934.03
Charge for the year (refer note 38)	-	123.61	434.41	6.48	239.50	6.43	108.30	1.92	920.65
Additions on account of acquisition	-	-	20.24	0.01	4.22	-	4.15	-	28.62
Other adjustments	-	-	-	(44.30)	44.45	-	-	-	0.15
Disposals	-	11.65	245.06	6.71	88.56	13.23	60.40	0.33	425.94
Effect of foreign currency translation from functional currency to reporting currency	-	1.03	48.12	(2.21)	3.45	(4.36)	12.08	0.05	58.16
<b>As at March 31, 2025</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1,630.32</b>	<b>4,261.32</b>	<b>65.92</b>	<b>1,617.19</b>	<b>48.10</b>	<b>883.03</b>	<b>9.79</b>	<b>8,515.67</b>
<b>Net block as at March 31, 2025</b>	<b>1,007.69</b>	<b>1,263.25</b>	<b>963.84</b>	<b>21.73</b>	<b>765.27</b>	<b>25.72</b>	<b>297.78</b>	<b>5.60</b>	<b>4,350.88</b>

# The management has revised estimated useful life of computers and networking equipments prospectively (refer note 38 for details).

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**Persistent Systems Limited**

Notes forming part of Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

**5.2 Right of use assets**

	(In ₹ Million)			
	Leasehold land	Office premises	Other assets	Total
<b>Gross block (At cost)</b>				
As at April 1, 2025	973.36	4,440.34	276.80	5,690.50
Additions during the period	-	577.23	1,247.76	1,824.99
Disposals	-	303.85	-	303.85
Lease Modifications	-	11.30	-	11.30
Effect of foreign currency translation of foreign operations from functional currency to reporting currency	-	117.42	-	117.42
<b>As at December 31, 2025</b>	<b>973.36</b>	<b>4,819.84</b>	<b>1,524.56</b>	<b>7,317.76</b>
<b>Accumulated depreciation</b>				
As at April 1, 2025	17.52	1,860.22	14.09	1,891.83
Charge for the period	9.20	711.87	361.07	1,082.14
Disposals	-	281.17	-	281.17
Effect of foreign currency translation of foreign operations from functional currency to reporting currency	-	57.48	-	57.48
<b>As at December 31, 2025</b>	<b>26.72</b>	<b>2,348.40</b>	<b>375.16</b>	<b>2,750.28</b>
<b>Net block as at December 31, 2025</b>	<b>946.64</b>	<b>2,471.44</b>	<b>1,149.40</b>	<b>4,567.48</b>

	(In ₹ Million)			
	Leasehold Land	Office premises	Other assets	Total
<b>Gross block (At cost)</b>				
As at April 1, 2024	131.97	3,640.10	-	3,772.07
Additions during the period	2.50	1,599.61	-	1,602.11
Disposals	-	858.28	-	858.28
Effect of foreign currency translation of foreign operations from functional currency to reporting currency	-	(21.03)	-	(21.03)
<b>As at December 31, 2024</b>	<b>134.47</b>	<b>4,360.40</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>4,494.87</b>
<b>Accumulated depreciation</b>				
As at April 1, 2024	4.76	1,460.13	-	1,464.89
Charge for the period	1.23	673.36	-	674.59
Disposals	-	442.14	-	442.14
Effect of foreign currency translation of foreign operations from functional currency to reporting currency	-	(31.84)	-	(31.84)
<b>As at December 31, 2024</b>	<b>5.99</b>	<b>1,659.51</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1,665.50</b>
<b>Net block as at December 31, 2024</b>	<b>128.48</b>	<b>2,700.89</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>2,829.37</b>

	(In ₹ Million)			
	Leasehold land	Office premises	Other assets	Total
<b>Gross block (At cost)</b>				
As at April 1, 2024	131.97	3,640.10	-	3,772.07
Additions during the year	835.59	1,503.26	276.80	2,615.65
Disposals	-	546.22	-	546.22
Lease Modifications	-	142.32	-	142.32
Other Adjustments	5.80	(49.54)	-	(43.74)
Effect of foreign currency translation of foreign operations from functional currency to reporting currency	-	35.06	-	35.06
<b>As at March 31, 2025</b>	<b>973.36</b>	<b>4,440.34</b>	<b>276.80</b>	<b>5,690.50</b>
<b>Accumulated depreciation</b>				
As at April 1, 2024	4.76	1,460.13	-	1,464.89
Charge for the year	12.76	894.30	14.09	921.15
Disposals	-	352.92	-	352.92
Lease Modifications	-	119.31	-	119.31
Other Adjustments	-	(39.71)	-	(39.71)
Effect of foreign currency translation of foreign operations from functional currency to reporting currency	-	17.73	-	17.73
<b>As at March 31, 2025</b>	<b>17.52</b>	<b>1,860.22</b>	<b>14.09</b>	<b>1,891.83</b>
<b>Net block as at March 31, 2025</b>	<b>955.84</b>	<b>2,580.12</b>	<b>262.71</b>	<b>3,798.67</b>

**Persistent Systems Limited**

Notes forming part of Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

**5.3 Goodwill**

	(In ₹ Million)		
	As at December 31, 2025	As at December 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2025
<b>Cost</b>			
Balance at beginning of the period / year	12,337.94	10,912.56	10,912.56
Addition on purchase price allocation of business combination	-	950.40	1,160.02
Effect of foreign currency translation of foreign operations from functional currency to reporting currency	592.92	281.58	265.36
<b>Balance at end of the period / year</b>	<b>12,930.86</b>	<b>12,144.54</b>	<b>12,337.94</b>

**5.4 Other Intangible assets**

	(In ₹ Million)		
	Software	Acquired contractual rights	Total
<b>Gross block</b>			
As at April 1, 2025	3,332.78	14,218.61	17,551.39
Additions	47.46	-	47.46
Disposals	-	261.73	261.73
Effect of foreign currency translation from functional currency to reporting currency	110.75	787.43	898.18
<b>As at December 31, 2025</b>	<b>3,490.99</b>	<b>14,744.31</b>	<b>18,235.30</b>
<b>Accumulated amortisation</b>			
As at April 1, 2025	3,043.21	9,584.85	12,628.06
Charge for the period	181.58	926.67	1,108.25
Disposals	-	261.73	261.73
Effect of foreign currency translation from functional currency to reporting currency	110.76	599.23	709.99
<b>As at December 31, 2025</b>	<b>3,335.55</b>	<b>10,849.02</b>	<b>14,184.57</b>
<b>Net block as at December 31, 2025</b>	<b>155.44</b>	<b>3,895.29</b>	<b>4,050.73</b>

	(In ₹ Million)			
	Software	Acquired contractual rights	Provisional intangible assets	Total
<b>Gross block</b>				
As at April 1, 2024	3,312.14	12,212.59	-	15,524.73
Additions	323.38	-	950.40	1,273.78
Disposals	332.61	-	-	332.61
Effect of foreign currency translation from functional currency to reporting currency	76.66	426.66	-	503.32
<b>As at December 31, 2024</b>	<b>3,379.57</b>	<b>12,639.25</b>	<b>950.40</b>	<b>16,969.22</b>
<b>Accumulated amortisation</b>				
As at April 1, 2024	2,744.90	8,092.68	-	10,837.58
Charge for the period	205.94	662.40	54.36	922.70
Disposals	111.17	-	-	111.17
Effect of foreign currency translation from functional currency to reporting currency	168.17	296.34	-	464.51
<b>As at December 31, 2024</b>	<b>3,007.84</b>	<b>9,051.42</b>	<b>54.36</b>	<b>12,113.62</b>
<b>Net block as at December 31, 2024</b>	<b>371.73</b>	<b>3,587.83</b>	<b>896.04</b>	<b>4,855.60</b>

	(In ₹ Million)		
	Software	Acquired contractual rights	Total
<b>Gross block</b>			
As at April 1, 2024	3,476.27	12,212.59	15,688.86
Additions	323.38	1,560.86	1,884.24
Disposals	528.05	-	528.05
Effect of foreign currency translation from functional currency to reporting currency	61.18	445.16	506.34
<b>As at March 31, 2025</b>	<b>3,332.78</b>	<b>14,218.61</b>	<b>17,551.39</b>
<b>Accumulated amortisation</b>			
As at April 1, 2024	3,021.23	8,092.68	11,113.91
Charge for the year	270.97	956.33	1,227.30
Disposals	305.10	-	305.10
Effect of foreign currency translation from functional currency to reporting currency	56.11	535.84	591.95
<b>As at March 31, 2025</b>	<b>3,043.21</b>	<b>9,584.85</b>	<b>12,628.06</b>
<b>Net block as at March 31, 2025</b>	<b>289.57</b>	<b>4,633.76</b>	<b>4,923.33</b>

**5.5 Depreciation and amortisation**

	(In ₹ Million)				
	For the quarter ended		For the nine months ended		For the year ended
	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024	March 31, 2025
On Property, plant and equipment	246.75	242.37	753.72	680.78	920.65
On Right of Use assets	387.39	233.93	1,082.14	674.60	921.15
On Other Intangible assets	371.66	344.85	1,108.25	922.70	1,227.30
	<b>1,005.80</b>	<b>821.15</b>	<b>2,944.11</b>	<b>2,278.08</b>	<b>3,069.10</b>

# Persistent Systems Limited

Notes forming part of Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

## 6. Non-current financial assets : Investments

	As at December 31, 2025 In ₹ Million	As at December 31, 2024 In ₹ Million	As at March 31, 2025 In ₹ Million
<b>Investments carried at amortised cost</b>			
<b>Quoted Investments</b>			
<b>In bonds</b>	2,475.47	2,916.91	2,916.91
Add: Interest accrued on bonds	100.14	92.81	78.66
<b>Total investments carried at amortised cost (A)</b>	<b>2,575.61</b>	<b>3,009.72</b>	<b>2,995.57</b>
<b>Investments carried at fair value through profit and loss</b>			
<b>Quoted Investments</b>			
<b>- Investments in mutual funds</b>			
Fair value of long term mutual funds (refer Note 6a)	3,387.44	2,970.71	2,823.98
	<b>3,387.44</b>	<b>2,970.71</b>	<b>2,823.98</b>
<b>Others*</b>			
<b>Investments in Common Stocks / Preferred Stocks</b>			
Ciqua Limited [Holding 2.38% (Corresponding period 2.38% / Previous year 2.38%)]			
0.04 Million (Corresponding period : 0.04 Million / Previous year : 0.04 Million) shares of GBP 0.01 each, fully paid up	18.92	17.01	17.25
Less : Change in fair value of investment	(18.92)	(17.01)	(17.25)
	-	-	-
Altizon Systems Private Limited	6.00	6.00	6.00
0.004 Million equity shares (Corresponding period : 0.004 Million / Previous year : 0.004 Million equity shares) of ₹ 10 each, fully paid up	<b>6.00</b>	<b>6.00</b>	<b>6.00</b>
Hygenx Inc.	17.97	17.12	17.09
0.25 Million (Corresponding period : 0.25 Million / Previous year : 0.25 Million) Preferred stock of \$ 0.001 each, fully paid up	(17.97)	(17.12)	(17.09)
Less : Change in fair value of investment	-	-	-
Trunomi Inc.	-	21.40	21.37
Nil (Corresponding period : 0.28 Million / Previous year : 0.28 Million) Preferred stock of \$ 0.0002 each, fully paid up	-	(21.40)	(21.37)
Less : Change in fair value of investment	-	-	-
Monument Bank	146.57	139.62	139.39
0.024 Million (Corresponding period : 0.024 Million / Previous year: 0.024 Million) Stock of GBP 50 each), fully paid up	<b>146.57</b>	<b>139.62</b>	<b>139.39</b>
Monument Technology Ltd	241.75	214.68	221.26
1.33 Million (Corresponding period : Nil / Previous year: 1.33 Million) Ordinary Shares of GBP 0.000001 each), fully paid up	<b>241.75</b>	<b>214.68</b>	<b>221.26</b>
Akumina Inc.	15.95	15.20	15.17
0.40 Million Preference shares of \$ 0.443 each (Corresponding period : 0.40 Million / Previous year: 0.40 Million Preference shares of \$ 0.443 each)	<b>15.95</b>	<b>15.20</b>	<b>15.17</b>
SwanAI	224.67	214.02	213.67
0.08 Million (Corresponding period : Nil / Previous year : 0.08 Million) preferred shares of \$ 0.00001 each, fully paid up	<b>4,022.38</b>	<b>3,560.23</b>	<b>3,419.47</b>
<b>Total Investments carried at Fair Value (B)</b>	<b>6,597.99</b>	<b>6,569.95</b>	<b>6,415.04</b>
<b>Total investments (A) + (B)</b>			
<b>Aggregate amount of change in fair value of investments</b>	36.89	55.53	55.71
<b>Aggregate amount of quoted bonds</b>	2,575.61	3,009.72	2,995.57
<b>Aggregate amount of quoted mutual funds</b>	3,387.44	2,970.71	2,823.98
<b>Aggregate book value of quoted investments</b>	5,963.05	5,980.43	5,819.55
<b>Aggregate market value of quoted investments</b>	5,644.93	5,681.73	5,527.70

\* Investments, where the Group did not have joint-control or significant influence including situations where such joint-control or significant influence was intended to be temporary, were classified as "investments in others".

**6 (a) Details of fair value of investment in long term mutual funds**

	As at December 31, 2025 In ₹ Million	As at December 31, 2024 In ₹ Million	As at March 31, 2025 In ₹ Million
Bandhan Mutual Fund (formerly known as IDFC Mutual Fund)	560.03	799.20	479.34
Axis Mutual Fund	708.33	657.34	672.09
Kotak Mutual Fund	583.20	174.57	208.87
Aditya Birla Sun Life Mutual Fund	174.19	161.72	165.55
HDFC Mutual Fund	212.18	196.65	201.26
DSP Mutual Fund	177.53	164.88	168.52
HSBC Mutual Fund	178.06	164.60	168.43
ICICI Prudential Mutual Fund	684.35	226.10	324.15
SBI Mutual Fund	-	162.02	166.05
Nippon India Mutual Fund (formerly known as Reliance Mutual Fund)	109.57	263.63	269.72
	<b>3,387.44</b>	<b>2,970.71</b>	<b>2,823.98</b>

**7. Non-current financial assets : Loans**

	As at December 31, 2025 In ₹ Million	As at December 31, 2024 In ₹ Million	As at March 31, 2025 In ₹ Million
<b>Carried at amortised cost</b>			
<b>Other loans</b>			
Unsecured, credit impaired	0.58	0.58	0.58
	<b>0.58</b>	<b>0.58</b>	<b>0.58</b>
Less: Impairment allowance	(0.58)	(0.58)	(0.58)
	-	-	-

**8. Other non-current financial assets**

	As at December 31, 2025 In ₹ Million	As at December 31, 2024 In ₹ Million	As at March 31, 2025 In ₹ Million
<b>Considered good</b>			
<b>Carried at amortised cost</b>			
Deposits with banks (refer note 14)*	204.93	4.29	48.29
Add: Interest accrued but not due on bank deposits (refer note 14)	3.08	0.18	0.70
<b>Deposits with banks</b>	<b>208.01</b>	<b>4.47</b>	<b>48.99</b>
Security deposits	508.24	414.04	392.07
Simple Agreement for Future Equity (SAFE)	332.75	332.75	332.75
<b>Credit impaired</b>			
Deposit with financial institutions-credit impaired	408.88	430.00	408.88
Add: Interest accrued but not due on deposit with financial institutions-credit impaired	0.30	0.98	0.30
Less: Credit impaired (refer note 35)	(409.18)	(430.98)	(409.18)
<b>Deposits with financial institutions</b>	-	-	-
	<b>1,049.00</b>	<b>751.26</b>	<b>773.81</b>

\* Out of the balance :

i) Fixed deposits of ₹ 62.80 Million (Corresponding period : ₹ 4.10 Million / Previous year : ₹ 3.00 Million) have been earmarked against credit facilities and bank guarantees availed by the Group.

ii) Fixed deposits of ₹ 91.10 Million (Corresponding period : ₹ Nil Million / Previous year : ₹ 91.10 Million) have been kept as earmarked funds in Persistent India Foundation.

## Persistent Systems Limited

### Notes forming part of Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

#### 9. Deferred tax asset / liabilities

	As at December 31, 2025 In ₹ Million	As at December 31, 2024 In ₹ Million	As at March 31, 2025 In ₹ Million
<b>Deferred tax assets</b>			
Provision for leave encashment	464.68	394.55	388.74
Provision for bonus and commission	240.15	125.33	94.66
Allowance for expected credit loss	235.29	179.17	198.48
Differences in book values and tax base values of block of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	233.48	175.81	163.42
Brought forward and current year losses	634.26	249.42	245.01
Tax credits	103.57	81.37	163.91
ROU asset and lease liability	54.07	49.59	52.94
Provision for shared based payments to employees	568.51	406.88	590.07
Provisions for doubtful investment	113.28	127.52	113.33
Cashflow on Hedges	212.22	98.19	0.78
Others	14.39	6.68	12.90
	<b>2,873.90</b>	<b>1,894.51</b>	<b>2,024.24</b>
<b>Deferred tax liabilities</b>			
Differences in book values and tax base values of block of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	23.85	11.24	11.32
Capital gains	133.02	101.84	122.74
Unrealised exchange gain/loss	91.87	5.39	16.16
Unbilled revenue	-	1.03	-
Others	0.33	1.15	0.27
	<b>249.07</b>	<b>120.65</b>	<b>150.49</b>

  

	As at December 31, 2025 In ₹ Million	As at December 31, 2024 In ₹ Million	As at March 31, 2025 In ₹ Million
Deferred income tax assets after set-off	2,873.90	1,894.51	2,024.24
Deferred income tax liabilities after set-off	(249.07)	(120.65)	(150.49)
	<b>2,624.83</b>	<b>1,773.86</b>	<b>1,873.75</b>

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities have been offset wherever the Group has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and where the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority. In all other cases the same have been separately disclosed.

Certain subsidiaries of the group have undistributed earnings which, if paid out as dividends, would be subject to tax in the hands of the recipient. An assessable temporary difference exists, but no deferred tax liability has been recognised as the parent entity is able to control the timing of distributions from these subsidiaries. These subsidiaries are not expected to distribute these profits in the foreseeable future.

#### 10. Other non-current assets

	As at December 31, 2025 In ₹ Million	As at December 31, 2024 In ₹ Million	As at March 31, 2025 In ₹ Million
Capital advances (Unsecured, considered good)	78.64	821.62	33.53
Prepayments	433.13	402.00	223.49
	<b>511.77</b>	<b>1,223.62</b>	<b>257.02</b>

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## Persistent Systems Limited

Notes forming part of Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

### 11. Current financial assets : Investments

	As at December 31, 2025 In ₹ Million	As at December 31, 2024 In ₹ Million	As at March 31, 2025 In ₹ Million
<b>Investments carried at fair value through profit and loss</b>			
- Quoted investments			
Investments in mutual funds (A)			
Fair value of current mutual funds (refer Note 11a)	8,777.13	4,136.88	3,388.17
<b>Investments carried at amortised cost (B)</b>			
- Quoted investments			
In bonds	550.00	-	-
Add: Interest accrued on bonds	-	-	-
<b>Total investments carried at amortised cost</b>	<b>550.00</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>- Unquoted investments</b>			
Investment in Commercial Papers	482.10	-	-
<b>Total investments carried at amortised cost</b>	<b>482.10</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Total carrying amount of investments</b>	<b>9,809.23</b>	<b>4,136.88</b>	<b>3,388.17</b>
<b>Aggregate amount of quoted investments</b>	<b>9,327.64</b>	<b>4,136.88</b>	<b>3,388.17</b>
<b>Aggregate market value of unquoted investments</b>	<b>482.10</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>

#### 11 (a) Details of fair value of current investment in mutual funds

	As at December 31, 2025 In ₹ Million	As at December 31, 2024 In ₹ Million	As at March 31, 2025 In ₹ Million
Aditya Birla Sun Life Mutual Fund	692.42	673.72	438.79
Bandhan Mutual Fund (formerly known as IDFC Mutual Fund)	1,185.92	461.13	525.65
Bajaj Finserv Mutual Fund	319.28	-	-
UTI Mutual Fund	1,297.30	394.08	383.48
Axis Mutual Fund	980.26	393.09	275.99
Tata Mutual Fund	1,006.03	390.97	195.10
Nippon India Mutual Fund (formerly known as Reliance Mutual Fund)	242.75	195.88	195.40
HDFC Mutual Fund	206.29	315.99	118.00
HSBC Mutual Fund	-	-	-
ICICI Prudential Mutual Fund	137.01	284.24	70.03
Mirae Asset Mutual Fund	495.87	199.09	195.64
SBI Mutual Fund	197.88	-	70.03
DSP Mutual Fund	393.52	341.69	-
Sundaram Mutual Fund	408.13	-	115.28
Kotak Mutual Fund	515.40	288.65	609.18
Invesco Mutual Fund	699.07	198.35	195.60
	<b>8,777.13</b>	<b>4,136.88</b>	<b>3,388.17</b>

### 12. Trade receivables

	As at December 31, 2025 In ₹ Million	As at December 31, 2024 In ₹ Million	As at March 31, 2025 In ₹ Million
<b>- Trade Receivables - Billed - Non current</b>			
Unsecured, considered good	1,183.38	799.33	664.40
	<b>1,183.38</b>	<b>799.33</b>	<b>664.40</b>
<b>- Trade Receivables - Billed - Current</b>			
Unsecured, considered good	23,378.01	20,508.86	17,194.62
Unsecured, credit impaired	1,214.95	748.00	2,199.36
	<b>24,592.96</b>	<b>21,256.86</b>	<b>19,393.98</b>
Less : Allowance for expected credit loss	(1,214.95)	(748.00)	(916.03)
	<b>23,378.01</b>	<b>20,508.86</b>	<b>18,477.95</b>
<b>Trade Receivable - Unbilled - Current</b>	8,972.94	7,940.62	8,313.74
	<b>33,534.33</b>	<b>29,248.81</b>	<b>27,456.09</b>

**Notes forming part of Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements**
**13. Cash and cash equivalents**

	As at December 31, 2025 In ₹ Million	As at December 31, 2024 In ₹ Million	As at March 31, 2025 In ₹ Million
Cash in hand	0.16	0.10	0.20
Balances with banks			
On current accounts #	7,233.92	3,273.53	4,392.63
On saving accounts	77.76	23.41	27.50
On exchange earner's foreign currency accounts	2,927.19	2,165.79	1,488.57
On deposit accounts with original maturity less than three months	1,651.56	102.17	835.16
	<b>11,890.59</b>	<b>5,565.00</b>	<b>6,744.06</b>

# Of the cash and cash equivalent balance as at December 31, 2025, the Group can utilise ₹ 0.02 Million (Corresponding period : ₹ 0.02 Million / Previous year : ₹ 0.02 Million) only towards certain predefined activities.

**14. Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents**

	As at December 31, 2025 In ₹ Million	As at December 31, 2024 In ₹ Million	As at March 31, 2025 In ₹ Million
Deposits with banks*	1,346.22	3,284.87	3,435.77
Add: Interest accrued but not due on deposits with banks	33.97	80.12	103.64
Deposits with banks (carried at amortised cost)	<b>1,380.19</b>	<b>3,364.99</b>	<b>3,539.41</b>
Less: Deposits with maturity more than twelve months from the balance sheet date disclosed under other non-current financial assets (refer note 8)	(204.93)	(4.29)	(48.29)
Less: Interest accrued but not due on non-current deposits with banks (refer note 8)	(3.08)	(0.18)	(0.70)
	<b>1,172.18</b>	<b>3,360.52</b>	<b>3,490.42</b>
Balances with banks on unpaid dividend accounts**	3.39	9.43	20.23
	<b>1,175.57</b>	<b>3,369.95</b>	<b>3,510.65</b>

\* Out of the balance:

i) Fixed deposits of ₹ 806.85 Million (Corresponding period : ₹ 2,365.29 Million / Previous year : ₹ 2,367.54 Million) have been earmarked against credit facilities and bank guarantees availed by the Group.

ii) Fixed deposits of ₹ 91.10 Million (Corresponding period : ₹ Nil Million / Previous year : ₹ 91.10 Million) have been kept as earmarked funds in Persistent India Foundation.

\*\* The Group can utilise these balances only towards settlement of the respective unpaid dividend.

**15. Current financial assets : Loans**

	As at December 31, 2025 In ₹ Million	As at December 31, 2024 In ₹ Million	As at March 31, 2025 In ₹ Million
<b>Loan to others (Unsecured, credit impaired)</b>			
LHS Solution Inc.	-	27.68	25.61
Interest accrued but not due at amortised cost	-	-	2.02
Less: Impairment	-	(27.68)	(27.63)
	-	-	-

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**Notes forming part of Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements**
**16. Other current financial assets**

	As at December 31, 2025 In ₹ Million	As at December 31, 2024 In ₹ Million	As at March 31, 2025 In ₹ Million
<b>Carried at amortised cost (considered good)</b>			
Security deposits	156.13	97.09	116.44
Other receivables	71.32	-	-
Unbilled revenue	-	800.64	944.98
	<b>227.45</b>	<b>897.73</b>	<b>1,061.42</b>

**17. Other current assets**

	As at December 31, 2025 In ₹ Million	As at December 31, 2024 In ₹ Million	As at March 31, 2025 In ₹ Million
<b>Unsecured, considered good</b>			
<b>Advances to suppliers</b>			
Advances recoverable in cash or kind or for value to be received	742.89	1,527.58	1,152.83
Prepayments	1,533.43	1,760.37	2,609.16
Deferred finance costs	28.77	13.82	5.72
Excess fund balance with Life Insurance Corporation	-	21.71	-
Contract Assets	1,462.42	-	-
<b>Other advances</b>			
VAT receivable (net)	216.95	8.42	69.58
Service tax and GST receivable (net) (refer note 34)	8,643.68	3,772.35	4,926.25
	<b>8,860.63</b>	<b>3,780.77</b>	<b>4,995.83</b>
	<b>12,628.14</b>	<b>7,104.25</b>	<b>8,763.54</b>

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**Notes forming part of Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements**
**18 (A) Share capital**

	As at December 31, 2025 In ₹ Million	As at December 31, 2024 In ₹ Million	As at March 31, 2025 In ₹ Million
<b>Authorized shares (No. in million)</b>			
400 (Corresponding period: 400 / Previous year: 400) equity shares of ₹ 5 each	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,000.00
	<b>2,000.00</b>	<b>2,000.00</b>	<b>2,000.00</b>
<b>Issued, subscribed and fully paid-up shares (No. in million)</b>			
157.75 (Corresponding period: 155.85 / Previous year: 155.85) equity shares of ₹ 5 each	788.75	779.25	779.25
<b>Issued, subscribed and fully paid-up share capital</b>	<b>788.75</b>	<b>779.25</b>	<b>779.25</b>

The Group's objective for capital management is to maximise shareholder value, safeguard business continuity and support the growth of the Group. The Group determines the capital requirement based on annual operating plans and long term and other strategic investment plans. The funding requirements are met through operating cash flows generated, borrowings and equity. The Group is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

**a) Reconciliation of the shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period / year**

The reconciliation of the number of shares outstanding and the amount of share capital is set out below:

	As at December 31, 2025		As at December 31, 2024		As at March 31, 2025	
	No of shares	In ₹ Million	No of shares	In ₹ Million	No of shares	In ₹ Million
Number of shares at the beginning of the period / year	155.85	779.25	154.05	770.25	154.05	770.25
Add/ Less: Changes during the period / year	1.90	9.50	1.80	9.00	1.80	9.00
<b>Number of shares at the beginning of the reporting period / year</b>	<b>157.75</b>	<b>788.75</b>	<b>155.85</b>	<b>779.25</b>	<b>155.85</b>	<b>779.25</b>

**b) Terms / rights attached to equity shares**

The Parent Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of ₹ 5 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The Parent Company declares and pays dividends in Indian rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

In the event of liquidation of the Parent Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Parent Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders. However, no such preferential amounts exist currently.

**c) Aggregate number of shares bought back during the period of five years immediately preceding the reporting date**

In the period of five years immediately preceding December 31, 2025, the Parent Company has not done any buy-back of shares.

**d) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Group**

Name of the shareholder*	As at December 31, 2025		As at December 31, 2024		As at March 31, 2025	
	No. in Million	% Holding	No. in Million	% Holding	No. in Million	% Holding
Dr. Anand Deshpande	45.78	29.02	45.75	29.35	45.75	29.35
Motilal Oswal Midcap Fund	9.6	6.09	-	-	-	-

\* The shareholding information is based on legal ownership of shares and has been extracted from the records of the Parent Company including register of shareholders / members.

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# Persistent Systems Limited

## Notes forming part of Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

### 18 (B) Other equity

	As at December 31, 2025 In ₹ Million	As at December 31, 2024 In ₹ Million	As at March 31, 2025 In ₹ Million
<b>Reserves and Surplus</b>			
Securities premium	3,609.92	3,438.70	3,438.70
General reserve	27,766.38	25,842.99	27,730.15
Share options outstanding reserve	4,642.20	4,140.15	3,432.38
Gain on bargain purchase	68.54	65.29	65.19
Capital redemption reserve	35.75	35.75	35.75
Retained earnings	39,866.98	28,005.17	28,833.47
Treasury shares	(1,365.54)	(3,076.51)	(2,994.10)
PSL ESOP Trust reserve	194.47	150.64	180.77
<b>Items of other comprehensive income</b>			
Effective portion of cash flow hedges	(630.98)	(291.96)	(2.32)
Exchange differences on translating the financial statements of foreign operations	2,699.09	1,948.31	1,691.41
	<b>76,886.81</b>	<b>60,258.53</b>	<b>62,411.40</b>

#### (i) Securities premium

	As at December 31, 2025 In ₹ Million	As at December 31, 2024 In ₹ Million	As at March 31, 2025 In ₹ Million
Opening Balance	3,438.70	1,601.80	1,601.80
Premium on fresh issue of equity shares	171.22	1,836.90	1,836.90
	<b>3,609.92</b>	<b>3,438.70</b>	<b>3,438.70</b>

#### (ii) General reserve

	As at December 31, 2025 In ₹ Million	As at December 31, 2024 In ₹ Million	As at March 31, 2025 In ₹ Million
Opening Balance	27,730.15	25,842.99	25,842.99
Adjustments towards employees stock options	-	-	1,887.16
	<b>27,766.38</b>	<b>25,842.99</b>	<b>27,730.15</b>

#### (iii) Share options outstanding reserve

	As at December 31, 2025 In ₹ Million	As at December 31, 2024 In ₹ Million	As at March 31, 2025 In ₹ Million
Opening Balance	3,432.38	2,227.71	2,227.71
Adjustments towards employees stock options	-	-	(1,887.16)
Employee stock compensation expenses	1,211.17	1,912.44	3,095.27
Other changes during the period / year	(1.35)	-	(3.44)
	<b>4,642.20</b>	<b>4,140.15</b>	<b>3,432.38</b>

**Persistent Systems Limited****Notes forming part of Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements****(iv) Gain on bargain purchase**

	As at December 31, 2025 In ₹ Million	As at December 31, 2024 In ₹ Million	As at March 31, 2025 In ₹ Million
Opening Balance	65.19	63.61	63.61
Other changes during the period / year	3.35	1.68	1.58
	<b>68.54</b>	<b>65.29</b>	<b>65.19</b>

**(v) Capital redemption reserve**

	As at December 31, 2025 In ₹ Million	As at December 31, 2024 In ₹ Million	As at March 31, 2025 In ₹ Million
Opening Balance	35.75	35.75	35.75
	<b>35.75</b>	<b>35.75</b>	<b>35.75</b>

**(vi) Retained earnings**

	As at December 31, 2025 In ₹ Million	As at December 31, 2024 In ₹ Million	As at March 31, 2025 In ₹ Million
Opening Balance	28,833.47	19,346.09	19,346.09
Profit for the period / year	13,358.60	10,044.01	14,001.61
Items recognised in / from other comprehensive income for the period / year	27.94	207.89	193.08
Income tax effect on above	(7.03)	(52.32)	(49.81)
Dividend	(2,346.00)	(1,540.50)	(4,657.50)
	<b>39,866.98</b>	<b>28,005.17</b>	<b>28,833.47</b>

**(vii) Treasury shares**

	As at December 31, 2025 In ₹ Million	As at December 31, 2024 In ₹ Million	As at March 31, 2025 In ₹ Million
Opening Balance	(2,994.10)	(2,085.84)	(2,085.84)
Shares held by ESOP trust	1,628.56	(990.67)	(908.26)
	<b>(1,365.54)</b>	<b>(3,076.51)</b>	<b>(2,994.10)</b>

**(viii) PSL ESOP Trust reserve**

	As at December 31, 2025 In ₹ Million	As at December 31, 2024 In ₹ Million	As at March 31, 2025 In ₹ Million
Opening Balance	180.77	140.64	140.64
Dividend Paid to ESOP trust	13.70	10.00	40.13
	<b>194.47</b>	<b>150.64</b>	<b>180.77</b>

Notes forming part of Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

(ix) Effective portion of cash flow hedges

	As at December 31, 2025 In ₹ Million	As at December 31, 2024 In ₹ Million	As at March 31, 2025 In ₹ Million
Opening Balance	(2.32)	23.85	23.85
Items recognised in / from other comprehensive income for the period / year (net of tax)	(628.66)	(315.81)	(26.17)
	<b>(630.98)</b>	<b>(291.96)</b>	<b>(2.32)</b>

(x) Exchange differences on translating the financial statements of foreign operations

	As at December 31, 2025 In ₹ Million	As at December 31, 2024 In ₹ Million	As at March 31, 2025 In ₹ Million
Opening Balance	1,691.41	1,610.22	1,610.22
Items recognised in / from other comprehensive income for the period / year	1,007.68	338.09	81.19
	<b>2,699.09</b>	<b>1,948.31</b>	<b>1,691.41</b>

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## Persistent Systems Limited

### Notes forming part of Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

#### 19. Financial liabilities : Borrowings

	As at December 31, 2025 In ₹ Million	As at December 31, 2024 In ₹ Million	As at March 31, 2025 In ₹ Million
<b>Unsecured Borrowings carried at amortised cost</b>			
<b>-Non Current</b>			
<b>-Term Loan</b>			
Foreign currency loan from bank (refer note 1)	-	499.39	-
Interest accrued but not due on above loan	-	9.20	-
Less: Current maturity of long-term borrowings	-	(508.59)	-
	-	-	-
<b>-Current</b>			
Short-term borrowings	-	1,284.15	-
Current maturity of long-term borrowings	-	499.39	-
Current maturity of interest accrued but not due on term loan	-	9.20	-
	-	<b>1,792.74</b>	-
	-	<b>1,792.74</b>	-

1) Foreign currency loan ₹ Nil (Corresponding period: ₹ 499.39 million / Previous year: ₹ Nil million). The Parent Company has provided the Letters of Comfort to the Lender.

Key terms of loan are as below:

	(In ₹ Million)		
Repayment terms	As at December 31, 2025	As at December 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2025
Loan 1: Repayable over a period of 3 years in equal monthly instalments commencing from November 2021 ( SOFR + 155 bps )	-	-	-
Loan 2: Repayable over a period of 3 years in equal monthly instalments commencing from April 2022 (SOFR + 155 bps)	-	249.70	-
Loan 3: Repayable over a period of 3 years in equal monthly instalments commencing from May 2022 (SOFR + 155 bps)	-	249.69	-
	-	<b>499.39</b>	-

#### 20. Financial liabilities : Lease Liabilities

	As at December 31, 2025 In ₹ Million	As at December 31, 2024 In ₹ Million	As at March 31, 2025 In ₹ Million
<b>-Non-Current</b>			
Lease Liabilities	4,299.58	2,945.98	3,108.97
Less: Current portion of lease liabilities	(1,622.72)	(1,009.28)	(952.30)
	<b>2,676.86</b>	<b>1,936.70</b>	<b>2,156.67</b>
<b>-Current</b>			
Lease Liabilities	1,622.72	1,009.28	952.30
	<b>1,622.72</b>	<b>1,009.28</b>	<b>952.30</b>



## Persistent Systems Limited

### Notes forming part of Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

The table below shows change in the Group's lease liability including both cash and non-cash changes:

	For the nine months ended		For year ended
	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024	March 31, 2025
	In ₹ Million	In ₹ Million	In ₹ Million
Opening balance	3,108.97	2,438.10	2,438.10
Additions	2,210.81	1,347.13	1,775.80
Deletions	(34.13)	(230.97)	(255.63)
Lease Modification	(3.64)	-	(45.32)
Add: Interest recognised during the period / year	242.45	195.01	254.23
Less: Payments made during the period / year	(1,293.47)	(817.00)	(1,093.66)
Translation differences	68.59	13.71	35.45
<b>Closing balance</b>	<b>4,299.58</b>	<b>2,945.98</b>	<b>3,108.97</b>

#### 21. Non-current liabilities : Provisions

	As at	As at	As at
	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024	March 31, 2025
	In ₹ Million	In ₹ Million	In ₹ Million
Provision for employee benefits			
- Gratuity (refer note 42)	757.82	25.59	66.95
- Leave Encashment (refer note 42)	1,224.91	-	-
- Other Provisions	35.00	-	-
	<b>2,017.73</b>	<b>25.59</b>	<b>66.95</b>

#### 22. Trade payables

	As at	As at	As at
	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024	March 31, 2025
	In ₹ Million	In ₹ Million	In ₹ Million
Trade payables			
- Total outstanding dues of small enterprises and micro enterprises *	24.32	21.00	40.77
- Total outstanding dues of creditors other than small enterprises and micro enterprises	9,348.99	8,510.38	8,845.40
	<b>9,373.31</b>	<b>8,531.38</b>	<b>8,886.17</b>

\* Disclosure of trade payable to vendors as defined under the "Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise Development Act, 2006" is based on the information available with the Parent Company regarding the status of registration of such vendors under the said Act, as per the intimation received from them on requests made by the Parent Company. There are no overdue principal amounts / interest payable amounts for delayed payments to such vendors at the Balance Sheet date. There are no delays in payment made to such suppliers during the period or for any earlier years and accordingly there is no interest paid or outstanding interest in this regard in respect of payment made during the period or on balance brought forward from previous year.

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## Persistent Systems Limited

Notes forming part of Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

### 23. Other financial liabilities

	As at December 31, 2025 In ₹ Million	As at December 31, 2024 In ₹ Million	As at March 31, 2025 In ₹ Million
<b>- Non-current</b>			
<b>Carried at amortised cost</b>			
Security Deposits	4.84	-	15.70
<b>At fair value through profit &amp; loss</b>			
Liability towards contingent consideration	176.38	552.83	410.20
	<b>181.22</b>	<b>552.83</b>	<b>425.90</b>
<b>- Current</b>			
<b>Carried at amortised cost</b>			
Capital creditors	139.51	49.83	59.66
Accrued employee liabilities	4,020.44	2,387.74	3,287.01
Unpaid dividend*	3.46	9.43	20.23
Other liabilities	18.83	76.39	38.99
Payable to selling shareholders	28.00	-	283.71
<b>At fair value through profit &amp; loss</b>			
Liability towards contingent consideration	825.46	1,427.59	1,409.82
Less: Non-current portion of liability towards contingent consideration	(176.38)	(552.83)	(410.20)
	<b>649.08</b>	<b>874.76</b>	<b>999.62</b>
<b>Derivative instruments at fair value through OCI</b>			
<b>Cash flow hedges</b>			
Foreign exchange forward contracts (refer note 32)	975.12	447.15	36.82
	<b>5,834.44</b>	<b>3,845.30</b>	<b>4,726.04</b>

\* Unpaid dividend is transferred to Investor Education and Protection Fund as and when due.

### 24. Other liabilities

	As at December 31, 2025 In ₹ Million	As at December 31, 2024 In ₹ Million	As at March 31, 2025 In ₹ Million
<b>- Non-current</b>			
Unearned revenue	5.74	9.42	-
Other Liabilities	120.12	57.01	47.63
	<b>125.86</b>	<b>66.43</b>	<b>47.63</b>
<b>- Current</b>			
Unearned revenue	4,562.12	3,038.98	2,777.08
Advance from customers	1,339.16	974.86	492.04
Other payables			
- Statutory liabilities	1,173.30	1,092.18	977.49
- Other Liabilities	518.94	365.11	269.86
	<b>7,593.52</b>	<b>5,471.13</b>	<b>4,516.47</b>
	<b>7,719.38</b>	<b>5,537.56</b>	<b>4,564.10</b>

### 25. Current liabilities : Provisions

	As at December 31, 2025 In ₹ Million	As at December 31, 2024 In ₹ Million	As at March 31, 2025 In ₹ Million
Provision for employee benefits (refer note 42)			
- Gratuity	6.94	21.71	24.78
- Leave encashment	1,126.53	1,556.82	1,716.12
	<b>1,133.47</b>	<b>1,578.53</b>	<b>1,740.90</b>

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# Persistent Systems Limited

Notes forming part of Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

## 26. Revenue from operations

	For the quarter ended		For the nine months ended		For the year ended
	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024	March 31, 2025
	In ₹ Million	In ₹ Million	In ₹ Million	In ₹ Million	In ₹ Million
Software services	35,852.43	29,899.11	101,971.34	84,233.74	115,433.57
Software licenses	1,929.62	723.73	4,953.78	2,732.31	3,953.60
	<b>37,782.05</b>	<b>30,622.84</b>	<b>106,925.12</b>	<b>86,966.05</b>	<b>119,387.17</b>

## 27. Other income

	For the quarter ended		For the nine months ended		For the year ended
	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024	March 31, 2025
	In ₹ Million	In ₹ Million	In ₹ Million	In ₹ Million	In ₹ Million
Interest income					
- On deposits carried at amortised cost	31.63	67.93	160.81	207.84	274.81
- On Others	63.92	68.56	202.81	210.02	281.61
<b>Other non operating income</b>					
Foreign exchange (loss) / gain (net)	(78.18)	144.72	382.49	243.43	89.18
Profit on sale of property, plant and equipment (net)	(1.70)	1.25	1.46	92.67	76.84
Profit on account of lease modification	-	-	-	-	28.15
Net profit on sale / fair valuation of financial assets designated as FVTPL	207.03	105.14	504.39	376.24	492.76
Excess provision in respect of earlier period / year written back	9.50	6.41	19.78	9.83	29.37
Miscellaneous income (refer note 39)	172.76	32.33	197.60	57.91	108.82
	<b>404.96</b>	<b>426.34</b>	<b>1,469.34</b>	<b>1,197.94</b>	<b>1,381.54</b>

## 28. Personnel expenses

	For the quarter ended		For the nine months ended		For the year ended
	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024	March 31, 2025
	In ₹ Million	In ₹ Million	In ₹ Million	In ₹ Million	In ₹ Million
<b>28.1 Employee benefits expense</b>					
Salaries, wages and bonus	18,947.51	15,619.60	52,578.23	44,579.59	59,665.42
Contribution to provident and other funds*	776.07	989.99	3,219.48	3,117.42	4,308.74
Staff welfare expenses	376.29	365.86	1,122.01	1,019.38	1,667.74
Share based payments to employees	308.69	663.92	1,211.17	1,910.69	3,095.27
	<b>20,408.56</b>	<b>17,639.37</b>	<b>58,130.89</b>	<b>50,627.08</b>	<b>68,737.17</b>
<b>28.2 Subcontracting costs</b>	5,597.35	4,331.32	15,768.00	12,804.47	17,491.65
	<b>26,005.91</b>	<b>21,970.69</b>	<b>73,898.89</b>	<b>63,431.55</b>	<b>86,228.82</b>

\* Includes contribution towards gratuity.

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# Persistent Systems Limited

Notes forming part of Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

## 29. Other expenses

	For the quarter ended		For the nine months ended		For the year ended
	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024	March 31, 2025
	In ₹ Million	In ₹ Million	In ₹ Million	In ₹ Million	In ₹ Million
Travelling and conveyance	612.79	429.84	1,679.39	1,220.48	1,710.77
Electricity expenses	37.79	31.37	104.89	99.50	131.47
Internet link expenses	38.99	43.43	115.80	127.06	152.98
Communication expenses	13.97	12.69	38.92	39.13	46.82
Recruitment expenses	93.25	56.02	236.33	145.55	210.86
Training and seminars	53.07	43.08	131.12	108.62	158.20
Royalty expenses	12.21	21.85	65.03	57.79	71.32
Purchase of software licenses	2,497.29	1,657.09	6,949.98	5,301.35	7,479.33
Bad debts	-	-	120.35	-	-
Allowance for expected credit loss (net)	156.89	177.05	259.20	254.13	422.18
Rent	32.28	35.15	81.66	101.55	143.41
Insurance	41.27	36.78	117.84	112.78	146.44
Rates and taxes	58.82	38.78	161.05	134.74	205.91
Legal and professional fees	325.71	457.57	1,431.68	1,205.10	1,647.81
Repairs and maintenance					
- Plant and Machinery	55.26	47.25	154.73	139.82	185.94
- Buildings	14.50	8.04	37.87	24.73	46.18
- Others	12.44	10.43	33.44	30.30	43.90
Selling and marketing expenses	8.85	6.85	29.20	9.15	13.67
Changes in contingent consideration payable on business combination (refer note 39)	-	(152.24)	-	(1,249.29)	(1,461.82)
Advertisement, conference and sponsorship fees	66.66	51.50	148.35	166.87	194.61
Computer consumables	7.71	7.11	26.88	15.52	18.69
Auditors' remuneration	21.75	6.28	29.25	13.20	15.89
Corporate social responsibility expenditure	66.07	47.73	180.67	154.13	223.78
Books, memberships, subscriptions	7.43	5.72	28.09	19.86	32.25
Directors' sitting fees	1.32	2.63	5.70	7.58	9.10
Directors' commission	13.13	8.77	39.38	26.82	35.55
Loss / Impairment of non current investments	4.17	-	4.28	-	-
Miscellaneous expenses	191.87	182.98	537.75	530.21	691.18
	<b>4,445.49</b>	<b>3,273.75</b>	<b>12,748.83</b>	<b>8,796.69</b>	<b>12,576.42</b>

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## Persistent Systems Limited

Notes forming part of Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

### 30. Earnings per share

		For the quarter ended		For the nine months ended		For the year ended
		December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024	March 31, 2025
<u>Numerator for Basic and Diluted EPS</u>						
Net Profit after tax (In ₹ Million)	(A)	4,394.54	3,729.90	13,358.60	10,044.01	14,001.61
<u>Denominator for basic EPS</u>						
Weighted average number of equity shares	(B)	156,084,472	153,646,143	155,532,161	153,205,608	153,487,571
<u>Denominator for diluted EPS</u>						
Number of equity shares	(C)	157,295,109	155,850,000	156,623,455	154,942,364	155,166,164
Basic earnings per share of face value of ₹ 5 each (In ₹)	(A/B)	28.15	24.28	85.89	65.56	91.22
Diluted earnings per share of face value of ₹ 5 each (In ₹)	(A/C)	27.94	23.93	85.29	64.82	90.24
		For the quarter ended		For the nine months ended		For the year ended
		December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024	March 31, 2025
Outstanding weighted average number of equity shares considered for diluted EPS		157,295,109	155,850,000	156,623,455	154,942,364	155,166,164
Less: Weighted average number of treasury shares		1,210,637	2,203,857	1,091,294	1,736,756	1,678,593
Outstanding weighted average number of equity shares considered for basic EPS		156,084,472	153,646,143	155,532,161	153,205,608	153,487,571

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**Notes forming part of Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements**
**31. Segment information**

Operating segments are components of an enterprise for which discrete financial information is available that is evaluated regularly by the chief operating decision makers, in deciding how to allocate resources and assessing performance. The Group's chief operating decision makers are the Chief Executive Officer and the Chairman & Managing Director.

The operating segments of the Group are:

- Banking, Financial Services and Insurance (BFSI)
- Healthcare & Life Sciences
- Software, Hi-Tech and Emerging Industries

Particulars			BFSI	Healthcare & Life Sciences	Software, Hi-Tech and Emerging Industries	Total
Revenue	Quarter ended	December 31, 2025	13,213.17	9,604.67	14,964.21	37,782.05
	Quarter ended	December 31, 2024	9,692.28	8,483.43	12,447.13	30,622.84
	Nine months ended	December 31, 2025	36,970.21	27,058.89	42,896.02	106,925.12
	Nine months ended	December 31, 2024	27,241.24	23,859.67	35,865.14	86,966.05
	Year ended	March 31, 2025	37,709.68	32,551.45	49,126.04	119,387.17
Identifiable expense *	Quarter ended	December 31, 2025	8,729.80	6,072.55	10,006.74	24,809.09
	Quarter ended	December 31, 2024	6,069.50	4,875.79	8,527.05	19,472.34
	Nine months ended	December 31, 2025	24,253.36	17,025.18	27,793.85	69,072.39
	Nine months ended	December 31, 2024	17,450.06	14,444.78	25,922.41	57,817.25
	Year ended	March 31, 2025	24,223.22	19,783.06	34,805.51	78,811.79
Segmental result	Quarter ended	December 31, 2025	4,483.37	3,532.12	4,957.47	12,972.96
	Quarter ended	December 31, 2024	3,622.78	3,607.64	3,920.07	11,150.49
	Nine months ended	December 31, 2025	12,716.85	10,033.71	15,102.17	37,852.73
	Nine months ended	December 31, 2024	9,791.18	9,414.89	9,942.73	29,148.80
	Year ended	March 31, 2025	13,486.46	12,768.39	14,320.53	40,575.38
Unallocable expenses *	Quarter ended	December 31, 2025				7,728.00
	Quarter ended	December 31, 2024				6,756.43
	Nine months ended	December 31, 2025				21,949.76
	Nine months ended	December 31, 2024				17,175.74
	Year ended	March 31, 2025				23,733.84
Operating income	Quarter ended	December 31, 2025				5,244.96
	Quarter ended	December 31, 2024				4,394.06
	Nine months ended	December 31, 2025				15,902.97
	Nine months ended	December 31, 2024				11,973.07
	Year ended	March 31, 2025				16,841.54
Other income (net of expenses)	Quarter ended	December 31, 2025				404.96
	Quarter ended	December 31, 2024				426.34
	Nine months ended	December 31, 2025				1,469.34
	Nine months ended	December 31, 2024				1,197.94
	Year ended	March 31, 2025				1,381.54
Profit before taxes	Quarter ended	December 31, 2025				5,649.92
	Quarter ended	December 31, 2024				4,820.39
	Nine months ended	December 31, 2025				17,372.31
	Nine months ended	December 31, 2024				13,171.00
	Year ended	March 31, 2025				18,223.08
Tax expense	Quarter ended	December 31, 2025				1,255.38
	Quarter ended	December 31, 2024				1,090.49
	Nine months ended	December 31, 2025				4,013.71
	Nine months ended	December 31, 2024				3,126.99
	Year ended	March 31, 2025				4,221.47
Profit after tax	Quarter ended	December 31, 2025				4,394.54
	Quarter ended	December 31, 2024				3,729.90
	Nine months ended	December 31, 2025				13,358.60
	Nine months ended	December 31, 2024				10,044.01
	Year ended	March 31, 2025				14,001.61

\* This balance includes material items in the nature of cost of professionals and employee benefits expense. Segregation of such expenses into various reportable segments have not been presented as it is not practically possible to allocate such expenses to individual segments.

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(In ₹ Million)

Particulars		BFSI	Healthcare & Life Sciences	Software, Hi-Tech and Emerging Industries	Total
Segmental trade receivables (net)					
	As at December 31, 2025	6,267.73	4,268.97	14,024.69	24,561.39
	As at December 31, 2024	7,003.03	4,941.26	9,363.90	21,308.19
	As at March 31, 2025	5,354.72	4,859.65	8,927.98	19,142.35
Segmental Unbilled revenue					
	As at December 31, 2025	2,423.41	1,605.17	6,406.78	10,435.36
	As at December 31, 2024	1,867.41	1,671.88	5,201.97	8,741.26
	As at March 31, 2025	1,652.47	2,303.61	5,302.64	9,258.72
Unallocated assets					
	As at December 31, 2025				74,070.72
	As at December 31, 2024				56,172.75
	As at March 31, 2025				58,964.95
Unallocated liabilities					
	As at December 31, 2025				31,391.91
	As at December 31, 2024				25,184.42
	As at March 31, 2025				24,175.37

Segregation of assets (other than trade receivables, unbilled revenue and contract assets), liabilities, depreciation and amortisation and other non-cash expenses into various reportable segments have not been presented as the assets are used interchangeably among segments and the Group is of the view that it is not practical to reasonably allocate the other assets, liabilities and other non-cash expenses to individual segments and an ad-hoc allocation will not be meaningful.

**Geographical Information**

The following table shows the distribution of the Group's consolidated sales by geographical market regardless of from where the services were rendered.

(In ₹ Million)

Particulars		India	North America	Rest of the World	Total
Revenue	Quarter ended December 31, 2025	2,948.04	30,776.81	4,057.20	37,782.05
	Quarter ended December 31, 2024	2,884.52	24,740.22	2,998.10	30,622.84
	Nine months ended December 31, 2025	9,527.49	85,953.47	11,444.16	106,925.12
	Nine months ended December 31, 2024	8,217.04	70,308.08	8,440.93	86,966.05
	Year ended March 31, 2025	11,201.08	96,317.16	11,868.93	119,387.17

The revenue from an individual customer in excess of ten percent of total revenue of the Group is ₹ Nil Million for the nine months ended December 31, 2025 (Corresponding period : ₹ 8,910.64 Million / Previous year : ₹ 12,593.77 Million). Segment for Corresponding period / Previous year : Software, Hi-Tech and Emerging Industries.

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Notes forming part of Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

**32. Financial assets and liabilities**

The carrying values of financial instruments by categories are as follows:

Financial assets / Financial liabilities	December 31, 2025			December 31, 2024			March 31, 2025			(In ₹ Million) Fair value hierarchy*
	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortised Cost	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortised Cost	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortised Cost	
<b>Financial Assets:</b>										
Investments in equity instruments, preferred stock and convertible notes	634.94	-	-	589.52	-	-	595.49	-	-	Level 3
Investments in bonds #	-	-	2,575.61	-	-	3,009.72	-	-	2,995.57	
Investments in mutual funds	13,196.67	-	-	7,107.59	-	-	6,212.15	-	-	Level 2
Deposit with banks and financial institutions (net)	-	-	1,380.19	-	-	3,364.99	-	-	3,539.41	
Cash and cash equivalents (including unpaid dividend)	-	-	11,893.98	-	-	5,574.43	-	-	6,764.29	
Trade receivables (net)	-	-	24,561.39	-	-	21,308.19	-	-	19,142.35	
Foreign exchange forward contracts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Level 2
Unbilled revenue	-	-	8,972.94	-	-	8,741.26	-	-	9,258.72	
Other financial assets	-	-	1,068.44	-	-	844.73	-	-	841.26	
<b>Total Financial Assets</b>	<b>13,831.61</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>50,452.55</b>	<b>7,697.11</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>42,843.32</b>	<b>6,807.64</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>42,541.60</b>	
<b>Financial Liabilities:</b>										
Borrowings (including accrued interest)	-	-	-	-	-	1,792.74	-	-	-	
Trade payables	-	-	9,373.31	-	-	8,531.38	-	-	8,886.17	
Lease liabilities	-	-	4,299.58	-	-	2,945.98	-	-	3,108.97	
Forward contracts payable	-	975.12	-	-	447.15	-	-	36.82	-	Level 2
Payable to selling shareholders	-	-	28.00	-	-	-	-	-	283.71	
Liability towards contingent consideration	825.46	-	-	1,427.59	-	-	1,409.82	-	-	Level 3
Other financial liabilities (excluding borrowings)	-	-	4,187.08	-	-	2,523.39	-	-	3,421.59	
<b>Total Financial Liabilities</b>	<b>825.46</b>	<b>975.12</b>	<b>17,887.97</b>	<b>1,427.59</b>	<b>447.15</b>	<b>15,793.49</b>	<b>1,409.82</b>	<b>36.82</b>	<b>15,700.44</b>	

**\*Fair value hierarchy:**

The fair value hierarchy is based on inputs to valuation techniques that are used to measure fair value that are either observable or unobservable and consists of the following three levels:

Level 1 — Inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 — Inputs are other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

Level 3 — Inputs are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs). Fair values are determined in whole or in part using a valuation model based on assumptions that are neither supported by prices from observable current market transactions in the same instrument nor are they based on available market data. In respect of equity instruments of unlisted companies, in limited circumstances, insufficient more recent information is available to measure fair value, or if there are a wide range of possible fair value measurements and cost represents the best estimate of fair value within that range. The Group recognises such equity instruments at cost, which is considered as appropriate estimate of fair value.

# The fair value of Investment in Bonds is as per the table below:

Particulars	December 31, 2025		December 31, 2024		March 31, 2025	
	Carried Value	Fair Value	Carried Value	Fair Value	Carried Value	Fair Value
Bonds carried at amortised cost	2,475.47	2,807.50	2,916.91	2,711.02	2,916.91	2,703.72
Interest accrued on Bonds	100.14	-	92.81	-	78.66	-
<b>Total investments carried at amortised cost</b>	<b>2,575.61</b>	<b>2,807.50</b>	<b>3,009.72</b>	<b>2,711.02</b>	<b>2,995.57</b>	<b>2,703.72</b>



**33 Related Party Disclosures****(i) Names of related parties and related party relationship****Related parties with whom transactions have taken place**

Key management personnel	Dr. Anand Deshpande, Chairman and Managing Director Mr Sandeep Kalra, Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer Mr. Sunil Sapre, Executive Director (Retired w.e.f. December 31, 2024) and Chief Financial Officer (Retired w.e.f. May 15, 2024) Mr. Vinit Teredesai, Chief Financial Officer (w.e.f May 15, 2024) and Executive Director (w.e.f. April 23, 2025) Mr. Amit Atre, Company Secretary Ms. Roshini Bakshi, Independent Director (retired w.e.f. July 16, 2024) Ms. Anjali Joshi, Independent Director (w.e.f June 12, 2024) Dr. Deepak Phatak, Independent Director (retired w.e.f April 2, 2023) Ms. Avani Davda, Independent Director Mr. Praveen Kadle, Independent Director Mr. Arvind Goel, Independent Director Mr. Ambuj Goel, Independent Director Mr. Dan'l Lewin, Independent Director Mr Ajit Ranade, Independent Director (w.e.f. June 6, 2023)
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Relatives of Key management personnel	Mr. Suresh Deshpande (Father of the Chairman and Managing Director) Mrs. Sulabha Deshpande (Mother of the Chairman and Managing Director) Mrs. Sonali Anand Deshpande (Wife of the Chairman and Managing Director) Dr. Mukund Deshpande (Brother of the Chairman and Managing Director) Mrs. Chitra Buzruk (Sister of the Chairman and Managing Director) Mr. Arul Deshpande (Son of the Chairman and Managing Director) Dr. Asha Sapre (upto December 31, 2024) (Wife of Executive Director) Mr. Hemant Bakshi (Husband of Independent Director) Ms. Alpana Ajit Ranade (Wife of Independent Director) Ms. Ria Anand Deshpande (Daughter of Chairman and Managing Director)
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Members of Promoter Group	Rama Purushottam Foundation
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Entities over which a key management personnel have significant influence	Persistent India Foundation Persistent Systems Foundation Inc.
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Controlled Trust	PSPL ESOP Management Trust
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**Persistent Systems Limited**

Notes forming part of financial statements

## (ii) Related party transactions

	Name of the related party and nature of relationship	For the period ended		(In ₹ Million)
		December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024	March 31, 2025
<b>Remuneration #</b> (Salaries, bonus and contribution to PF)	<b>Key Management Personnel</b>			
	Dr. Anand Deshpande	31.61	30.60	39.78
	Mr. Sunil Sapre (including fair value of perquisites for stock options exercised ₹ Nil million (Corresponding period ₹ Nil million / Previous year: ₹ Nil million)	-	17.21	20.18
	Mr Vinit Teredesai (including fair value of perquisites for stock options exercised ₹ 66.22 million (Corresponding period ₹ Nil million / Previous year: ₹ Nil million)	85.65	15.46	23.74
	Mr. Amit Atre (including fair value of perquisites for stock options exercised ₹ Nil million (Corresponding period ₹ 19.44 million / Previous year: ₹ 19.44 million)	5.65	24.30	25.94
	Mr Sandeep Kalra (including fair value of perquisites for stock options exercised ₹ 3,848.22 million (Corresponding period: ₹ 871.20 million / Previous year: ₹ 1,356.46 million)	3,915.02	985.85	1,502.02
	<b>Independent directors:</b>			
	Ms. Roshini Bakshi	-	2.15	2.15
	Mr. Praveen Kadle	6.68	5.10	6.70
	Dr. Deepak Phatak	-	-	0.03
	Ms. Avani Davda	6.60	5.03	6.55
	Mr. Arvind Goel	6.48	4.73	6.15
	Dr. Ambuj Goyal	6.30	4.73	6.30
	Mr. Dan'l Lewin	6.18	4.55	5.90
	Dr. Ajit Ranade	6.70	4.93	6.45
	Ms. Anjali Joshi	6.15	3.23	4.64
	<b>Total</b>	<b>4,083.02</b>	<b>1,107.87</b>	<b>1,656.53</b>
<b>Dividend paid</b>	<b>Key Management Personnel</b>			
	Dr. Anand Deshpande	685.92	457.46	1,372.41
	Mr. Sunil Sapre	-	1.44	1.44
	Mr Sandeep Kalra	9.75	2.50	3.60
	Mr. Amit Atre	0.09	0.07	0.19
	Mr Vinit Teredesai	0.12	-	-
	<b>Relatives of Key Management Personnel</b>			
	Mr. Suresh Deshpande	0.02	0.01	0.03
	Mrs. Chitra Buzruk	14.08	9.39	28.16
	Mrs. Sonali Anand Deshpande	3.36	2.24	6.72
	Mrs. Sulabha Suresh Deshpande	0.02	0.01	0.03
	Mr. Arul Deshpande	0.30	0.20	0.60
	Mr. Mukund Deshpande	12.00	-	-
	Ms. Ria Anand Deshpande	0.30	-	-
	Ms. Alpana Ajit Ranade	0.01	-	0.01
	Mr. Arvind Goel	-	-	0.02
	<b>Total</b>	<b>725.97</b>	<b>473.32</b>	<b>1,413.21</b>
<b>Other payments</b>	<b>Key Management Personnel</b>			
	Sunil Sapre	-	0.24	0.26
	<b>Relatives of Key Management Personnel</b>			
	Asha Sapre	-	0.24	0.26
	<b>Total</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>0.48</b>	<b>0.52</b>
<b>CSR Expenditure</b>	<b>Entity over which a key management personnel has significant influence</b>			
	Persistent India Foundation	176.11	155.88	-
	<b>Subsidiary</b>			
	Persistent India Foundation Inc.	10.97	2.09	217.78
	<b>Total</b>	<b>187.08</b>	<b>157.97</b>	<b>217.78</b>

**Notes:**

# The remuneration to the key managerial personnel does not include the provisions made for gratuity, long service awards and leave benefits, as they are determined on an actuarial basis for the Company as a whole.

**34. Contingent liabilities**

(In ₹ Million)

Sr. No		As at	As at	As at
		December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024	March 31, 2025
<b>a)</b>	<b>Claims against the Group not acknowledged as debt*</b>			
<b>1</b>	<b>Indirect tax matters</b>			
	(i) In respect to the order passed by the Learned Principal Commissioner of Service Tax, Pune, for Service tax under import of services on reverse charge basis for the Financial Year 2014-15, the Parent Company has filed an appeal against the order passed by Learned Principal Commissioner of Service Tax, Pune with the Hon'ble Central Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal (CESTAT) on September 23, 2017. The Parent Company has paid ₹ 165.58 Million under protest towards the demand and the same forms part of the GST receivable balance. If the appeal filed as mentioned above results in a demand, there will be no impact on the profitability as the Parent Company will be eligible to claim credit / refund for the amount paid.	173.78	173.78	173.78
	(ii) Other Pending litigations in respect of Indirect taxes.	1,099.19	265.16	723.33
<b>2</b>	<b>Income tax demands disputed in appellate proceedings</b>	1,419.27	1,168.61	1,041.74
<b>b)</b>	<b>Letter of Comfort on behalf of Subsidiaries</b>			
<b>1</b>	Guarantee given on behalf of subsidiaries Letters of comfort on behalf of subsidiary USD Nil (Corresponding period : USD 20.83 Million / Previous year : USD Nil)	15.28 -	1,127.48 1,783.26	1,125.64 -
<b>c)</b>	Performance Guarantee given by a Subsidiary of USD 3 Million (Corresponding period : USD Nil / Previous year : USD 3 Million) to USCC Services and its affiliates towards trade payable of Aepona Limited (step down subsidiary)	269.61	-	256.41
<b>d)</b>	<b>Capital Commitments</b>			
	Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for	260.00	183.15	326.88

\*The Parent Company, based on independent legal opinions and judgments in favour of the Parent Company in the earlier periods / years, believes that the liabilities with respect to the above matters is not likely to arise and therefore, no provision is considered necessary in the financial statements.

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**Notes forming part of Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements**

- 35 The Parent Company has deposits of ₹ 430.00 Million (Corresponding period : ₹ 430.00 Million / Previous year: ₹ 430.00 Million) with the financial institutions viz. Infrastructure Leasing & Financial Services Ltd. (IL&FS) and IL&FS Financial Services Ltd. (referred to as "IL&FS Group") as on the balance sheet date. These were due for maturity from January 2019 to June 2019. In view of the uncertainty prevailing with respect to recovery of outstanding balances from IL&FS Group, Management of the Parent Company has fully provided for these deposits along with interest accrued thereon till the date the deposits had become doubtful of recovery.

During the previous year, the Parent Company has received ₹ 21.12 Million from the IL&FS Group and the Management is hopeful of recovery of balance amount with a time lag. The Parent Company continues to monitor developments in the matter and is committed to take steps including legal action that may be necessary to ensure full recovery of the said deposits.

- 36 Finance costs for the nine months ended December 31, 2025 include interest on lease liability of ₹ 242.45 Million under finance costs (Corresponding period : ₹ 195.01 Million / Previous year : ₹ 254.23 Million) and notional interest on amounts due to selling shareholders ₹ 79.60 Million (Corresponding period : ₹ Nil Million / Previous year : ₹ 15.27 Million).

- 37 The Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal, Mumbai ("NCLT") has sanctioned the merger of M/s. CAPIOT Software Private Limited (the Wholly Owned Subsidiary – Transferor Company) into Persistent Systems Limited (the Holding Company – Transferee Company) through absorption, as per its order dated April 9, 2025. This merger has no impact on the consolidated financial results.

- 38 During the corresponding period ended, based on review of method and estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment, the management has revised the estimated useful lives of computers and networking equipment prospectively from 3 years to 4 years w.e.f. 1st April, 2024. The effect of this change on actual and expected depreciation expense is as follows:

Particulars	For the quarter ended				(In ₹ Million)	
	June 30, 2024	Sept 30, 2024	Dec 31, 2024	March 31, 2025	FY 2024-25	FY 2025-26
Decrease in depreciation expense	91.62	62.54	42.10	19.04	215.30	44.84

- 39 During the nine months ended December 31, 2025, the Group has recognised a gain on remeasurement of earnout payable towards acquisition of business to the erstwhile shareholders of Starfish Associates Inc, LLP, MediaAgility Inc., Data Glove Incorporated and Software Corporation International & SCI Fusion 360, LLC amounting to ₹ 129.75 Million (Corresponding period : ₹ 1,249.29 Million / Previous year : ₹ 1,461.82 Million) based on a settlement agreement and expected payout assessed by management.

- 40 The Board of Directors of the Company at its meeting concluded on January 20, 2026, approved the issuance of 1,100,000 Equity Shares of ₹ 5 each to the PSPL ESOP Management Trust ('ESOP Trust') and authorized the Stakeholders Relationship and ESG Committee to allot the said Equity Shares to the ESOP Trust in one or multiple tranches as may be required at the weighted average price of the respective underlying options.

- 41 During the period ended December 31, 2025, the Company changed its accounting policy whereby it decided to consolidate PSPL ESOP Management Trust (the 'Trust') in the standalone financial statements to reflect a more appropriate presentation of the activity of the Trust as the Trust carried out activities on behalf of the Company.  
This change in accounting policy in the standalone financial statements has been given effect by restating the comparative information for the preceding periods in accordance with the requirements of applicable standards for change in accounting policy.

- 42 On November 21, 2025, the Government of India notified the four Labour Codes - the Code on Wages, 2019, the Industrial Relations Code, 2020, the Code on Social Security, 2020, and the Occupational Safety, Health and Working Conditions Code, 2020 - consolidating 29 existing labour laws. The Ministry of Labour & Employment published draft Central Rules and FAQs to enable assessment of the financial impact due to changes in regulations. The Group has assessed and accounted / disclosed the incremental impact of these changes on the basis of the best information available, consistent with the guidance provided by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Considering the materiality and regulatory-driven, non-recurring nature of this impact, the Group has presented such incremental impact as "Statutory impact of new Labour Codes" under "Exceptional Items" in the condensed interim consolidated statement of profit and loss for the period ended December 31, 2025. The incremental impact consisting of gratuity of ₹ 527.59 Million and long-term compensated absences of ₹ 362.66 Million primarily arises due to change in wage definition. The Group continues to monitor the finalisation of Central / State Rules and clarifications from the Government on other aspects of the Labour Code and would provide appropriate accounting effect on the basis of such developments as needed.

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**Persistent Systems Limited****Notes forming part of Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements**

- 43 The Board of Directors of Persistent Systems Limited, at its meeting concluded on January 20, 2026, declared an interim dividend of INR 22 per Equity Share having the face value of INR 5 each for the Financial Year 2025-26. The Record Date for the payment of the dividend will be January 27, 2026. The payment of the interim dividend will be made within the prescribed time as per the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.
- 44 During the current quarter, Persistent Group has reorganized the holding structure of certain entities. The resulting impact of these transactions is as follows:
- a. Aepona Group Limited, Ireland (AGL) was wholly owned subsidiary of Persistent Systems Inc., USA (PSI). The Share Purchase Agreement ('SPA') was executed on December 6, 2025, for the transfer of the 100% shareholding of AGL from PSI to Persistent Systems Limited, India (PSL). Upon completion of the customary closing conditions, AGL has become a wholly owned subsidiary of PSL effective from December 23, 2025.
- b. Persistent Systems Switzerland AG, Switzerland (PSSAG) was wholly owned subsidiary of Persistent Systems Germany GmbH, Germany (PSGG). The Share Purchase Agreement ('SPA') was executed on December 24, 2025, for the transfer of the 100% shareholding of PSSAG from PSGG to AGL. PSSAG has become a wholly owned subsidiary of AGL effective from December 24, 2025.
- c. Persistent Systems Costa Rica Limitada, Costa Rica (PSCRL) was wholly owned subsidiary of Persistent Systems Germany GmbH, Germany (PSGG). The holding of PSCRL has been transferred from PSGG to PSI. The Share Purchase Agreement ('SPA') was executed on December 24, 2025, for the transfer of the 100% shareholding of PSCRL from PSGG to PSI. PSCRL has become a wholly owned subsidiary of PSI effective from December 24, 2025.
- d. Persistent Systems S.R.L., Romania (PSR) is a wholly owned subsidiary of Persistent Systems Germany GmbH, Germany (PSGG). The Share Purchase Agreement ('SPA') was executed on December 24, 2025, for the transfer of the 100% shareholding of PSR from PSGG to AGL. The share transfer will be executed upon completion of local regulatory compliances.
- 45 The condensed interim financial statements are presented in ₹ Million and decimal thereof except for per share information or as otherwise stated.
- 46 During the nine months ended December 31, 2025, the Company has re-classified the following comparatives which are primarily to conform to the current year's classification. This reclassification does not have material impact on the condensed interim consolidated financial statements and has been done for the better presentation and to enhance the understanding of the users of the consolidated financial statements.

Financial Statements Caption	As at December 31, 2024			As at March 31, 2025		
	Previously reported amounts	Change in Amounts	Revised Amounts	Previously reported amounts	Change in Amounts	Revised Amounts
<b>Balance Sheet</b>						
Current financial assets - Trade receivables	20,508.86	7,940.62	28,449.48	18,477.95	8,313.74	26,791.69
Current Assets - Other financial assets	8,838.35	(7,940.62)	897.73	9,375.16	(8,313.74)	1,061.42
Current Liabilities - Other financial liabilities	1,628.32	2,216.98	3,845.30	2,438.40	2,287.64	4,726.04
Current Liabilities - Provisions	3,795.51	(2,216.98)	1,578.53	4,028.54	(2,287.64)	1,740.90

For B S R & Co. LLP  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm Registration No.: 101248 W/W-100022

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of  
Persistent Systems Limited

Swapnil Dakshindas  
Partner  
  
Membership No: 113896

Place : Pune  
Date : January 20, 2026

Anand Deshpande  
Anand Deshpande (Jan 20, 2026 13:59:52 GMT+5.5)  
**Dr. Anand Deshpande**  
Chairman and Managing Director  
DIN: 00005721

Place : Pune  
Date : January 20, 2026

Sandeep Kalra  
Sandeep Kalra (Jan 20, 2026 14:47:26 GMT+5.5)  
**Sandeep Kalra**  
Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer  
DIN: 02506494

Place : Pune  
Date : January 20, 2026

Praveen Kadle  
Praveen Kadle (Jan 20, 2026 14:45:12 GMT+5.5)  
**Praveen Kadle**  
Independent Director  
DIN: 00016814

Place : Pune  
Date : January 20, 2026

Vinit Teredesai  
Vinit Teredesai (Jan 20, 2026 14:07:51 GMT+5.5)  
**Vinit Teredesai**  
Executive Director and Chief Financial Officer  
DIN: 03293917

Place : Pune  
Date : January 20, 2026

Amit Atre  
Amit Atre (Jan 20, 2026 13:43:35 GMT+5.5)  
**Amit Atre**  
Company Secretary  
Membership No.: A20507

Place : Pune  
Date : January 20, 2026